County of Tazewell, Virginia



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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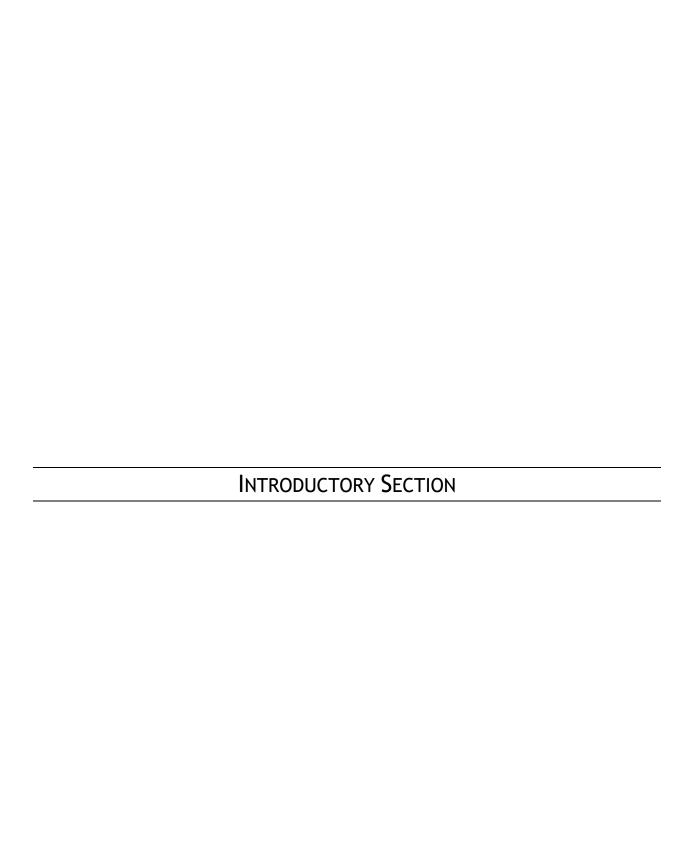
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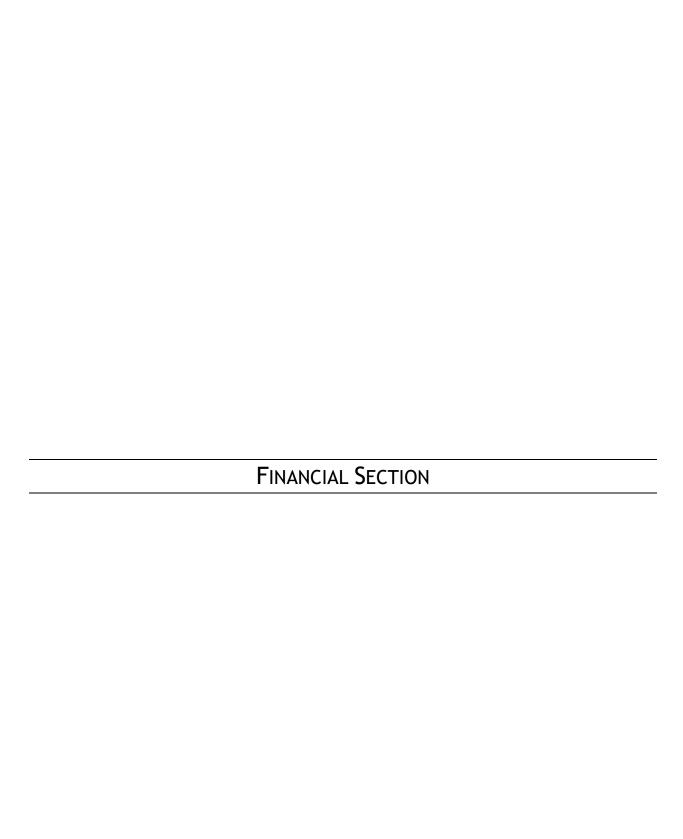
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COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA

	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	
Maggie Asbury Mike Hymes	Travis Hackworth, Chairman	John Absher Charles Stacy
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD	
James Jones	Donna Whittington, Chairman	Irene Mullins
David Woodard	George Brown, Superintendent of Schools	Chris Moir
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD	
Karen Rich Amanda E. Buskill	Christine R. Thompson, Chairman	Tony Cordle Rene Steele
	EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS	
	C. Eric Young, County Administrator Rex Tester, Director of Social Services	
	OTHER OFFICIALS	
Clerk of the Circuit Commissioner of the Treasurer	Attorneyt Courthe Revenue	Tammy Allison David R. Anderson David T. Larimer Brian L. Hieatt





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Supervisors County of Tazewell, Virginia Tazewell, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit School Board, the aggregate remaining discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Tazewell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Tazewell, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit School Board, the aggregate remaining discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Tazewell, Virginia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2019, County of Tazewell, Virginia adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2019, the County of Tazewell, Virginia restated beginning balances to reflect the E-911 fund merging with the General Fund. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 5-11, 90, and 91-107, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Tazewell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2019 on our consideration of County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 19, 2019

Lobinson, Farmer, Cox Association

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Tazewell County County of Tazewell, Virginia

As management of the County of Tazewell, Virginia ("the County") we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audited basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$8,632,103 (net position). Of this amount, \$612,888 was considered unrestricted.
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the County's business-type activities exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$641,498 (net position).
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School Board component unit exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$42,713,701 (net position).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,393,571. Of this amount \$9,550,411 was considered unassigned, \$2,021,883 was considered committed, \$704,720 was considered restricted, and \$116,557 was considered nonspendable.
- During the year, the County had governmental revenues that were \$3,646,006 more than expenses.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements,
- Fund Financial Statements, and
- Notes to Financial Statements.

This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Activities distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Our governmental activities include general government, courts, public safety, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation. Our business-type activities are for waste collection.

The Government-wide Financial Statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also a Landfill Fund (known as business-type activities) and a legally separate School Board for which the County is financially accountable. The financial statements also include three discretely presented component units that we do not control, but do exercise a significant financial relationship with. These include the Public Service Authority, the Industrial Development Authority, and the Airport Authority.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, County CIP Fund, Coal Road Improvement Fund, Coal Road Economic Development Fund, Damage Stamp Fund and Law Library Fund, of which the General and County CIP Funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the four other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single presentation. Individual fund data for each of these funds are shown elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The County maintains one proprietary fund: Landfill Fund. This fund accounts for activities similar to those found in the private sector.

<u>Agency funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds and expendable trust funds. We are responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The County excludes these activities from the County's Government-Wide Financial Statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

<u>Notes to Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units and the non-major funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the of the County's Primary Government, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$7,990,605 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the County's net position \$13,928,821 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of net position (\$5,938,216) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities for 2019 and 2018.

Statement of Net Position

		vernmental and Business-type Activities 2019	vernmental and Business-type Activities 2018
Current and other assets	\$	42,223,177	\$ 38,900,890
Capital assets		28,957,195	 30,826,545
Total assets	\$	71,180,372	\$ 69,727,435
Deferred outflows	\$	1,672,799	\$ 1,926,689
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	1,211,130 36,030,985	\$ 722,768 37,923,628
Total liabilities	\$	37,242,115	\$ 38,646,396
	<u> </u>	37,212,110	 20,010,230
Deferred inflows	\$	27,620,451	\$ 26,029,935
Net position: Net investment in			
capital assets	\$	13,928,821	\$ 14,121,168
Unrestricted		(5,938,216)	(7,143,375)
Total net position	\$	7,990,605	\$ 6,977,793

Statement of Activities

	В	vernmental and usiness-type Activities 2019	В	vernmental and usiness-type Activities 2018
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	1,760,458	\$	1,416,491
Operating grants and contributions		13,526,882		12,506,228
General revenues				
Property taxes		24,922,845		23,661,693
Other taxes		7,754,175		7,701,876
Revenue from use of money and				
property		341,361		337,777
Miscellaneous		97,593		98,340
Grants and contributions not				•
restricted to specific programs		3,514,228		3,498,665
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets		· -		· -
Total revenues	\$	51,917,542	\$	49,221,070
Expenses				
General government	\$	3,205,172	\$	3,796,817
Judicial administration	·	2,907,411		2,874,446
Public safety		15,812,040		15,144,377
Public works		3,044,245		2,963,089
Health and welfare		9,367,370		8,731,480
Education		10,620,057		12,056,621
Parks, recreation and cultural		1,852,831		2,145,145
Community development		1,007,607		1,322,293
Interest on debt		565,080		627,138
Landfill		2,522,917		2,315,958
Total expenses	\$	51,977,364	\$	51,977,364
Change in net position	\$	1,012,812	\$	(2,756,294)

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,393,571. Approximately 1% or \$116,557 is considered nonspendable, as it is for prepaid expenses, approximately 6% or \$704,720 is considered restricted as it can only be spent according to grant requirement, and approximately 16% or \$2,021,883 has been committed by action of the Board of Supervisors. The remaining balance, \$9,550,411 or 77% is unassigned, meaning there are no restrictions placed on the funds.

The general fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$10,460,245, of this amount \$9,550,411 was considered unassigned, \$88,557 was considered committed, \$704,720 was considered restricted and \$116,557 was considered nonspendable. The special revenue funds, at the end of the fiscal year, had a fund balance of \$1,186,892 of which was considered committed. The County CIP Fund, had a fund balance of \$746,434 was considered committed.

Total governmental fund revenues increased \$2,161,064 and expenditures decreased \$1,183,281 over prior year amounts. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3,646,006, as compared to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$301,661.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the current year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> – The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$28,957,195 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment, tenancy in common, improvements other than buildings, and construction in progress.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

<u>Long-term obligations</u> – At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total long-term obligations outstanding as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Accrued leave	\$ 630,982
Net OPEB liabilities	6,299,810
Net pension liability	6,424,610
General obligation bonds	4,970,650
Revenue bonds	9,691,408
Literary loan	 150,000
Total	\$ 28,167,460
Business-type Activities:	
Estimated landfill liability	\$ 7,647,209
Bonds payable	216,316
Total	\$ 7,863,525

Additional information on the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors

The June 2019 unemployment rate for the County was 4.3%, which is a decrease from a rate of 5.0% in June 2018. This is above the state's average unemployment rate of 2.9% and also above the national average rate of 3.7%.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 106 East Main Street, Tazewell, Virginia 24651.



County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		P	rimary Government			Component I	
		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>		School <u>Board</u>	Other Component <u>Units</u>
ASSETS	\$	6,488,625 \$	200 7E4 ¢	4 999 374	\$	10,146,379 \$	1 100 214
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	Ş	0,400,023 \$	399,751 \$	6,888,376	Ş	10,140,379 \$	1,188,216 1,778,838
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):							1,770,030
Taxes		27,401,884	_	27,401,884		-	-
Accounts Receivable		460,287	107,875	568,162		18,625	752,561
Note Receivable		-	-	-		-	77,054
Due from Component Units		3,806,982	-	3,806,982		-	· -
Due from Other Governmental Units		3,441,216	-	3,441,216		1,821,676	472,793
Internal Balances		(32,831)	32,831	-		-	-
Inventory		-	-	-		-	151,134
Prepaid Items		116,557	-	116,557		152,156	76,794
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	-	-		-	194,545
Capital Assets:							
Land		2,765,287	287,598	3,052,885		1,908,716	4,565,169
Buildings and Improvements		11,840,138	14,323	11,854,461		8,695,556	668,641
Tenancy in Common		3,140,606	-	3,140,606		10,272,065	-
Machinery and Equipment		4,380,522	-	4,380,522		3,705,215	919,252
Improvements Other Than Buildings		-	6,528,721	6,528,721		-	10,128,560
Infrastructure		-	-	-		-	71,402,011
Construction in Progress	_	-	-	-		-	18,940,325
Total Assets	\$	63,809,273 \$	7,371,099 \$	71,180,372	\$	36,720,388 \$	111,315,893
DEFENDED OUTEL OWN OF DESCRIPTION							
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,	4 2F0 4/9 ¢	27.757 ¢	4 207 225	ć	4 722 0E0 ¢	244 402
Pension related items	\$	1,259,468 \$	37,757 \$	1,297,225	\$	4,723,950 \$	214,182
OPEB related items Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	375,574 1,635,042 \$	37,757 \$	375,574 1,672,799	\$	1,220,769 5,944,719 \$	48,596 262,778
Total beleffed outflows of Resources	-	1,033,042 \$	37,737 \$	1,072,777	-	J,744,717 3	202,776
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	1,069,817 \$	34,513 \$	1,104,330	\$	3,543,412 \$	576,397
Accrued Liabilities	,	-	-	-, ,	•	823,724	-
Accrued Wages		_	_	-		-	95,793
Customer Deposits		-	-	-		-	194,545
Accrued Interest Payable		106,800	-	106,800		54,163	32,147
Due to Primary Government		· -	-	· -		3,684,385	
Unearned Revenue		-	-	-		-	3,000
Long-term Liabilities:							
Due Within One Year		1,870,421	216,316	2,086,737		1,235,055	2,890,640
Due in More Than One Year		26,297,039	7,647,209	33,944,248		64,549,393	37,409,933
Total Liabilities	\$	29,344,077 \$	7,898,038 \$	37,242,115	\$	73,890,132 \$	41,202,455
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	25,516,734 \$	- \$	25,516,734	\$	- \$	-
Pension related items		659,924	152,316	812,240		8,009,999	104,419
OPEB related items		1,291,477	-	1,291,477		3,478,677	158,847
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	27,468,135 \$	152,316 \$	27,620,451	\$	11,488,676	263,266
NET DOCITION							
NET POSITION	ċ	7 244 405 .	4 414 227 ¢	42 020 024	ċ	24 475 554 5	47 0E4 200
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	7,314,495 \$ 704,720	6,614,326 \$	13,928,821	\$	21,675,556 \$	67,951,208
Restricted		*	- (7 255 024)	704,720 (6,642,936)		2,949,738	- 2 141 7/2
Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	612,888 8,632,103 \$	(7,255,824)	7,990,605	\$	(67,338,995) (42,713,701) \$	2,161,742 70,112,950
Total Net Fosition	-	0,032,103 \$	(071,170) \$	7,770,003		(72,713,701) \$	70,112,730

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Communication			ā	Program Revenues				Net (Exp Chang	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and ion		
Charties		I					Prima	ry Government			Component	Jnits
Figure F			Charges	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	0	sovernmental	Business-type			School	Other Component
1,205,173 1,205,173 1,205,485 1,20	grams	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total		Board	Units
1, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20	ERNMENT: Activities:											
1,587,040 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,587,041 1,087,054 1,08	wernment Administration	3,205,172	25,368	374,959 \$		s			(2,804,845)	s	·	
15,812,404 18,370 2,912,66 17,70273	ministration	2,907,411	839,811	1,467,531			(600,009)		(600,009)			
1,000,007 1,0	4	15,812,040	189,701	2,912,066			(12,710,273)		(12,710,273)			
1,452,321 1,02,047 2.5 2,2,394 1,05,507 1,05,507 1,05,677 1,05,677 1,05,677 1,05,077 1,0	S	3,044,245	193,367	10,628			(2,840,250)		(2,840,250)			
1,02,00,077	Welfare	9,367,370		8,339,516			(1,027,854)		(1,027,854)			
1,502,637 1,502,631 1,504,439 1,326,822 1,504,639 1,505,630 1,50		10,620,057			٠		(10,620,057)		(10,620,057)			
1,000,607 236 223,944	eation and Cultural	1,852,831	47,956	169,198	•		(1,635,677)		(1,635,677)		·	•
September Sept	Development	1,007,607	236	252,984			(754,387)		(754,387)			
S 2,322,917 S 464,019 S 1,1206,429 S 1,12		265,080					(565,080)		(565,080)			
\$ 22,22,917 \$ 464,019 \$ \$. \$	overnmental Activities	48,381,813	1,296,439	13,526,882 \$		\$	(33,558,492) \$	\$	(33,558,492)	۰s	\$.	
\$ 52,481,081 \$ 1,104,905 \$ 45,486,620 \$	Activities	917	464,019	ν,		۰	ν,	(2,058,898) \$	(2,058,898)	s	٠,	
State Continue State Con	Government	\$ 50,904,730	1,760,458 \$	13,526,882 \$		٠,	_	(2,058,898) \$	(35,617,390)	s	\$	
Secretar Revenues:	nits: rd		1,104,905			s	·		•	۰		
S 63,322,913 8,555,983 45,694,049 5 5,536,905 5 5 (5,939,556) 5 General Revenues: General Property Taxes 4,713,962 - 5 24,922,845 5 - 5 (5,939,556) 5 Other Local Sales and Use Taxes Local Sales and Liber Taxes 4,713,962 - 4,713,962 - 5 -	oonent units	9,841,832	7,451,078	257,429	2,536,905							403,580
S 24,922,845 S C 24,922,845 S S S S S Taxes	omponent Units	\$ 62,322,913	\$ 8,555,983 \$	45,694,049 \$	2,536,905	⋄	\$.	\$		s	(5,939,556) \$	403,580
Taxes Taxes Taxes A,713,962 Ses B45,507 Ses A,713,962 Ses B45,507 Ses B41,344 Ses B41,344 Ses B41,344 A,706 Ses B41,341 A,706 Ses B41,341 A,706 Ses B41,341 A,706 Ses B41,341 B41,364 B41,367 B41,367 B41,367 B41,367 B41,367 B41,368 B41,348 B41,341 B41,348 B41,341 B41,348 B41,341 B41,348 B41,341 B41,34		General Revenues:				v		٠	24 000 046	ú	v	
Taxes 4,713,962 4,713,962 4,713,962 6,713,962 7 845,507 845,214,185 845,214 845,214 845,214 845,214,185 845,214,185 845,214,185 845,214		Other Local Taxes	XGS			٠			24,722,043	٠	•	
axes 845,507 846,507 810,93 846,507 810,93 846,507 810,001		Local Sales and Us	e Taxes				4,713,962		4,713,962			
s tax by		Consumers' Utility	Taxes				845,507		845,507			
22,061 2,2061 . 22,061		MOPED and ATV s	iles tax				6,993		6,993			
ses 61,364		Utility License Ta	ces				22,061		22,061		•	
the and Wills be and Vills be and transfers be and transfers be an and Wills be and transfers be an and Wills be an and Wills be an and transfers be an and transfers be an analysis be an an and transfers be an analysis be analysis be an analysis		Motor Vehicle Lice	inses				3,160		3,160			
ss 1,156,742 1,156,057 1,1		Bank Franchise Ta	xes				61,364	•	61,364		•	•
tiles, 742 1,156,057 1,156,057 1,156		Taxes on Recorda	ion and Wills				261,269		261,269		•	
trom Use of Money and Property 180,730		Coal Severance Ta	xes				1,156,742		1,156,742			
10,287 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,387 502,44706 502,4471,248 502,4471,375 502,057 502,4471,375 502,057 502,4471,375 502		Hotel and Motel T	axes				180,730		180,730			
1,100 Use of Money and Property		Gas Severance Ta	~				502,387		502,387			
y Government/Component Units 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,057 10,560,077		Unrestricted Revent	es from Use of Money	and Property			341,361		341,361		4,706	70,565
y Government / Component Units 1,514,28 1,514,28 1,514,28 1,650,107 1,650,210 1,650,210 1,650,210 1,650,210 1,675,607 \$ 36,630,202 1,0,600,977 \$ 10,600		Miscellaneous					72,196	25,397	97,593		36,214	62,715
nos not Restricted to Specific Programs 3,514,228 3,514,228 3,514,228 3,514,228 3,514,228 3,514,228 3,515,510 3,515,520 3,51		Payments from Prim	ary Government/Com	ponent Units				•			10,560,057	1,465,388
1,650,210 1,650,210		Grants and Contribu	tions not Restricted to	Specific Programs			3,514,228		3,514,228			35,808
tues and transfers 5 34,595,607 5 36,630,202 5 10,600,977 5 5 10,600,977 5 10,600,9		Transfers					(1,650,210)	1,650,210		ļ	. !	,
3 1,396,103 3 (641,498) \$ 7,990,605 \$ (42,773,701) \$ (42,773,701) \$ (42,773,701) \$ (42,773,701) \$ (42,773,701) \$ (42,773,701) \$ (42,773,701) \$ (43,773,701)		Iotal General Rev	enues and transters			۸ د	34,954,595 \$	1,6/5,60/ \$	36,630,202	۸ ر	10,600,977 \$	1,634,4/6
\$ 8,632,103 \$ (641,498) \$ 7,990,605 \$ (42,713,701) \$		Change III Net Position Net Position - Beginnir	D.			٠	7.236.000	(258.207)	6.977.793	^	4,661,421 \$	68.074.894
		Net Position - Ending	n			Ş	8,632,103 \$	(641,498) \$	7,990,605	s	(42,713,701) \$	70,112,950

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		General		County		Other Govern-		
		<u>Fund</u>		CIP Fund		mental Funds		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,799,567	\$	499,156	\$	1,189,902	\$	6,488,625
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):								
Property Taxes		27,401,884		-		-		27,401,884
Other Receivables		317,077		-		143,210		460,287
Prepaid Items		116,557		-		-		116,557
Due from Other Funds		-		125,000		-		125,000
Due from Other Governmental Units		3,441,216		-		-		3,441,216
Due from Component Units		3,684,385		122,597		-		3,806,982
Total Assets	\$	39,760,686	\$	746,753	\$	1,333,112	\$	41,840,551
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	923,278	\$	319	\$	146,220	\$	1,069,817
Due to Other Funds		157,831		-		-		157,831
Total Liabilities	\$	1,081,109	\$	319	\$	146,220	\$	1,227,648
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	28,219,332	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,219,332
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	\$	116,557	Ś	-	Ś	-	Ś	116,557
Restricted	•	704,720	·	-		-	•	704,720
Committed		88,557		746,434		1,186,892		2,021,883
Unassigned		9,550,411		-		-		9,550,411
Total Fund Balances	\$	10,460,245	\$	746,434	\$	1,186,892	\$	12,393,571
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	-							<u> </u>
and Fund Balances	\$	39,760,686	\$	746,753	\$	1,333,112	\$	41,840,551

8,632,103

County of Tazewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 12,393,571
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are		
not reported in the funds.	2 7/5 227	
Land \$		
Buildings and improvements	11,840,138	
Tenancy in common	3,140,606	22 424 552
Machinery and equipment	4,380,522	22,126,553
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		
Unavailable revenue		2,702,598
Deferred outflow of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items \$	1,259,468	
OPEB related items	375,574	1,635,042
Long-term liabilites, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable \$	(106,800)	
Compensated absences	(630,982)	
Net OPEB liabilities	(6,299,810)	
Net pension liability	(6,424,610)	
General obligation bonds	(4,970,650)	
Revenue bonds	(9,691,408)	
Literary loan	(150,000)	(28,274,260)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items \$	(659,924)	
OPEB related items	(1,291,477)	(1,951,401)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General		County		Other Govern-		
REVENUES		<u>Fund</u>		CIP Fund		mental Funds		<u>Total</u>
General Property Taxes	\$	24,666,410	ς	_	\$	_	\$	24,666,410
Other Local Taxes	Y	6,925,812	Ţ	- -	Ų	828,363	J	7,754,175
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		168,725		_		-		168,725
Fines and Forfeitures		45,217		_		_		45,217
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		341,361		_		_		341,361
Charges for Services		1,071,424		-		11,073		1,082,497
Miscellaneous		72,196		-		-		72,196
Recovered Costs		2,035,327		-		_		2,035,327
Intergovernmental		16,919,695		-		121,415		17,041,110
Total Revenues	\$	52,246,167	\$	-	\$	960,851	\$	53,207,018
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	3,361,534	\$	219,917	\$	-	\$	3,581,451
Judicial Administration		2,313,031		-		11,808		2,324,839
Public Safety		16,016,826		-		-		16,016,826
Public Works		1,309,671		1,106,392		856,877		3,272,940
Health and Welfare		9,300,544		-		-		9,300,544
Education		10,620,057		-		-		10,620,057
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,326,288		-		-		1,326,288
Community Development		887,968		87,500		-		975,468
Nondepartmental		96,178		-		-		96,178
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		1,312,257		-		-		1,312,257
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		734,164		-		-		734,164
Total Expenditures	\$	47,278,518	\$	1,413,809	\$	868,685	\$	49,561,012
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	4,967,649	\$	(1,413,809)	\$	92,166	\$	3,646,006
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	1,885,202	\$	-	\$	1,885,202
Transfers Out		(3,249,910)		-		(285,502)		(3,535,412
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(3,249,910)	\$	1,885,202	\$	(285,502)	\$	(1,650,210
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,717,739	\$	471,393	\$	(193,336)	\$	1,995,796
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	•	8,742,506	-	275,041		1,380,228		10,397,775
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	10,460,245	\$	746,434	\$		\$	12,393,571

(966,280)

(485,744)

1,396,103

County of Tazewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$	1,995,796
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is to amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital outlays	\$	653,491	
Tenancy in common transfer		(512,257)	
Depreciation expense		(1,577,805)	(1,436,571)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, a donations) is to increase net position.	nd		(246,070)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported revenues in the funds.	as		
Change in unavailable revenue-property taxes			256,435
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental function while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental function report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amour are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	of ds ats		
Principal repayments:			
General obligation bonds	\$	512,257	
Lease revenue bond		800,000	1,312,257
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resourc and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	es		
Change in compensated absenses	\$	25,051	
Change in accrued interest payable		10,082	
Change in bond premium amortization		159,002	
Change in pension related items		286,401	
		(0((200)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in OPEB related items

Change in net position of governmental activities

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

ASSETS		Tazewell County Landfill Fund
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	399,751
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		107,875
Due from Other Funds		32,831
Total Current Assets	\$	540,457
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):		
Land	\$	287,598
Buildings and Improvements	ڔ	14,323
Land Improvements		6,528,721
Total Capital Assets	\$	6,830,642
Total Capital Assets	Ş	0,830,042
Total Assets	\$	7,371,099
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	37,757
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	34,513
Bonds Payable-Current Portion		216,316
Total Current Liabilities	\$	250,829
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Estimated Landfill Closure Liability	\$	7,647,209
Total Liabilities	\$	7,898,038
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related items	\$	152,316
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	6,614,326
Unrestricted	ڔ	(7,255,824)
Total Net Position	\$	(641,498)
TOTAL TICLE OFFICIAL	ڔ	(071,470)

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Tazewell County Landfill Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 464,019
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Contractual Services	\$ 1,815,996
Repairs and Maintenance	4,010
Closure Reserve Expense	477,125
Other Charges	26,078
Depreciation	186,709
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 2,509,918
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (2,045,899)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Miscellaneous Income	\$ 25,397
Interest Expense	(12,999)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 12,398
Income (loss) before transfers	\$ (2,033,501)
TRANSFERS	
Transfers In	\$ 1,650,210
Change in Net Position	\$ (383,291)
Net Position - Beginning	(258,207)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (641,498)

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Tazewell County Landfill Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	401,312
Payments to Employees for Services		(83,567)
Payments for Operating Expenses	_	(1,811,571)
Total Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ _	(1,493,826)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from Other Funds	\$_	1,654,342
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal Payments on Debt	\$	(205,000)
Interest Payments on Debt	·	(13,743)
Total Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$ _	(218,743)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(58,227)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		457,978
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ _	399,751
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,045,899)
Depreciation		186,709
Miscellaneous Income		25,397
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(88,104)
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,823
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		34,513
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Fayable Increase (Decrease) in Estimated Landfill Closure Liability		477,125
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources		(91,390)
Total Adjustments	ς -	339,967
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	ζ –	(1,493,826)
net east i fortided by (osed For) operating Activities	· =	(1,773,020)

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS Current Assets:	_	Agency Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	60,757
Due from Other Governmental Units	4	198,420
Total Assets	\$	259,177
	=	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	198,420
Amounts Held for Others		60,757
Total Liabilities	\$	259,177

COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

County of Tazewell, Virginia is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education and social services.

The financial statements of County of Tazewell, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental unties promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The significant accounting policies are described below.

Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - The financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate, in one way or another, in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their government over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedule presents the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Tazewell, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Therefore data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Units: None

Discretely Presented Component Units:

<u>Tazewell County School Board</u> members are elected by the voters and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures (Continued)

<u>Tazewell County Industrial Development Authority</u> is authorized to acquire, own, lease and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Tazewell County. Tazewell County Board of Supervisors appoints all Board members of the Authority. There exists a financial benefit/burden relationship between the Industrial Development Authority and the County.

<u>Tazewell County Airport Authority</u> was created by County of Tazewell and Towns of Bluefield, Cedar Bluff, Pocahontas, Richlands and Tazewell to operate a regional airport. Tazewell County Board of Supervisors appoints a voting majority of the Airport Authority's Board of Directors. The County contributes a significant amount to the Authority's operation and there exists a financial benefit/burden relationship.

<u>Tazewell County Public Service Authority</u> was created by the Board of Supervisors of Tazewell County to acquire, finance, construct and operate water and sewer systems throughout the County. The Board of Directors of the Public Service Authority are appointed by the Tazewell County Board of Supervisors and there exists a financial benefit/burden relationship between the Public Service Authority and the County. In addition, a majority of the Directors of the Authority are also on the Board of Supervisors.

Complete financial statements of the Tazewell County Public Service Authority, Tazewell County Industrial Development Authority and the Tazewell County Airport Authority can be obtained from the business office of each component unit.

Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Annual Financial Report

None

Jointly Governed Organizations

County of Tazewell and Counties of Buchanan and Russell participate in supporting the Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$60,000.

County of Tazewell and Counties of Russell, Buchanan, Wise, Scott, Lee, Washington, Smyth and Dickenson and the Cities of Norton and Bristol participate in supporting the Appalachian Juvenile Commission. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$306,868.

County of Tazewell and Counties of Lee, Wise, Washington, Russell, Smyth, Buchanan and Dickenson along with the City of Norton participate in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Authority. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$4,693,492.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The government reports the following major governmental funds.

General Fund:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income.

Capital Projects Fund:

The County CIP Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and is reported as a major fund.

The government reports the following nonmajor governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The Coal Road Improvement Fund, Coal Road Economic Development Fund, Damage Stamp Fund, and Law Library Fund are reported as nonmajor special revenue funds.

Additionally, Tazewell County reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Funds:

The Proprietary Funds are accounted and financed in a manner similar to private business. The funds utilize accrual basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds):

Fiduciary, Trust and Agency funds account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and they utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The Special Welfare and Local Sales Tax Funds are reported as Agency Funds.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the departmental level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments. However, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, School Operating Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

F. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivable and payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$682,400 at June 30, 2019 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and a cost of over \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40-60
Building, land, and other	
improvements	40-60
Vehicles	5
Office and computer equipment	7
Machinery and other equipment	7

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

J. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plans and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

N. Fund Equity

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed by formal action by the entity's highest level of decision-making authority; which the County of Tazewell, Virginia considers to be the Board of Directors. Amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County of Tazewell, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them. Positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The County's highest decision-making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Q. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board.

Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Neither the County nor its discretely presented component units have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments:

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments) (continued)

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2019 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the rating are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt I	nvestme	ents' Values
Rated Debt Investments	Fair	Quality Ratings
		AAAm
VACO/VML	\$	1,058,432

Interest Rate Risk

Investm	ent Maturities (ir	year	s)
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less	than 1 Year
VACO/VML	\$1,058,432	\$	1,058,432

Redemption Restrictions

The County has the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV).

Note 3 - Due To/From Primary Government/Component Units:

Fund	Interfu	nd Receivable	Inter	fund Payable		
General	\$	\$	157,831			
County CIP Fund		125,000		-		
Landfill		32,831		-		
Totals	\$	157,831	\$	157,831		
ισιαυ	<u>ې </u>	137,031	<u> ۲</u>	137,0.		

Note 3 - Due To/From Primary Government/Component Units: (Continued)

Entity	Due From	Due to	
Primary Government	\$ 3,806,982	\$	-
Component Unit School	-		3,684,385
Component Unit PSA	-		122,597
Totals	\$ 3,806,982	\$	3,806,982

Note: On the government-wide statement of net position, the amount due to the Primary Government from the Component Unit PSA is included in "Due from Component Units" for the Primary Government and "Due Within One Year" for the Component Unit PSA.

Note 4 - Due From Other Governmental Units:

At June 30, 2019, the County and School Board had receivables from other governments as follows:

		Discret	ely Presented
	Primary	Com	ponent Unit
	Government	Sch	nool Board
Local Government:			
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail	\$1,291,646	\$	-
Russell County	-		80,955
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
State sales taxes	823,574		-
Local sales taxes	-		789,083
VPA	226,190		-
CSA	305,918		-
Shared expenses	330,055		-
Categorical aid	52,304		14,495
Noncategorical aid	110,862		-
Federal Government:			
VPA	300,667		-
Categorical aid			937,143
Total	\$ 3,441,216	\$	1,821,676

Note 5 - Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

Primary Government:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:	_		_		-		_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,765,287	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,765,287
Construction in progress		1,147,939		90,013		(1,237,952)		-
Tenancy in Common		3,652,863		-		(512,257)		3,140,606
Total capital assets not being	_		_		-		_	
depreciated	\$	7,566,089	\$	90,013	\$	(1,750,209)	\$	5,905,893
	_		_		-		_	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	23,245,331	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	23,270,331
Machinery and equipment		15,610,725		1,530,360		(166,660)		16,974,425
Total capital assets being	_		_		-			
depreciated	\$	38,856,056	\$	1,555,360	\$	(166,660)	\$	40,244,756
					-	_	_	
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	\$	(10,839,211)	\$	(590,982)	\$	-	\$	(11,430,193)
Machinery and equipment		(11,773,740)		(986,823)		166,660		(12,593,903)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(22,612,951)	\$	(1,577,805)	\$	166,660	\$	(24,024,096)
	_		_		-		_	
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$	16,243,105	\$	(22,445)	\$	-	\$	16,220,660
	-				-		_	
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	23,809,194	\$	67,568	\$	(1,750,209)	\$	22,126,553
	•				٠		=	

Note 5 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Tazewell County Landfill Fund:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Business-type Activities:	-				-		_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	287,598	\$.	-	\$	-	\$_	287,598
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	185,603	\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,603
Land improvements		9,585,580		-		-		9,585,580
Total capital assets being	-				-		_	
depreciated	\$_	9,771,183	\$.	-	\$		\$_	9,771,183
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(165,093)	\$	(6,187)	\$	-	\$	(171,280)
Land Improvements		(2,876,337)		(180,522)		-		(3,056,859)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(3,041,430)	\$	(186,709)	\$	-	\$	(3,228,139)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$_	6,729,753	\$	(186,709)	\$		\$_	6,543,044
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	7,017,351	\$	(186,709)	\$	-	\$	6,830,642

Note 5 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	347,689
Judicial administration		510,306
Public safety		548,471
Public works		129,877
Health and welfare		18,296
Parks, recreation, and culture		20,928
Community development		2,238
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	1,577,805
Business-type activities:	-	
Landfill fund	\$	186,709
	-	

Note 5 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board:

		Beginning			_		Ending
		Balance	 Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,908,716	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,908,716
Tenancy in common (1)		9,759,808	512,257		-		10,272,065
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	\$	11,668,524	\$ 512,257	\$	-	\$	12,180,781
	•						
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	36,648,414	\$ -	\$	(183,600)	\$	36,464,814
Machinery and equipment		18,688,678	1,201,266		(473,214)		19,416,730
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	55,337,092	\$ 1,201,266	\$	(656,814)	\$	55,881,544
	•						
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(26,873,449)	\$ (895,809)	\$	-	\$	(27,769,258)
Machinery and equipment		(15,531,255)	(653,474)		473,214		(15,711,515)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(42,404,704)	\$ (1,549,283)	\$	473,214	\$	(43,480,773)
	'-					-	
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$	12,932,388	\$ (348,017)	\$	(183,600)	\$	12,400,771
	•						
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	24,600,912	\$ 164,240	\$	(183,600)	\$	24,581,552
				-		-	

⁽¹⁾ Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2003, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, (1950), as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Tazewell, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2019, is that assets and debt in the amount of \$3,140,606 have been transferred to the Primary Government from the Component Unit School Board for financial reporting purposes.

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the County for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Governmental Activities:

	Beginning	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending
	Balance	Issuances	Retirements	Balance
Direct Borrowings and Placements:				
General obligation bonds \$	5,387,635 \$	- \$	(512,257)\$	4,875,378
Premium on GO bond	103,934	-	(8,662)	95,272
Lease revenue bond	9,695,000	-	(800,000)	8,895,000
Premium on lease revenue bond	946,748	-	(150,340)	796,408
Literary loan	150,000	-	-	150,000
Net OPEB liabilities	6,439,781	725,311	(865,282)	6,299,810
Compensated absences	656,033	466,974	(492,025)	630,982
Net pension liability	6,952,353	4,355,790	(4,883,533)	6,424,610
		·		
Total \$	30,331,484 \$	5,548,075 \$	(7,712,099)\$	28,167,460

Annual amounts required to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Direct Borrowings and Placements

Year Ending	-	General Obl	iga	tion Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds			Litera	Loan		
June 30	-	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2020	\$	336,342	\$	207,012	\$ _	840,000	\$	412,793	\$ 75,000	\$	3,000
2021		535,927		220,308		890,000		371,587	75,000		1,500
2022		551,039		191,693		925,000		328,203	-		-
2023		571,707		162,417		975,000		279,515	-		-
2024		587,959		85,390		1,025,000		228,265	-		-
2025-2029		2,292,404		254,330		2,595,000		622,743	-		-
2030-2033	_	-		-		1,645,000		141,551	-	_	
	\$	4,875,378	\$	1,121,150	\$	8,895,000	\$	2,384,657	\$ 150,000	\$	4,500

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Governmental Activities: (Continued)

(Interest	Issue	Final Maturity	,	Amount of Original	Balance Governmental		D	Amount ue Within
	Rates	Dates	Date		Issue		Activities	(One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placeme	ents:								
General Obligation Bonds:									
GO Bond	3.10-5.10%	5/15/2002	7/15/2023	\$	1,900,000	\$	380,000	\$	-
GO Bond	4.10-5.10%	5/15/2008	7/15/2028		1,880,000		1,080,000		-
GO Bond	3.60-5.35%	12/11/2008	1/15/2029		6,698,941		3,415,378		336,342
Subtotal GO Bond						\$	4,875,378	\$	336,342
Add:									
Premium on Bond	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a		95,272		8,662
Total General Obligation Bor	nds					\$	4,970,650	\$	345,004
Lease Revenue Bonds:									
2014C	3.025-5.125%	11/18/2014	4/1/2033	\$	11,885,000	\$	8,895,000	\$	840,000
Add:									
Premium on Bond	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a		796,408		137,180
Total Lease Revenue Bonds						\$	9,691,408	\$	977,180
Literary Loan:									
State Literary Loan	2.00%	8/1/2000	8/1/2020	\$	1,500,000	\$	150,000	\$	75,000
Other Obligations:									
Net OPEB Liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a	\$	6,299,810	\$	-
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a		630,982		473,237
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a		n/a		6,424,610		
Total Other Obligations						\$	13,355,402	\$	473,237
Total Long-term Obligations						\$	28,167,460	\$	1,870,421

The lease revenue bond was issued by the Tazewell County IDA for renovations to the Courthouse building which is utilized by the County. Payments on the debt issuance are made by the County directly to the issuer. As a result, the debt and the asset are shown in the County's financial statements.

In the event of a default, the lender of the lease revenue bond above may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities:

Landfill Fund

	_	Beginning Balance	 Increases / Decreases / Retirements		Ending Balance	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:						
Revenue bonds	\$	420,000	\$ -	\$	(205,000) \$	215,000
Bond premiums		2,060	-		(744)	1,316
Landfill closure/postclosure liability		7,170,084	477,125		-	7,647,209
Total	\$_	7,592,144	\$ 477,125	\$	(205,744) \$	7,863,525

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Direct Borrowings and Placements

			-			
Year Ending	Revenue Bonds					
June 30,	Principal				lı	nterest
2020	-	\$	215,000		\$	4,408
Totals	\$		215,000	\$		4,408

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

			Final	Amount of		Balance	Αı	mount
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original	Bus	iness-type	Due	Within
	Rates	Dates	Date	Issue	Α	ctivities	On	e Year
Direct Borrowings and Placer	nents:							
Revenue Bonds*	3.4-4.81%	11/27/2007	10/1/2019	\$2,675,000	\$	215,000	\$ 2	15,000
Other Obligations: Bond Premiums	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,316		1,316
Landfill Closure/ Postclosure Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		7,647,209		-
Total Other Obligations					\$ 7	7,648,525	\$	1,316
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 7	7,863,525	\$ 2	16,316

^{*}As of June 30, 2019, the Landfill fund did not meet compliance requirements related to this loan.

In the event of a default, the lender of the revenue bond above may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Beginning	Issuances/		Retirements/	Ending
		Balance	Increases		Decreases	Balance
	_					
Capital leases	\$	4,391,601	\$ -	\$	(1,485,605) \$	2,905,996
Net pension liability		47,147,312	10,541,782		(14,556,047)	43,133,047
Net OPEB liabilites		22,964,000	2,064,000		(5,906,000)	19,122,000
Compensated absences		663,123	457,624		(497,342)	623,405
	_			-		
Total	\$	75,166,036	\$ 13,063,406	\$	(22,444,994) \$	65,784,448

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

			Final	Amount of		Balance		Amount
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original	Go	overnmental	D	ue Within
	Rates	Dates	Date	Issue		Activities	(One Year
Capital Leases:								
Capital Lease	4.195%	10/5/2007	10/5/2022	\$ 4,792,700	\$	1,542,964	\$	371,347
Capital Lease	2.550%	3/10/2015	10/10/2022	3,118,167		1,363,032		396,154
Total Capital Leases					\$	2,905,996	\$	767,501
Other Obligations:								
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	43,133,047	\$	-
Net OPEB Liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		19,122,000		-
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		623,405		467,554
Total Other Obligations					\$	62,878,452	\$	467,554
Total Long-term Obligations					\$	65,784,448	\$	1,235,055

The School Board has entered into capital leases for school buses and energy renovations on the elementary schools. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. They have also entered into a capital lease for energy improvements which will not be capitalized and depreciated.

Total assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

t Book Value of Assets	\$ 2,806,350
cumulated Depreciation	 (311,817)
ilding Renovations	\$ 3,118,167

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit - School Board</u> (Continued)

Present value of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending	Capital				
June 30,	Leases				
2020	\$ 841,609				
2021	841,608				
2022	841,607				
2023	558,165				
Less: amount					
representing interest	(176,993)				
Present value of future					
minimum lease payments	\$2,905,996				

Note 7 - Compensated Absences:

Compensated Absences:

The County has accrued liabilities arising from outstanding compensated absences. Each county employee earns annual leave at various rates. Vested or accumulated leave is reported as an expenditure and a liability of the fund that will pay it. The County has outstanding accrued vacation and sick pay totaling \$630,982 in the general fund.

Note 8 - Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County, Tazewell County PSA and Tazewell County Airport Authority ("Component Units"), and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.
- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service, or when the sum of their age and service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total creditable service. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.7% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary	Component Unit School Board
	Government	Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	250	237
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	39	11
Non-vested inactive members	53	56
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	125	22
Total inactive members	217	89
Active members	293	200
Total covered employees	760	526

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's and Component Units contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 10.76% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,015,039 and \$1,024,401 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Units were \$165,570 and \$159,510 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 13.13% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$450,673 and \$496,256 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net pension. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*E	xpected arithme	etic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 90% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government					
			In	crease (Decrease)		
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	48,673,985	\$_	41,721,632	\$	6,952,353
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,015,173	\$	-	\$	1,015,173
Interest		3,310,997		-		3,310,997
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(305,314)		-		(305, 314)
Impact in change in proportion		(40,854)		(35,018)		(5,836)
Contributions - employer		-		1,010,986		(1,010,986)
Contributions - employee		-		497,210		(497,210)
Net investment income		-		3,064,187		(3,064,187)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(2,666,301)		(2,666,301)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(26,916)		26,916
Other changes		-		(2,704)		2,704
Net changes	\$	1,313,701	\$	1,841,444	\$	(527,743)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	49,987,686	\$	43,563,076	\$	6,424,610

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Continued)

	Other Component Units					
			In	crease (Decrease)		
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	7,520,740	\$_	6,446,511	\$	1,074,229
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	157,842	\$	-	\$	157,842
Interest		514,803		-		514,803
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(47,471)		-		(47,471)
Impact in change in proportion		40,855		35,018		5,837
Contributions - employer		-		157,191		(157,191)
Contributions - employee		-		77,308		(77,308)
Net investment income		-		476,429		(476,429)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(414,564)		(414,564)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(4,185)		4,185
Other changes		-		(420)		420
Net changes	\$	251,465	\$	326,777	\$	(75,312)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	7,772,205	\$	6,773,288	\$	998,917

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Continued)

	Component offit school board - Nonprofessional					
			In	crease (Decrease)		
	-	Total		Plan		Net
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)	_	(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	26,341,342	\$_	20,605,030	\$	5,736,312
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	325,917	\$	-	\$	325,917
Interest		1,784,614		-		1,784,614
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(208,796)		-		(208,796)
Contributions - employer		-		496,279		(496,279)
Contributions - employee		-		179,643		(179,643)
Net investment income		-		1,494,878		(1,494,878)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(1,693,716)		(1,693,716)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(13,492)		13,492
Other changes		-		(1,308)		1,308
Net changes	\$	208,019	\$	462,284	\$	(254,265)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	26,549,361	\$_	21,067,314	\$	5,482,047

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's, Other Component Unit's, and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County - Primary Government						,
Net Pension Liability	\$	12,712,509	\$	6,424,610	\$	1,193,347
Other Component Units						
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,976,578	\$	998,917	\$	185,545
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)						
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,294,704	\$	5,482,047	\$	3,092,260

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$635,240, \$116,419, and \$71,058, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

				Compo	nt Units		Component Unit School					
	Primary (Go۱	vernment		Tazew	County		Board (nonprofessional)				
	Deferred		Deferred	_	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	_	Resources	_	Resources	_	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected												
and actual experience	\$ 124,588	\$	211,834	\$	18,611	\$	32,934	\$	-	\$	173,718	
Change in assumptions	-		61,802		-		9,549		-		17,988	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension												
plan investments	33,510		386,288		-		60,163		-		153,293	
Impact of change in proportion	124,088		152,316		30,001		1,773		-			
Employer contributions subsequent												
to the measurement date	1,015,039		-	_	165,570	_	-	_	450,673			
Total	\$ 1,297,225	\$	812,240	\$	214,182	\$	104,419	\$	450,673	\$	344,999	

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$1,015,039, \$165,570 and \$450,673 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's, Other Component Units', and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component Unit
Year Ended	Primary	Other	School Board
June 30	Government	Component Units	(nonprofessional)
2020	\$ 109,204 \$	30,402 \$	(60,421)
2021	(153,874)	(12,805)	(53,805)
2022	(447,843)	(67,567)	(213,038)
2023	(37,541)	(5,837)	(17,735)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,824,277 and \$4,140,042 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$37,651,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion was 0.32016% as compared to 0.33673% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,056,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between the measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	3,219,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	798,000
Change in assumptions		449,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	3,648,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,824,277	<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	4,273,277 \$	7,665,000

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$3,824,277 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2020	\$	(1,611,000)
2021		(1,807,000)
2022		(2,423,000)
2023		(1,022,000)
Thereafter		(353,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increase, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	46,679,555 34,919,563
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	11,759,992
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentagof the Total Pension Liability	ge	74.81%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 8 - Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (Continued)

The long term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate								
	1% Decrease		Cui	rrent Discount	1% Increase					
		(6.00%) (7.00%				(8.00%)				
School division's proportionate					-					
share of the VRS Teacher										
Employee Retirement Plan										
Net Pension Liability	\$	57,513,000	\$	37,651,000	\$	21,211,000				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

			Primary Gov	ernment		Other Component Units			Component Unit School Board						
	_	Net Pension				Net Pension				Net Pension					
		Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension	Deferred	Deferred		Liability	Pension	Deferred	Deferred	Liabilit	y	Pension
	_	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	Outflows	Inflows		(Asset)	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset))	Expense
VRS Pension Plans:															
Primary Government	\$	1,297,225 \$	812,240 \$	6,424,610 \$	635,240 \$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	- \$	- 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Other Component Units		-	-	-	-	214,182	104,419		998,917	116,419	-	-	-		-
School Board Nonprofessional	l	-	-	-	-						450,673	344,999	5,482,0	47	71,058
School Board Professional		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	4,273,277	7,665,000	37,651,0	00	1,056,000
Totals	\$	1,297,225 \$	812,240 \$	6,424,610 \$	635,240 \$	214,182	\$ 104,419	\$	998,917 \$	116,419 \$	4,723,950	\$ 8,009,999	\$ 43,133,0	47 \$	1,127,058

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Health Insurance:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan for County employees as well as employees of the Other Component Units and the Component Unit School Board. The plan provides post-employment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be (1) age 50 with 10 years of service; (2) age 55 with 5 years of service; or (3) age 65 with 5 years of service. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement. Coverage continues for the earlier of a period of fifteen years or reaching Medicare eligibility at age 65.

Health benefits include medical and dental. Participating retirees pay 100% of monthly premiums to continue with the County's insurance plans.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2018 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary	Component Units	Component Unit
	Government	Tazewell County	School Board
Total active employees with coverage	242	37	715
Total retirees with coverage	18	-	71
Total	260	37	786

Contributions

The County does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Supervisors. The amounts paid by the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board, for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$285,894, \$34,303, and \$659,803, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2018. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as July 1, 2018.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Health Insurance: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.00% for fiscal year end 2019, decreasing 0.50% per year to an
	ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Increases	Service-graded
Discount Rate	3.62%

The mortality rates were calculated using the RP-2014 Fully Generational Mortality Table, with base year 2006, using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is from a 20-Year tax exempt general obligation municipal bond with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Since the plan has no assets, the discount rate is equal to the Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of the measurement date. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.62% as of the end of the fiscal year.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Primary Government	Other Component Units	Component Unit School Board
\$ 5,635,000 \$	1,119,000 \$	16,237,000
299,000	35,000	573,000
207,000	41,000	585,000
(430,000)	(496,000)	(3,120,000)
66,000	(9,000)	(878,000)
(268,000)	(29,000)	(683,000)
(126,000)	(458,000)	(3,523,000)
\$ 5,509,000 \$	661,000 \$	12,714,000
\$	Government \$ 5,635,000 \$ 299,000 207,000 (430,000) 66,000 (268,000) (126,000)	Primary Component Government Units \$ 5,635,000 \$ 1,119,000 \$ 299,000 35,000 207,000 41,000 (430,000) (430,000) (496,000) (66,000) (9,000) (268,000) (29,000) (126,000) (126,000) (496,000) (29,000) (458,000)

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Health Insurance: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.62%) or one percentage point higher (4.62%) than the current discount rate:

	Rate				
	1% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase	
	2.62%		3.62%		4.62%
Proportionate share of the healthcare net OPEB liability:					
County	\$ 5,976,641	\$	5,509,000	\$	5,079,576
			_		
Other Component Units	\$ 717,110	\$	661,000	\$	609,475
Component Unit School Board	\$ 13,793,249	\$	12,714,000	\$1	1,722,949

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Rate					
	Healthcare Cost								
	1	% Decrease		Trend	1	1% Increase			
Proportionate share of the healthcare net OPEB liability: County		4,964,051	\$	5,509,000	\$	6,144,968			
Other Component Units	\$	595,614	\$	661,000	\$	737,307			
Component Unit School Board	\$	11,456,335	\$	12,714,000	\$	14,181,725			

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Health Insurance: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amounts of \$447,000, \$(9,000), and \$488,000, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board, reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

								Compon	ent	t Unit	
	Primary G	ov	ernment	Other Component Units				School Board			
	Deferred	Deferred Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ - :	\$	979,916	\$ -	\$	117,576	; -	- \$	5	2,261,508	
Changes in assumptions	-		198,959	-		23,872		-		459,169	
Employer contributions subsequent to the											
measurement date	285,894		-	34,303		-		659,803		-	
Total	\$ 285,894	\$	1,178,875	\$ 34,303	\$	141,448	;	659,803 \$; <u> </u>	2,720,677	

\$285,894, \$34,303, and \$659,803 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County, Other Component Units, and Component Unit School Board, respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

			Other		
Year Ended	Primary	Co	omponent	Com	ponent Unit
June 30	Government	Units		Sc	hool Board
2020	\$ (240,968)	\$	(28,913)	\$	(556, 120)
2021	(240,968)		(28,913)		(556, 120)
2022	(240,968)		(28,913)		(556, 120)
2023	(240,968)		(28,913)		(556, 120)
2024	(215,003)		(25,796)		(496, 197)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Program upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

The specific information for GLI Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute. The amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and was increased to \$8,279 effective July 1, 2018.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Program are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the Primary Government were \$50,703 and \$51,673 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the Other Component Units were \$8,270 and \$7,984 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) were \$18,395 and \$19,707 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June, 30, 2018, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Program from the Component Unit School Board (professional) were \$129,038 and \$134,238 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June, 30, 2018, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB

Primary Government GLI Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$790,810 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.05207% as compared to 0.0535% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(3,465). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Other Component Units Group Life Insurance Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$122,190 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.00805% as compared to 0.00799% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(535). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) GLI Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$303,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.01993% as compared to 0.02123% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(3,000). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit School Board (professional) GLI Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$2,063,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.13578% as compared to 0.14346% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(17,000). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Other Component Units			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	38,977	\$	13,859	\$	6,023	\$	2,142	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		25,985		-		4,015	
Change in assumptions		-		32,914		-		5,086	
Changes in proportion		-		39,844		-		6,156	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	50,703	- -	-		8,270	_		
Total	\$_	89,680	\$	112,602	\$	14,293	\$_	17,399	

		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)				Component Unit School Board (professional)			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,000	\$	5,000	\$	101,000	\$	37,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		10,000		-		67,000	
Change in assumptions		-		13,000		-		86,000	
Changes in proportion		-		29,000		-		158,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	18,395		-		129,038		<u> </u>	
Total	\$_	33,395	\$	57,000	\$	230,038	\$_	348,000	

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (Continued)

\$50,703, \$8,270, \$18,395, and \$129,038 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Other Component Units', Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)'s and Component Unit School Board (professional)'s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

				Other	Com	ponent Unit	Comp	onent Unit
Year Ended	F	Primary	Component		School Board		Sch	ool Board
June 30	Go۱	ernment	Units		(nonprofessional)		(pro	ofessional)
								_
2020	\$	(19,922)	\$	(3,079)	\$	(9,000)	\$	(61,000)
2021		(19,922)		(3,079)		(9,000)		(61,000)
2022		(19,922)		(3,079)		(9,000)		(61,000)
2023		(12,992)		(2,007)		(7,000)		(42,000)
2024		(2,599)		(402)		(4,000)		(19,000)
Thereafter		1,732		270		(4,000)		(3,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
General state employees	3.5% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
SPORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
JRS employees	4.5%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the GLI Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life Insurance OPEB Program
	-	_
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,113,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,594,773
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,518,735
	:	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		51.22%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Note 10 - Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate							
	19	% Decrease	Curi	rent Discount	1% Increase			
	(6.00%)			(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
Proportional share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability								
Primary Government	\$	1,033,336	\$	790,810	\$	593,324		
Other Component Units	\$	159,664	\$	122,190	\$	91,676		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	\$	395,000	\$	303,000	\$	227,000		
Component Unit School Board (professional)	\$	2,695,000	\$	2,063,000	\$	1,549,000		

GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Program Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program were \$297,533 and \$316,611 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$4,042,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was 0.31833% as compared to 0.33488% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB expense of \$282,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 21,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	-	3,000
Change in assumptions	-	35,000
Change in proportion	-	294,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	297,533	- -
Total	\$ 297,533	\$ 353,000

\$297,533 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June	30	
2020	\$	(59,000)
2021		(59,000)
2022		(59,000)
2023		(57,000)
2024		(57,000)
Thereafter		(62,000)

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation: 3.5%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher		
		Employee HIC	
		OPEB Plan	
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,381,313	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		111,639	
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,269,674	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		8.08%	

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Note 11 - Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate							
		1% Decrease (6.00%)		Current Discount (7.00%)		1% Increase			
						(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan									
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	4,515,000	\$	4,042,000	\$	3,640,000			

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 12 - Aggregate OPEB Information:

	Primary Government				Other Component Units				Component Unit School Board				
	_	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB
	_	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:													
Group Life Insurance Program:													
County	\$	89,680 \$	112,602	\$ 790,810 \$	(3,465) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Component Units		-	-	-	-	14,293	17,399	122,190	(535)	-	-		-
School Board Nonprofessional		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,395	57,000	303,000	(3,000)
School Board Professional		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,038	348,000	2,063,000	(17,000)
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	297,533	353,000	4,042,000	282,000
County Stand-Alone Plan		285,894	1,178,875	5,509,000	447,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Component Units Stand-Alone Plan		-	-	-	-	34,303	141,448	661,000	(9,000)	-	-		-
School Stand-Alone Plan		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	659,803	2,720,677	12,714,000	488,000
Totals	\$	375,574 \$	1,291,477	\$ 6,299,810 \$	443,535 \$	48,596 \$	158,847 \$	783,190 \$	(9,535) \$	1,220,769 \$	3,478,677 \$	19,122,000 \$	750,000

Note 13 - Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. Matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit and the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 14 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used at each balance sheet date. Of the \$15,388,805 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2019, \$7,647,209 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on use of 49.69 percent of the estimate capacity of the landfill.

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$7,741,596 as the remaining capacity is filled. The County expects to close the landfill in 2055. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. These estimated amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2019.

The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs. The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and post closure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 15 - Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The County and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 16 - Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. Deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

	Government- wide	
	Statements	Balance Sheet
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Funds
Primary Government		_
Unavailable property tax revenue		
representing uncollected property		
tax billings that are not available		
for the funding of current		
expenditures (amount due but not		
collected at 6/30)	\$ -	\$ 2,702,598
Property taxes due in December		
2019	24,463,017	24,463,017
Prepaid property taxes due in		
December 2019 but paid in advance		
by the taxpayers	1,053,717	1,053,717
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$ 25,516,734	\$ 28,219,332

Note 17 - Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfer In		Transfer Out
Primary Government:		_	
General Fund	\$ -	\$	3,249,910
Coal Road Improvement	-		285,502
County CIP Fund	1,885,202		-
Landfill Enterprise Fund	1,650,210		-
Total	\$ 3,535,412	\$	3,535,412

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 18 - Surety Bonds:

Commonwealth of America, Division of Risk Management	Amount		
Tammy Allison, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	710,000	
David Larimer, Treasurer		500,000	
David Anderson, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000	
Brian Hieatt, Sheriff		30,000	
The above constitutional officers' employees			
Blanket bond		50,000	
Landfill employees		20,000	
VACO Insurance Program:			
All School Board employees - blanket		250,000	
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland Surety:			
C. Eric Young, County Administrator		50,000	
St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company			
Rex Tester, Director of Social Services		25,000	
All Social Services employees - blanket		100,000	

Note 19 - Nonspendable, Restricted, and Committed Fund Balances by Fund:

															Co	mponent
						Go	vernr	nental Fu	ınds							Unit
									Co	oal Road						
						Law	Co	al Road	E	conomic	Da	mage				
			C	ounty CIP	L	ibrary	Impr	ovement	Dev	elopment	S	tamp				
	Gei	neral Fund		Fund		Fund	1	Fund		Fund	F	und		Total	Sch	nool Board
Nonspendable:																
Prepaid items	\$	116,557	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	116,557	\$	152,156
Restricted:																
Public safety	\$	88,466	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	88,466	\$	-
Special welfare		4,468		-		-		-		-		-		4,468		-
Health insurance		611,786		-		-		-		-		-		611,786	2	2,949,738
Total restricted balances	\$	704,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	704,720	\$2	2,949,738
Commited funds:																
Wireless fund	\$	43,296	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,296	\$	-
Recreation		45,261		-		-		-		-		-		45,261		-
Capital projects				746,434		-		-		-		-		746,434		-
Law library		-		-		67,474		-		-		-		67,474		-
Coal road improvements		-		-		-	1,0	034,176		-		-		1,034,176		-
Coal road economic development	:	-		-		-		-		85,200		-		85,200		-
Damage stamp		-		-		-		-		-		42		42		-
Education		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		985,421
Total committed balances	\$	88,557	\$	746,434	\$	67,474	\$1,0	034,176	\$	85,200	\$	42	\$ 2	2,021,883	\$	985,421

Note 20 - Litigation:

At June 30, 2019, two claims have been filed against the County in regards to erroneous assessment of taxes for a combined total of \$329,232. Additionally, a claim has been filed against the County in regards to damage to a building during County construction activities totaling \$250,000. The County is vigorously defending itself against the claims and does not believe that payout of same is probably or reasonably estimable as of the date of the report; therefore, no liability has been recognized in the financial statements.

Note 21 - Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It also requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 22 - Restatement of Beginning Balances:

		Frimary Government					
	_	General Fund		E-911 Fund			
Net Position, July 1, 2018, as previously stated	\$	8,493,488	S	249,018			
Merge E-911 fund into General		249,018		(249,018)			
Net Position, July 1, 2018, as restated	\$	8,742,506	\$				

Drimary Covernment

Note 23 - Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. (Note to Auditor: Early application is encouraged so you may consider discussing this with the client for implementation now if there are construction projects underway. If early implemented, modify the opinion and governance letter to reflect early implementation.)

Note 23 - Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Tazewell, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budget Amo	unts		Variance with		
		Oninimal	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	Pos (Neg)		
General Property Taxes	\$	24,361,027 \$	24,361,027 \$	24,666,410 \$	305,383		
Other Local Taxes	7	6,862,500	6,862,500	6,925,812	63,312		
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		143,925	143,925	168,725	24,800		
Fines and Forfeitures		45,000	45,000	45,217	217		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		299,241	299,241	341,361	42,120		
Charges for Services		743,500	743,500	1,071,424	327,924		
Miscellaneous		500,000	500,000	72,196	(427,804)		
Recovered Costs		1,482,000	1,482,000	2,035,327	553,327		
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		12,201,085	12,201,085	12,606,536	405,451		
Federal Government		4,293,057	4,293,057	4,313,159	20,102		
Total Revenues	\$	50,931,335 \$	50,931,335 \$	52,246,167 \$	1,314,832		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government Administration	\$	3,434,334 \$	3,515,974 \$	3,361,534 \$	154,440		
Judicial Administration		2,387,976	2,406,390	2,313,031	93,359		
Public Safety		15,913,404	16,237,137	16,016,826	220,311		
Public Works		1,692,793	1,753,418	1,309,671	443,747		
Health and Welfare		9,383,535	9,394,035	9,300,544	93,491		
Education		10,655,057	10,655,057	10,620,057	35,000		
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,213,456	1,275,768	1,326,288	(50,520)		
Community Development		891,194	906,570	887,968	18,602		
Non-Departmental		1,780,000	1,160,400	96,178	1,064,222		
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		1,848,932	1,848,932	1,312,257	536,675		
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		1,034,416	1,034,416	734,164	300,252		
Total Expenditures	\$	50,235,097 \$	50,188,097 \$	47,278,518 \$	2,909,579		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	696,238 \$	743,238 \$	4,967,649 \$	4,224,411		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out	\$	(2,801,700) \$	(2,801,700) \$	(3,249,910) \$	(448,210)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,105,462) \$	(2,058,462) \$	1,717,739 \$	3,776,201		
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated		2,105,462	2,058,462	8,742,506	6,684,044		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- \$	- \$	10,460,245 \$	10,460,245		

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability	_		-	-	-		-		-	
Service cost	\$	1,015,173	\$	1,090,137	\$	1,095,549	\$	1,086,879	\$	1,078,495
Interest		3,310,997		3,202,401		3,043,467		2,899,146		2,767,693
Change in assumptions		-		(156,883)		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(305,314)		(7,195)		651,020		313,432		-
Impact in change in proportion		(40,854)		(209,616)		(111,024)		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,666,301)		(2,406,191)		(2,213,605)		(2,039,716)		(1,896,954)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,313,701	\$	1,512,653	\$	2,465,407	\$	2,259,741	\$	1,949,234
Total pension liability - beginning		48,673,985		47,161,332		44,695,925		42,436,184		40,486,950
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	49,987,686	\$	48,673,985	\$	47,161,332	\$	44,695,925	\$	42,436,184
Plan fiduciary net position										
Impact in change in proportion	\$	(35,018)	\$	(169,900)	\$	(95,046)	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions - employer		1,010,986		1,018,151		1,110,489		1,127,068		1,109,531
Contributions - employee		497,210		491,028		527,074		515,377		495,039
Net investment income		3,064,187		4,593,798		657,018		1,688,554		5,070,273
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,666,301)		(2,406,191)		(2,213,605)		(2,039,716)		(1,896,954)
Administrative expense		(26,916)		(26,855)		(23,721)		(23,151)		(27,328)
Other		(2,704)		(4,077)		(280)		(356)		268
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	1,841,444	\$	3,495,954	\$	(38,071)	\$	1,267,776	\$	4,750,829
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		41,721,632		38,225,678		38,263,749		36,995,973		32,245,144
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	43,563,076	\$	41,721,632	\$	38,225,678	\$	38,263,749	\$	36,995,973
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	6,424,610	\$	6,952,353	\$	8,935,654	\$	6,432,176	\$	5,440,211
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		87.15%		85.72%		81.05%		85.61%		87.18%
Covered payroll	\$	9,910,529	\$	9,859,374	\$	9,964,213	\$	10,048,316	\$	9,720,135
County's net pension liability as a percentage of		64.83%		70.52%		89.68%		64.01%		55.97%
covered payroll		04.63%		70.32%		07.08%		04.01%		33.7/%

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Other Component Units

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability	-									
Service cost	\$	157,842	\$	168,446	\$	163,654	\$	159,256	\$	158,027
Interest		514,803		494,813		454,636		424,797		405,539
Change in assumptions		-		(24,240)		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(47,471)		(1,112)		97,250		45,926		-
Impact in change of proportion		40,855		209,616		111,024		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(414,564)		(371,788)	_	(330,671)		(298,872)		(277,953)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	251,465	\$	475,735	\$	495,893	\$	331,107	\$	285,613
Total pension liability - beginning	_	7,520,740		7,045,005		6,549,112		6,218,005		5,932,392
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ _	7,772,205	\$	7,520,740	\$	7,045,005	\$ _	6,549,112	\$ _	6,218,005
Plan fiduciary net position										
Impact in change of proportion	\$	35,018	\$	169,900	\$	95,046	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions - employer		157,191		157,318		165,886		165,145		162,576
Contributions - employee		77,308		75,870		78,735		75,516		72,536
Net investment income		476,429		709,802		98,146		247,413		742,927
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(414,564)		(371,788)		(330,671)		(298,872)		(277,953)
Administrative expense		(4,185)		(4,149)		(3,543)		(3,393)		(4,004)
Other	_	(420)		(629)	_	(42)		(52)		38
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	326,777	\$	736,324	\$	103,557	\$	185,757	\$	696,120
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	6,446,511	_	5,710,187		5,606,630		5,420,873	_	4,724,753
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	6,773,288	\$	6,446,511	\$	5,710,187	\$_	5,606,630	\$_	5,420,873
Component Units' net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	998,917	\$	1,074,229	\$	1,334,818	\$	942,482	\$	797,132
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		87.15%		85.72%		81.05%		85.61%		87.18%
Covered payroll	\$	1,531,307	\$	1,472,797	\$	1,460,017	\$	1,472,340	\$	1,424,253
Component Units' net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		65.23%		72.94%		91.42%		64.01%		55.97%

County of Tazewell, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

		2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	325,917	\$	353,607 \$	359,182 \$	375,904 \$	389,969
Interest		1,784,614		1,770,523	1,752,811	1,729,888	1,688,775
Change in assumptions		-		(70,894)	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(208,796)		(183,199)	(243,199)	(222,538)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,693,716)		(1,643,775)	(1,587,749)	(1,523,814)	(1,459,018)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	208,019	\$	226,262 \$	281,045 \$	359,440 \$	619,726
Total pension liability - beginning		26,341,342		26,115,080	25,834,035	25,474,595	24,854,869
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	26,549,361	\$	26,341,342 \$	26,115,080 \$	25,834,035 \$	25,474,595
	-		-				
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	496,279	\$	511,878 \$	637,931 \$	629,864 \$	589,541
Contributions - employee		179,643		185,775	191,556	190,601	190,618
Net investment income		1,494,878		2,292,108	328,681	875,280	2,714,251
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,693,716)		(1,643,775)	(1,587,749)	(1,523,814)	(1,459,018)
Administrative expense		(13,492)		(13,865)	(12,500)	(12,501)	(15,068)
Other		(1,308)		(2,014)	(142)	(185)	143
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	462,284	\$	1,330,107 \$	(442,223) \$	159,245 \$	2,020,467
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		20,605,030		19,274,923	19,717,146	19,557,901	17,537,434
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	21,067,314	\$	20,605,030 \$	19,274,923 \$	19,717,146 \$	19,557,901
	-		•		 :	 :	
School Board's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,482,047	\$	5,736,312 \$	6,840,157 \$	6,116,889 \$	5,916,694
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total							
pension liability		79.35%		78.22%	73.81%	76.32%	76.77%
Covered payroll	\$	3,778,109	\$	3,877,669 \$	3,958,254 \$	3,891,558 \$	3,824,515
School Board's net pension liability as a percentage of							
covered payroll		145.10%		147.93%	172.81%	157.18%	154.70%

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

	-	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.32016%	0.33673%	0.34666%	0.35749%	0.36174%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	37,651,000 \$	41,411,000 \$	48,581,000 \$	44,995,000 \$	43,715,000
Employer's Covered Payroll		25,740,658	26,133,765	26,431,418	26,579,014	26,452,530
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		146.27%	158.46%	183.80%	169.29%	165.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		74.81%	72.92%	89.84%	70.88%	70.88%

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

<u>Date</u>		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	n 	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Go 2019	overn \$	ment 1,015,039	ċ	1,015,039	ċ		\$	9,731,606	10.43%
2019	Ş	1,015,039	Ş	1,015,039	Ş	-	Ş	9,731,606	10.34%
2017		1,016,717		1,016,717		_		9,859,374	10.31%
2016		1,120,484		1,120,484		_		9,964,213	11.25%
2015		1,127,068		1,127,068		_		10,048,316	11.22%
2013		1,127,000		1,127,000				10,010,510	11.22/0
Componen	ıt Uni	ts							
2019	\$	165,570	\$	165,570	\$	-	\$	1,590,448	10.41%
2018		159,510		159,510		-		1,531,307	10.42%
2017		157,456		157,456		-		1,472,797	10.69%
2016		167,379		167,379		-		1,460,017	11.46%
2015		165,145		165,145		-		1,472,340	11.22%
Componen	t Hai	t School Board	(noi	anrofossional)					
2019	\$	450,673	(1101 \$	450,673	\$	_	\$	3,530,389	12.77%
2019	ڔ	496,256	۲	496,256	۲		ڔ	3,778,109	13.14%
2017		511,880		511,880		_		3,877,669	13.20%
2017		638,441		638,441		_		3,958,254	16.13%
2015		633,935		633,935		_		3,891,558	16.29%
2013		585,916		585,916		_		3,824,515	15.32%
2013		585,126		585,126		_		3,819,361	15.32%
2012		440,570		440,570		_		3,874,849	11.37%
2011		430,695		430,695		_		3,787,991	11.37%
2010		419,730		419,730		_		4,008,887	10.47%
2010		117,730		117,730				1,000,007	10. 1770
Componen	ıt Uni	t School Board	(pro	ofessional)					
2019	\$	3,824,277	\$	3,824,277	\$	-	\$	24,794,223	15.42%
2018		4,140,042		4,140,042		-		25,740,658	16.08%
2017		3,831,210		3,831,210		-		26,133,765	14.66%
2016		3,695,626		3,695,626		-		26,431,418	13.98%
2015		4,249,445		4,249,445		-		26,579,014	15.99%
2014		3,084,365		3,084,365		-		26,452,530	11.66%
2013		3,115,911		3,115,911		-		26,723,079	11.66%
2012		3,956,125		3,956,125		-		34,917,255	11.33%
2011		3,270,976		3,270,976		-		36,629,071	8.93%
2010		3,271,814		3,271,814		-		23,691,629	13.81%

Contributions are from County records.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Because multiple employers participate in the County of Tazewell, Virginia's retirement plan, prior to 2015 the Component Units' information was included in the County's schedules. Therefore, no additional data is currently available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Dutv:

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Lowered rates
No change
Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

${\sf Componen}_{\underline{\sf t}} \; {\sf Unit} \; {\sf School} \; {\sf Board} \; {\sf -Professional} \; {\sf Employees}$

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Health Insurance Primary Government

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability	-		•	
Service cost	\$	299,000	\$	283,000
Interest		207,000		198,000
Changes in assumptions		66,000		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(430,000)		-
Contributions		(268,000)		-
Benefit payments	_	-	_	(257,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(126,000)	\$	224,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	5,635,000	_	5,411,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,509,000	\$	5,635,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,122,229	\$	10,159,885
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee or covered payroll		49.53%		55.46%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Health Insurance Other Component Units

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	-		
Service cost	\$	35,000 \$	33,000
Interest		41,000	39,000
Changes in assumptions		(9,000)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(496,000)	-
Contributions		(29,000)	
Benefit payments			(41,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(458,000) \$	31,000
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,119,000	1,088,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	661,000 \$	1,119,000
	-		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,334,629 \$	2,018,712
Other Component Unit's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of			
covered-employee or covered payroll		49.53%	55.43%
covered-employee or covered payron		77.33/0	JJ.4J/0

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Health Insurance Component Unit School Board

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 573,000	\$ 543,000
Interest	585,000	582,000
Changes in assumptions	(878,000)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,120,000)	-
Contributions	(683,000)	
Benefit payments		(1,371,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (3,523,000)	\$ (246,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	16,237,000	16,483,000
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 12,714,000	\$ 16,237,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 25,671,036	\$ 29,273,402
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee or covered payroll	49.53%	55.47%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Health Insurance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Valuation Date: 7/1/2018
Measurement Date: 7/1/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

L : 16 : 14 : 1	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age actuarial cost method
Discount Rate	3.62%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.00% for fiscal year end 2019, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%
Salary Increase Rates	Service-graded
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Fully Generational Mortality Table, with base year
	2006, using two-dimensional improvement scale MP-2018

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Pro Sh Ne	Employer's opportionate hare of the et GLI OPEB billity (Asset)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Governmen	t:					
2018	0.05207%	\$	790,810	\$ 9,937,378	7.96%	51.22%
2017	0.05350%		804,781	9,867,602	8.16%	48.86%
Other Component U	nits:					
2018	0.00805%	\$	122,190	\$ 1,535,455	7.96%	51.22%
2017	0.00799%		120,219	1,474,039	8.16%	48.86%
Component Unit Sch	nool Board-Nonprofession	nal:				
2018	0.01993%	\$	303,000	\$ 3,789,766	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.02123%		320,000	3,915,089	8.17%	48.86%
Component Unit Sch	nool Board-Professional:					
2018	0.13578%	\$	2,063,000	\$ 25,814,219	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.14346%		2,159,000	26,462,433	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date	R	ntractually equired ntribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)			Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
Primary G	overnn	nent·								
2019	\$	50,703	\$	50,703	\$	=	\$	9,750,829	0.52%	
2018	*	51,673	*	51,673	•	=	*	9,937,378	0.52%	
2017		51,312		51,312		-		9,867,602	0.52%	
Other Con	nponer	t Units:								
2019	\$	8,270	\$	8,270	\$	-	\$	1,590,522	0.52%	
2018		7,984		7,984		=		1,535,455	0.52%	
2017		7,665		7,665		-		1,474,039	0.52%	
Componer	nt Unit	School Boar	d (nonp	rofessional):						
2019	\$	18,395	\$	18,395	\$	-	\$	3,537,467	0.52%	
2018		19,707		19,707		-		3,789,766	0.52%	
2017		20,358		20,358		-		3,915,089	0.52%	
2016		19,014		19,014		-		3,961,302	0.48%	
2015		18,688		18,688		-		3,893,364	0.48%	
2014		18,446		18,446		-		3,842,931	0.48%	
2013		18,492		18,492		-		3,852,398	0.48%	
2012		10,887		10,887		-		3,888,368	0.28%	
2011		10,623		10,623		-		3,794,048	0.28%	
2010		7,839		7,839		-		2,903,464	0.27%	
Componer	nt Unit	School Boar	d (profe	essional):						
2019	\$	129,038	\$	129,038	\$	-	\$	24,814,371	0.52%	
2018		134,238		134,238		-		25,814,219	0.52%	
2017		137,605		137,605		-		26,462,433	0.52%	
2016		127,248		127,248		-		26,510,012	0.48%	
2015		127,864		127,864		-		26,638,341	0.48%	
2014		127,308		127,308		-		26,522,546	0.48%	
2013		128,717		128,717		-		26,816,024	0.48%	
2012		78,056		78,056		-		27,877,204	0.28%	
2011		79,269		79,269		-		28,310,459	0.28%	
2010		55,742		55,742		-		20,645,175	0.27%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available for the County and Other Component Units as the information prior to this time was not allocated in a similar manner. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

County of Tazewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of County of Tazewell School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

		Er	nployer's			Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB	
	Employer's		portionate			Liability	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the	Sha	are of the	E	Employer's	as a Percentage of	Net Position as a
	Net HIC OPEB	Net	HIC OPEB		Covered	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Tota
Date	Liability	L	.iability		Payroll	(3)/(4)	HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)
2018	0.31833%	\$	4,042,000	\$	25,740,658	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.33488%		4,248,000		26,428,915	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

		Relation to				Contributions
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution		Employer's	as a % of
	Required	Required	Deficiency		Covered	Covered
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
Date	(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)
2019	\$ 297,533 \$	297,533 \$	-	\$	24,794,223	1.20%
2018	316,611	316,611	-		25,740,658	1.23%
2017	293,361	293,361	-		26,428,915	1.11%
2016	280,173	280,173	-		26,431,418	1.06%
2015	281,738	281,738	-		26,579,014	1.06%
2014	293,637	293,637	-		26,453,792	1.11%
2013	296,626	296,626	-		26,723,055	1.11%
2012	167,051	167,051	-		27,841,898	0.60%
2011	155,652	155,652	-		25,942,076	0.60%
2010	217,710	217,710	-		20,645,175	1.05%

County of Tazewell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change



County of Tazewell, Virginia Major Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budget Amo	unts		Variance with	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	
REVENUES					
Miscellaneous	\$ 1,200,000 \$	1,200,000 \$	- \$	(1,200,000)	
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth	1,100,000	1,100,000	-	(1,100,000)	
Total Revenues	\$ 2,300,000 \$	2,300,000 \$	- \$	(2,300,000)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government Administration	\$ 4,088,932 \$	4,135,932 \$	219,917 \$	3,916,015	
Public Works	-	-	1,106,392	(1,106,392)	
Community Development	125,000	125,000	87,500	37,500	
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,213,932 \$	4,260,932 \$	1,413,809 \$	2,847,123	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	\$ (1,913,932) \$	(1,960,932) \$	(1,413,809) \$	547,123	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,913,932) \$	(1,960,932) \$	471,393 \$	2,432,325	
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,913,932	1,960,932	275,041	(1,685,891)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ - \$	- \$	746,434 \$	746,434	

County of Tazewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

			Αç	jency Funds	
		Special		Local	
		Welfare		Sales Tax	
		Funds		Fund	Total
ASSETS	_				
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	60,757	\$	-	\$ 60,757
Due from Other Governmental Units		-		198,420	198,420
Total Assets	\$	60,757	\$	198,420	\$ 259,177
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	-	\$	198,420	\$ 198,420
Amounts Held for Others		60,757		-	60,757
Total Liabilities	\$	60,757	\$	198,420	\$ 259,177

County of Tazewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	-	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
Special Welfare Fund:					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,193	\$ 111,560	\$	(126,996)	\$ 60,757
Liabilities:					
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 76,193	\$ 111,560	\$	(126,996)	\$ 60,757
Local Sales Tax Fund:					
Assets:					
Due from other governmental units	\$ 216,177	\$ 1,135,715	\$	(1,153,472)	\$ 198,420
Liabilities:					
Due to Other Governmental Units	\$ 216,177	\$ 1,135,715	\$	(1,153,472)	\$ 198,420
	Totals				
Total Assets:					_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,193	\$ 111,560	\$	(126,996)	\$ 60,757
Due from other governmental units	216,177	1,135,715		(1,153,472)	198,420
Total assets	\$ 292,370	\$ 1,247,275	\$	(1,280,468)	\$ 259,177
Total Liabilities:					
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 76,193	\$ 111,560	\$	(126,996)	\$ 60,757
Due to Other Governmental Units	216,177	1,135,715		(1,153,472)	198,420
Total liabilities	\$ 292,370	\$ 1,247,275	\$	(1,280,468)	\$ 259,177

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	<u>R</u>	Special evenue Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,189,902
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):		
Taxes		143,210
Total Assets	\$	1,333,112
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$	146,220
Total Liabilities	\$	146,220
FUND BALANCES		
Committed		1,186,892
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,186,892
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,333,112

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

DEVENUES		Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES Other Local Taxes	\$	828,363
Charges for Services	Ş	11,073
Intergovernmental:		11,075
Commonwealth		121,415
Total Revenues	\$ -	960,851
Total Revenues	· -	700,031
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Judicial Administration	\$	11,808
Public Works		856,877
Total Expenditures	\$	868,685
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		
Expenditures	\$	92,166
	_	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers Out	\$	(285,502)
	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(193,336)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated		1,380,228
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,186,892

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Law Library</u> <u>Fund</u>	Coal Road Improvement Fund	Coal Road Economic Development Fund	<u>Damage Stamp</u> <u>Fund</u>	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents \$	68,268 \$	1,086,237 \$	35,355 \$	42 \$	1,189,902
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes		93,365	49,845		143,210
Total Assets \$	68,268 \$	1,179,602 \$	85,200 \$	42 \$	1,333,112
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable \$	794 \$	145,426 \$	\$	·	146,220
FUND BALANCES Committed	67,474 \$	1,034,176 \$	85,200 \$	42 \$	1,186,892
Total Fund Balances	67,474 \$	1,034,176 \$	\$ 200 \$	42 \$	1,186,892
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 89,268 \$	1,179,602 \$	85,200 \$	42 \$	1,333,112

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds County of Tazewell, Virginia

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total	- \$ 828,363 - 11,073	- 121,415 - \$ 960,851	- \$ 11,808	- \$ 868,685	- \$ 92,166	(285,502)	- \$ (193,336) 2 1,380,228	1,186,892
Damage Stamp Fund							- 42	42
Coal Road Economic Development Fund	337,160 \$	337,160 \$	- \$	320,391 \$	16,769 \$		16,769 \$ 68,431	85,200 \$
Coal Road Improvement Fund	491,203 \$	121,415	536,486	536,486 \$	76,132 \$	(285, 502)	(209,370) \$ 1,243,546	1,034,176 \$
Law Library Fund	. \$ -	- 11,073 \$	11,808 \$	11,808 \$	(735) \$		(735) \$ 68,209	67,474 \$
	٠	S	ب	φ	φ		\$	\$
	REVENUES Other Local Taxes Charges for Services	Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial Administration Public Works	Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out	Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	Fund Balance - Ending

County of Tazewell, Virginia
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Law Library Fund	/ Fund				Coal Road Improvement Fund	ment Fund	
		Budget Amounts	ınts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	ıts		Variance with
		<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES Other Local Taxes Charges for Services	s	- \$ 10,920	- \$ -	- \$ -	. 153	s	440,000 \$	440,000 \$	491,203 \$	51,203
intergovernmental: Commonwealth Total Revenues	ν	10,920 \$	10,920 \$	- 11,073 \$. 153	S.	500,000	500,000	121,415 612,618 \$	(378,585)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Judicial Administration	٠.	25,000 \$	25,000 \$	11,808 \$	13,192	v,	.	\$ '	\$ '	
Public Works Total Expenditures	\$	25,000 \$	25,000 \$	- 11,808 \$	13,192	\$	1,000,000	1,000,000	536,486 536,486 \$	463,514
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	٠,	(14,080) \$	(14,080) \$	(735) \$	13,345	w	\$ (00,000)	\$ (000'09)	76,132 \$	136,132
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out						v.	(285,502) \$	(285,502) \$	(285,502) \$	
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	S	(14,080) \$ 69,400	(14,080) \$ 69,400	(735) \$ 68,209	13,345 (1,191)	\$	(60,000) \$ 1,183,955	(60,000) \$ 1,183,955	(209,370) \$ 1,243,546	(149,370) 59,591
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	55,320 \$	55,320 \$	67,474 \$	12,154	s	1,123,955 \$	1,123,955 \$	1,034,176 \$	(89,779)

County of Tazewell, Virginia
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Coal R	oad Economic D	Coal Road Economic Development Fund	p			Damage 5	Damage Stamp Fund	
		Budget Amounts	nts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	ınts		Variance with
		<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>		<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES Other Local Taxes Charges for Services	s	301,800 \$	301,800 \$	337,160 \$	35,360	~	· ·		\$	
Intergovernmental: Commonwealth								•		
Total Revenues	Υ	301,800 \$	301,800 \$	337,160 \$	35,360	s	\$.		\$ - \$	
EXPENDITURES:										
Current: Judicial Administration	s	\$	\$	\$	•	s	\$	•	· ·	,
Public Works		273,600	273,600	320,391	(46,791)				•	
Total Expenditures	Υ	273,600 \$	273,600 \$	320,391 \$	(46,791)	s	\$.		\$ - \$	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	s	28,200 \$	28,200 \$	16,769 \$	(11,431)	s	S	•	· ·	,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balance	٠,	28.200 \$	28.200 \$	16.769 \$	(11.431)	~		•	S .	
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated		45,000	45,000	68,431	23,431			•	42	42
Fund Balance - Ending	∽	73,200 \$	73,200 \$	85,200 \$	12,000	\$	\$ -	•	\$ 42 \$	42

County of Tazewell, Virginia
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Total		
		Budget Amounts			Variance with
				Actual	Final Budget
		Original	Final	Amounts	Pos (Neg)
REVENUES					
Other Local Taxes	∽	741,800 \$	741,800 \$	828,363 \$	86,563
Charges for Services		10,920	10,920	11,073	153
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth		200,000	200,000	121,415	(378,585)
Total Revenues	\$	1,252,720 \$	1,252,720 \$	960,851 \$	(291,869)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Judicial Administration	\$	25,000 \$	25,000 \$	11,808 \$	13,192
Public Works		1,273,600	1,273,600	856,877	416,723
Total Expenditures	\$	1,298,600 \$	1,298,600 \$	\$ 589,898 \$	429,915
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	w	(45,880) \$	(45,880) \$	92,166 \$	138,046
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out		(285,502)	(285,502)	(285,502)	•
Net Change in Fund Balance	s	(331,382) \$	(331,382) \$	(193,336) \$	138,046
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated		1,298,355	1,298,355	1,380,228	81,873
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,252,475 \$	1,252,475 \$	1,186,892 \$	(65,583)

County of Tazewell, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

				School Operating Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	10,146,379
Accounts Receivable				18,625
Due from Other Governmental Units				1,821,676
Prepaid items Total Assets			Ś	152,156 12,138,836
Total Assets			٠.	12,130,030
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable			\$	3,543,412
Accrued Health Claims				823,724
Due to Primary Government			_	3,684,385
Total Liabilities			\$	8,051,521
FUND BALANCE				
Nonspendable			\$	152,156
Restricted			,	2,949,738
Committed				985,421
Total Fund Balances			\$	4,087,315
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances			\$	12,138,836
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:				
Total fund balances - per above			\$	4,087,315
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	•			
Land	\$	1,908,716		
Buildings and Improvements		8,695,556		
Tenancy in common		10,272,065		
Machinery and equipment	_	3,705,215		24,581,552
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	4,723,950		
OPEB related items	_	1,220,769		5,944,719
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds		(E4.142)		
Accrued Interest payable Net OPEB liabilities	\$	(54,163) (19,122,000)		
Compensated absences		(623,405)		
Net pension liability		(43,133,047)		
Capital lease		(2,905,996)		(65,838,611)
Suprem reads	_	(2,700,770)		(00,000,011)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	(8,009,999)		
OPEB related items	_	(3,478,677)		(11,488,676)
Net Position of governmental activities - component unit school board			\$	(42,713,701)

County of Tazewell, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Tor the riscal real Ended Julie 30, 2017			
		Sc	hool Operating Fund
REVENUES			
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		\$	4,706
Charges for Services			1,104,905
Miscellaneous			36,214
Recovered Costs			424,268
Intergovernmental:			
Local Government			10,560,057
Commonwealth			39,519,172
Federal Government		. —	5,917,448
Total Revenues		\$	57,566,770
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Education		\$	56,251,615
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement			1,485,605
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges			117,305
Total Expenditures		\$	57,854,525
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures		\$	(287,755)
Net Change in Fund Balance		\$	(287,755)
Fund Balance - Beginning		•	4,375,070
Fund Balance - Ending		\$	4,087,315
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above		\$	(287,755)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital outlays \$	1,201,266		
Tenancy in common	512,257		
Depreciation expense	(1,549,283)		164,240
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-			
ins, and donations) is to increase net position.			(183,600)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal repayments: Capital lease			1,485,605
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.			
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable	24,799		
Change in compensated absences	39,718		
Change in OPEB related items	270,536		
Chage in pension related items	3,147,878		3,482,931
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board		\$	4,661,421

County of Tazewell, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budget A	mou	unts	-	Astrod	Variance with
DELIFABLIS	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
REVENUES	7 000		7 000		4 704	(2.20.1)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 7,000	\$	7,000	\$	4,706	\$ (2,294)
Charges for Services	762,616		762,616		1,104,905	342,289
Miscellaneous	14,356		14,356		36,214	21,858
Recovered Costs	312,750		312,750		424,268	111,518
Intergovernmental:						
Local Government	10,560,057		10,560,057		10,560,057	-
Commonwealth	38,560,316		38,560,316		39,519,172	958,856
Federal Government	 6,010,178		6,010,178		5,917,448	(92,730)
Total Revenues	\$ 56,227,273	\$	56,227,273	\$	57,566,770	\$ 1,339,497
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$ 58,392,989	\$	58,392,989	\$	56,251,615	\$ 2,141,374
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	362,375		362,375		1,485,605	(1,123,230)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	119,964		119,964		117,305	2,659
Total Expenditures	\$ 58,875,328	\$	58,875,328	\$	57,854,525	\$ 1,020,803
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (2,648,055)	\$	(2,648,055)	\$	(287,755)	\$ 2,360,300
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,648,055)	\$	(2,648,055)	\$	(287,755)	\$ 2,360,300
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,648,055		2,648,055		4,375,070	1,727,015
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,087,315	\$ 4,087,315

County of Tazewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Other Component Units June 30, 2019

		1116 30, 2019				
	Pu	ublic Service <u>Authority</u>	ustrial Develop- nent Authority	<u>Air</u>	port Authority	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	458,224	\$ 703,295	\$	26,697	\$ 1,188,216
Investments		1,778,838	-		-	1,778,838
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Interest receivable		-	-		-	-
Accounts receivable		751,966	-		595	752,561
Notes receivable		-	77,054		-	77,054
Due from other governmental units		468,094	-		4,699	472,793
Inventories		139,579	-		11,555	151,134
Prepaid items		74,956	-		1,838	76,794
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		194,545	-		-	194,545
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		330,662	3,604,636		629,871	4,565,169
Buildings and improvements		128,215	-		540,426	668,641
Improvements other than buildings		-	6,845,092		3,283,468	10,128,560
Machinery and equipment		654,037	-		265,215	919,252
Infrastructure		71,402,011	-		-	71,402,011
Construction in progress		3,355,725	15,578,727		5,873	18,940,325
Total assets	\$	79,736,852	\$ 26,808,804	\$	4,770,237	\$ 111,315,893
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	209,573	\$ -	\$	4,609	\$ 214,182
OPEB related items		48,154	-		442	48,596
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	257,727	\$ -	\$	5,051	\$ 262,778
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	538,452	\$ 30,381	\$	7,564	\$ 576,397
Accrued wages		92,327	-		3,466	95,793
Customers' deposits		194,545	-		-	194,545
Accrued interest payable		31,537	-		610	32,147
Unearned Revenue		-	3,000		-	3,000
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,854,432	19,589		16,619	2,890,640
Due in more than one year		34,290,122	2,865,292		254,519	37,409,933
Total liabilities	\$	38,001,415	\$ 2,918,262	\$	282,778	\$ 41,202,455
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	97,622	\$ -	\$	6,797	\$ 104,419
OPEB related items		158,159	-		688	158,847
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	255,781	\$ -	\$	7,485	\$ 263,266
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	40,318,061	\$ 23,143,574	\$	4,489,573	\$ 67,951,208
Unrestricted		1,419,322	746,968		(4,548)	2,161,742
Total Net Position	\$	41,737,383	\$ 23,890,542	\$	4,485,025	\$ 70,112,950

County of Tazewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Activities Other Component Units For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Organia Douglast				Net (Expense) Revenue and	e and		
			Program Revenues				Changes in Net Position	11011		
			Operating	Capital			Component Unit			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Public In	Industrial Development			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Serv	Service Authority	Authority	Airport Authority		Total
OTHER COMPONENT UNITS:										
Public Service Authority	\$ 8,346,449 \$	7,070,185	•	\$ 2,496,432	\$	1,220,168 \$		\$	\$	1,220,168
Industrial Development Authority	963,339	370,424	133,286	•			(459,629)			(459,629)
Airport Authority	532,044	10,469	124,143	40,473				(356	(356,959)	(356,959)
Total other component units	\$ 9,841,832 \$	7,451,078 \$	\$ 257,429	\$ 2,536,905	\$	1,220,168 \$	(459,629)	\$ (356	(356,959) \$	403,580
	General revenue:									
	מבוובו מר ו באבווחבא.				4					1
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	nues from use of	money and property		s	34,572 \$	•	\$	35,993 \$	70,565
	Miscellaneous					48,643	11,111	2	2,961	62,715
	Payments from Tazewell County	zewell County				1,043,037	422,351			1,465,388
	Grants and contrib	outions not restric	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ams		35,808				35,808
	Total general revenues	sanues			s	1,162,060 \$	433,462 \$		38,954 \$ 1,634,476	1,634,476
	Change in net position	ion			s	2,382,228 \$	(26,167) \$		(318,005) \$ 2,038,056	2,038,056
	Net position - beginning	ıning				39,355,155	23,916,709	4,803,030		68,074,894
	Net position - ending	Jg			\$	41,737,383 \$	23,890,542 \$		4,485,025 \$ 70,112,950	0,112,950

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:					
General Fund:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
General Property Taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$ 15,334,167	\$ 15,334,167	\$	15,002,076 \$	(332,091)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	1,134,832	1,134,832		1,342,752	207,920
Personal property taxes	4,982,968	4,982,968		5,140,334	157,366
Mobile home taxes	160,272	160,272		150,983	(9,289)
Machinery and tools taxes	1,440,228	1,440,228		1,152,186	(288,042)
Merchant's capital taxes	758,560	758,560		776,260	17,700
Vehicle Licenses	-	-		482,327	482,327
Penalties	346,500	346,500		316,753	(29,747)
Interest	 203,500	 203,500		302,739	99,239
Total General Property Taxes	\$ 24,361,027	\$ 24,361,027	\$	24,666,410 \$	305,383
Other Local Taxes:					
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 4,700,000	\$	4,713,962 \$	13,962
Consumers' utility taxes	850,000	850,000		845,507	(4,493)
MOPED and ATV sales tax	-	-		6,993	6,993
Utility license taxes	92,500	92,500		22,061	(70,439)
Motor vehicle licenses	-	-		3,160	3,160
Bank franchise taxes	50,000	50,000		61,364	11,364
Taxes on recordation and wills	225,000	225,000		261,269	36,269
Transient fee	195,000	195,000		180,730	(14,270)
Coal severance taxes	340,000	340,000		328,379	(11,621)
Gas severance taxes	 410,000	 410,000		502,387	92,387
Total Other Local Taxes	\$ 6,862,500	\$ 6,862,500	\$	6,925,812 \$	63,312
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses:					
Animal licenses	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$	8,764 \$	1,264
Land use application fees	300	300		141	(159)
Transfer fees	1,750	1,750		2,142	392
Legal service fees	40,000	40,000		72,432	32,432
Cavitts Creek camping fee	25,000	25,000		25,735	735
Building permits	60,000	60,000		46,904	(13,096)
Installment service fees	7,500	7,500		6,750	(750)
Return check fees	375	375		475	100
Junk dealers license	1,000	1,000		1,100	100
Erosion and sediment control permit	500	500		236	(264)
Other permits and licenses	 -	 -	_	4,046	4,046
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$ 143,925	\$ 143,925	\$	168,725 \$	24,800
Fines and Forfeitures:					
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$	45,217 \$	217
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:					
Revenue from use of money	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$	72,430 \$	42,430
Revenue from use of property	269,241	269,241		268,931	(310)
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ 299,241	\$ 299,241	\$	341,361 \$	42,120
Charges for Services:					
Commonwealth attorney fees	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$	10,690 \$	2,690
Courthouse maintenance fees	12,500	12,500		12,940	440
Courthouse security fees	75,000	75,000		74,151	(849)
Courthouse admission fee	448,000	448,000		695,333	247,333
Library fees	25,000	25,000		22,221	(2,779)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)					
General Fund: (continued)					
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)					
Charges for Services: (continued)					
Court appointed attorney	\$	- \$	-	\$ 5,066	
Gun permit fees		-	-	43,092	43,092
County garage service fees		165,000	165,000	180,427	15,427
Charges for animal pound		10,000	10,000	7,201	(2,799)
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		-	-	14,610	14,610
Sheriff special project fees		-	-	3,743	3,743
Other charges for service	. 	<u> </u>	-	1,950	1,950
Total Charges for Services	\$	743,500 \$	743,500	\$ 1,071,424	\$ 327,924
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	500,000 \$	500,000	\$ 70,605	\$ (429,395)
Expenditure refunds		-	-	1,591	1,591
Total Miscellaneous	\$	500,000 \$	500,000	\$ 72,196	\$ (427,804)
Recovered Costs:					
Library	\$	15,000 \$	15,000	\$ 15,008	\$ 8
Health department	*	-	-	61,583	61,583
Welfare recoveries		35,000	35,000	19,969	(15,031)
Sheriff		-	-	31,193	31,193
Insurance recoveries		82,000	82,000	110,007	28,007
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Auhority		-	-	602,022	602,022
VRS refund		650,000	650,000	675,488	25,488
EMS Recoveries		600,000	600,000	397,007	(202,993)
Other recoveries		100,000	100,000	123,050	23,050
Total Recovered Costs	\$	1,482,000 \$	1,482,000		
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	34,437,193 \$	34,437,193		
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical Aid:					
Mobile home titling tax	\$	85,000 \$	85,000	\$ 68,663	\$ (16,337)
Motor vehicle rental tax	*	35,000	35,000	43,752	8,752
Rolling stock tax		115,000	115,000	103,494	(11,506)
State communications tax		585,000	585,000	510,440	(74,560)
Personal property tax relief funds		2,673,821	2,673,821	2,758,262	84,441
Total Noncategorical Aid	\$	3,493,821 \$	3,493,821		
Colored Colored					
Categorical Aid:					
Shared Expenses:		725 744 6	725 744	ć 7 22 505	ć (2.22()
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	725,741 \$	725,741		
Sheriff		1,919,192	1,919,192	1,923,396	4,204
Commissioner of the Revenue		157,311	157,311	157,200	(111)
Treasurer		175,625	175,625	175,323	(302)
Registrar/Electoral Board		41,000	41,000	42,436	1,436
Clerk of the Circuit Court	<u>, —</u>	456,118	456,118	502,856	46,738
Total Shared Expenses	\$	3,474,987 \$	3,474,987	\$ 3,524,716	\$ 49,729
Other Categorical Aid:					
	\$	2,652,604 \$	2,652,604	\$ 2,777,419	\$ 124,815
Public assistance and welfare administration	7	2,032,004 3	2,032,004	2,,	7 127,013
Public assistance and welfare administration Comprehensive Services Act	7	1,487,500	1,487,500	1,496,323	8,823

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)				
General Fund: (continued)				
Intergovernmental: (continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)				
Categorical Aid: (continued)				
Other Categorical Aid: (continued)				
At risk youth and family	\$ 85,000 \$	85,000	\$ 88,885 \$	3,885
Litter control	11,500	11,500	10,628	(872)
Corrective service grant	131,429	131,429	131,569	140
Victim witness grant	37,326	37,326	38,073	747
School resource officer	34,660	34,660	88,379	53,719
PSAP, VITA & RSAF	298,938	298,938	482,288	183,350
Project lifesaver	-	-	2,500	2,500
Library of VA - record preservation grant	153,720	153,720	164,698	10,978
Commission on the arts	4,500	4,500	4,500	-
Substance abuse task force in rural Appalachia	77,330	77,330	71,531	(5,799)
Other state grants	· -	-	7,910	7,910
Emergency services grant	34,305	34,305	75,431	41,126
Bulletproof vest grant	86,000	86,000	27,592	(58,408)
Domestic violence DCJS grant	45,000	45,000	33,750	(11,250)
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$ 5,232,277 \$	5,232,277		364,932
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 12,201,085 \$	12,201,085	\$ 12,606,536 \$	405,451
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Noncategorical Aid:				
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 16,000 \$	16,000	\$ 29,617 \$	13,617
Categorical Aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 3,883,062 \$	3,883,062	\$ 4,065,774 \$	182,712
Emergency preparedness	254,438	254,438	7,503	(246,935)
Victim witness	111,973	111,973	114,212	2,239
Violence against women	27,584	27,584	41,376	13,792
HIDTA grant	-	-	32,536	32,536
Motor vehicle grant	-	-	22,141	22,141
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 4,277,057 \$	4,277,057	\$ 4,283,542 \$	6,485
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 4,293,057 \$	4,293,057	\$ 4,313,159 \$	20,102
Total General Fund	\$ 50,931,335 \$	50,931,335	\$ 52,246,167 \$	1,314,832
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:				
Law Library Fund				
Charges for Services:				
Law library fees	\$ 10,920 \$	10,920	\$ 11,073 \$	153
Total Charges for Services	\$ 10,920 \$	10,920	· ·	
Total Law Library Fund	\$ 10,920 \$	10,920	\$ 11,073 \$	153
Coal Road Improvement Fund				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Other Local Taxes:				
Coal road tax	\$ 440,000 \$	440,000	\$ 491,203 \$	51,203

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government: (continued)					
Coal Road Improvement Fund (continued)					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical Aid:					
Clinic Rd Lap - VDOT	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 121,415	\$	(378,585)
Total Coal Road Improvement Fund	\$ 940,000	\$ 940,000	\$ 612,618	\$	(327,382)
Coal Road Economic Development Fund					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Other Local Taxes:					
Coal road tax	\$ 301,800	\$ 301,800	\$ 337,160	\$	35,360
Major Capital Projects Fund:					
County CIP Fund:					
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ -	\$	(1,200,000)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical Aid:					
Other Categorical Aid:					
Other grant revenues	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ -	\$_	(1,100,000)
Total County CIP Fund	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 2,300,000	\$ -	\$	(2,300,000)
Total Primary Government	\$ 54,484,055	\$ 54,484,055	\$ 53,207,018	\$	(1,277,037)

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of property \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 4,706 \$ Charges for Services: Tuition \$ 182,366 \$ 182,366 \$ 495,958 \$ Cafeteria sales 550,000 550,000 579,601 Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: Recovered Costs: Recovered Costs: Recovered Costs: Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 366,575 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments: Revenue from Local Governments:	(2,294)
Revenue from Local Sources: Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of property \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 4,706 \$ Charges for Services: Tuition \$ 182,366 \$ 182,366 \$ 495,958 \$ Cafeteria sales 550,000 550,000 579,601 Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	(2,294)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of property \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 4,706 \$ Charges for Services: \$ 182,366 \$ 182,366 \$ 495,958 \$ Tuition \$ 550,000 550,000 550,000 579,601 Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Miscellaneous \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ Recovered Costs: \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	(2,294)
Revenue from use of property \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 4,706 \$ Charges for Services: Tuition \$ 182,366 \$ 182,366 \$ 495,958 \$ Cafeteria sales 550,000 550,000 579,601 Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	(2,294)
Charges for Services: Tuition \$ 182,366 \$ 182,366 \$ 495,958 \$ Cafeteria sales 550,000 550,000 579,601 Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	(2,294)
Tuition \$ 182,366 \$ 182,366 \$ 495,958 \$ Cafeteria sales \$ 550,000 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 579,601 \$ 579,601 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 579,601 \$ 550,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 27,665 \$ 5762,616 \$ 762,616	
Cafeteria sales 550,000 550,000 579,601 Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	
Charges for damaged books 250 250 1,681 Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	313,592
Charges for transportation 30,000 30,000 27,665 Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	29,601
Total Charges for Services \$ 762,616 \$ 762,616 \$ 1,104,905 \$ \$ Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	1,431
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ Recovered Costs: \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC \$ 366,575 \$ 366,575 \$ JROTC Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	(2,335)
Miscellaneous \$ 14,356 \$ 14,356 \$ 36,214 \$ \$ Recovered Costs: \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ \$ Rebates and refunds \$ 267,750 \$ 45,000 \$ 57,693 \$ \$ JROTC 45,000 \$ 45,000 \$ 57,693 \$ \$ \$ Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ \$ \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	342,289
Recovered Costs: Rebates and refunds JROTC Total Recovered Costs Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
Rebates and refunds JROTC \$ 267,750 \$ 267,750 \$ 366,575 \$ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	21,858
JROTC 45,000 45,000 57,693 Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments: * ** * ** * **	
Total Recovered Costs \$ 312,750 \$ 312,750 \$ 424,268 \$ Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	98,825
Total Revenue from Local Sources \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,096,722 \$ 1,570,093 \$ Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	12,693
Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:	111,518
Revenue from Local Governments:	473,371
Contribution from the County of Tazewell \$ 10,560,057 \$ 10,560,057 \$ 10,560,057 \$	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	
Categorical Aid:	
At risk four-year olds \$ 508,600 \$ 508,600 \$ 508,600 \$	-
At risk payments 880,778 880,778 982,587	101,809
Basic school aid 18,350,172 18,350,172 18,449,503	99,331
Composite Index Trans 132,768	132,768
Dual enrollment 499,023	499,023
ESL 13,398 13,398 9,925	(3,473)
Small school div enrollment loss 342,700 342,700 342,700	-
Career switcher mentoring program 1,000	1,000
E-rate funding 165,968	165,968
Foster care 42,557 42,557 12,191	(30,366)
GED funding 23,576 23,576 25,065	1,489
Gifted and talented children 199,338 199,338 200,549	1,211
GLI instructional 83,722 83,722 84,231	509
Mentor teaching program 7,446 7,446 4,333	(3,113)
Virtual VA tuition 225	225
Reading intervention 118,344 118,344 118,344	-
Reduced K-3 classroom 1,043,397 1,043,397 976,298	(67,099)
Remedial education 737,552 737,552 742,031	4,479
Remedial summer education 54,110 54,110 43,515	(10,595)
Retirement 2,659,172 2,659,172 2,675,324	16,152
School food 62,650 62,650 67,914	5,264
Share of state sales tax 6,541,339 6,541,339 6,614,855	73,516
Social security 1,204,003 1,204,003 1,211,316	, 5,510
SOL algebra readiness 107,693 107,693 110,158	
Special education - SOQ 2,555,516 2,551,038	7,313
Special education - foster care 21,375	

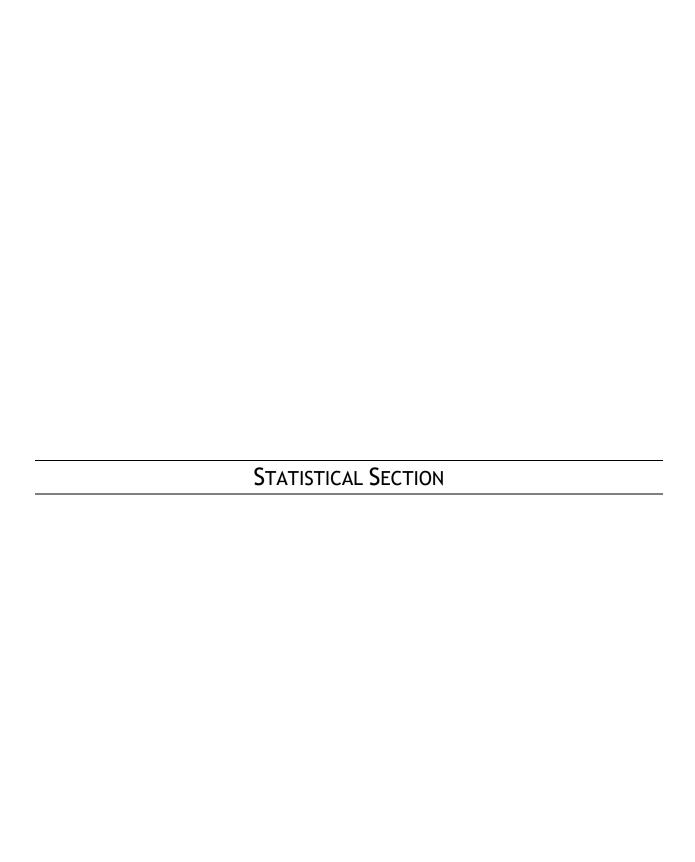
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance wit Final Budge <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	t-
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)					
School Operating Fund: (continued)					
Intergovernmental: (continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)					
Categorical Aid: (continued)					
Special education - homebound	\$ 100,695	\$ 100,695	\$ 89,494	\$ (11,2	201)
State textbook payments	401,427	401,427	403,866	2,4	439
State lottery payments	1,339,872	1,339,872	1,460,598	120,7	726
Technology assistance	380,000	380,000	-	(380,0	J00)
Vocational education - SOQ	761,472	761,472	766,097	4,6	625
Vocational education - equipment	30,431	30,431	16,916	(13,5	515)
Vocational education - adult	-	-	5,380	5,3	380
Vocational occupational preparedness	-	-	19,978	19,9	978
Other state payments	10,356	10,356	186,007	175,6	551
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 38,560,316	\$ 38,560,316	\$ 39,519,172	\$ 958,8	356
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 38,560,316	\$ 38,560,316	\$ 39,519,172	\$ 958,8	356
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Categorical Aid:					
Forest reserve funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,201	\$ 11,2	201
Title I	1,569,124	1,569,124	1,445,061	(124,0	J63)
Title II, A Staff training	254,986	254,986	234,209	(20,7	777)
Vocational education	132,000	132,000	59,650	(72,3	350)
Title VI-B	1,663,306	1,663,306	1,735,670	72,3	364
Title VI-B Preschool	130,096	130,096	44,399	(85,6	ó97)
Title V-B-2	125,162	125,162	87,387	(37,7	775)
Title IV - Student Support	41,504	41,504	-	(41,5	504)
CACFP	-	-	127,845	127,8	345
HHFKA Demo	43,000	43,000	15,920	(27,0)80)
School food-Summer program	16,000	16,000	16,248	2	248
School food commodities	-	-	190,063	190,0	ე63
School breakfast	585,000	585,000	532,304	(52,6	596)
School lunch	1,450,000	1,450,000	1,417,160	(32,8	340)
Fresh fruit and vegetable program	-	-	331	3	331
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 6,010,178	\$ 6,010,178	\$ 5,917,448	\$ (92,7	730)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 6,010,178	\$ 6,010,178	\$ 5,917,448	\$ (92,7	730)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$ 56,227,273	\$ 56,227,273	\$ 57,566,770	\$1,339,4	497

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	120,799	\$	122,205	\$	122,417	\$_	(212)
General and Financial Administration:								
County administrator	\$	270,465	\$	270,465	\$	280,102	\$	(9,637)
Legal services		187,093		194,392		184,104		10,288
Economic development		172,228		179,605		97,127		82,478
Commissioner of revenue		542,387		546,610		536,568		10,042
Reassessment		50,000		50,000		6,403		43,597
Treasurer		622,384		664,036		673,645		(9,609)
Finance office		309,522		312,348		314,437		(2,089)
Administration services		120,963		122,209		138,012		(15,803)
County garage		291,997		301,721		302,244		(523)
Information technology		441,991		441,991		412,226		29,765
Workforce consortium		-		1,887		2,042		(155)
Transit system		80,124		80,124		79,457		667
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	3,089,154	\$	3,165,388	\$	_	\$	139,021
Board of Elections:								
Registrar	\$	224,381	Ś	228,381	\$	212,750	Ś	15,631
•			_				_	·
Total General Government Administration	\$	3,434,334	\$ <u> </u>	3,515,974	\$ <u> </u>	3,361,534	\$ <u>_</u>	154,440
Judicial Administration:								
Courts:								
Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	823,850	\$	834,509	\$	807,746	\$	26,763
Circuit court		142,314		142,314		129,677		12,637
District court		12,862		12,862		10,061		2,801
Magistrate		6,425		6,425		6,077		348
Victim's witness assistance		211,287		197,240		194,732		2,508
V - stop		37,614		37,614		37,589		25
Juvenile and domestic relations court		8,387		10,660		10,667	_	(7)
Total Courts	\$	1,242,739	\$	1,241,624	\$ <u> </u>	1,196,549	\$_	45,075
Commonwealth's Attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	1,145,237	\$	1,164,766	\$	1,116,482	\$_	48,284
Total Judicial Administration	\$	2,387,976	\$	2,406,390	\$	2,313,031	\$	93,359
Public Safety:								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	4,871,243	\$	5,093,175	\$	4,961,665	\$	131,510
911 System		1,367,964		1,428,954		1,330,086		98,868
DARE program		-	. <u>.</u>	300	_	300	_	-
Total Law Enforcement and Traffic Control	\$	6,239,207	\$	6,522,429	\$	6,292,051	\$_	230,378
Fire and Rescue Services:								
Volunteer fire departments	\$	343,216	s	349,716	ς	350,441	ς	(725)
Volunteer rescue squads	7	96,041	*	106,041	*	102,409	*	3,632
Total Fire and Rescue Services	s —	439,257	ς —	455,757	ς —	452,850	ς –	2,907
I OLAL I II C AND INCOCUE DELYICES	'	737,237	· ´ —	733,737	<i>'</i> —	772,030	٠ <u> </u>	2,707

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budqet</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Public Safety: (continued)								
Correction and Detention:								
Jail	\$	4,738,404	\$	4,734,209	\$	4,693,492	\$	40,717
Probation office		336,568		340,763		337,357		3,406
Youth and family services		2,020,250		2,020,250		2,172,379		(152,129)
Special police		2,500		2,500		2,465		35
Total Correction and Detention	\$	7,097,722	\$	7,097,722	\$ _	7,205,693	\$ _	(107,971)
Inspections:								
Building Inspections	\$_	203,806	\$	203,806	\$_	189,419	\$_	14,387
Other Protection:								
Human services	\$	347,708	\$	347,708	\$	346,369	\$	1,339
Emergency services		1,103,549		1,127,868		1,063,182		64,686
Animal control		197,988		206,588		210,103		(3,515)
Property maintenance		33,737		24,829		22,066		2,763
E911 System		153,100		153,100		143,677		9,423
Forestry service		20,000		20,000		19,952		48
Substance Abuse Force in Rural Appalachia		77,330		77,330		71,464		5,866
Total Other Protection	\$	1,933,412	\$	1,957,423	\$		\$	80,610
Total Public Safety	\$	15,913,404	\$	16,237,137	\$	16,016,826	\$	220,311
Public Works:	-	, ,	_		_		· –	
Maintenance of Streets, Highways, and Bridges:								
	ć	E0 000	,	27 (00	,	27 / 05	ċ	(OF)
Orphan Road upgrading	\$_	50,000	٠ -	27,600	٠ -	27,685	۶ <u> </u>	(85)
Sanitation and Waste Removal:								
Transfer station	\$_	350,000	\$	400,210	\$	-	\$_	400,210
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:								
General properties	\$	1,237,823	Ś	1,271,016	Ś	1,232,229	Ś	38,787
Fairgrounds operations		54,970	•	54,592	•	49,757	•	4,835
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$	1,292,793	\$	1,325,608	\$ <u></u>		\$ _	43,622
Total Public Works	\$	1,692,793	\$	1,753,418	\$	1,309,671	\$	443,747
Health and Welfare:	_						_	
Health:								
Supplement of Local Health Department	\$_	500,966	\$	500,966	\$	500,966	\$_	-
Behavioral Health and Development Services:								
Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	-
Welfare:	_		_					
Public Assistance	\$	7,893,937	ς	7,904,437	ς	7,721,305	ς	183,132
Welfare Administration	*	928,632	~	928,632	*	1,018,273	7	(89,641)
Total Welfare	s ⁻	8,822,569	\$ _	8,833,069	s —		ş [–]	93,491
Total Health and Welfare	-		_		_	0.200.544	· _	02 404
Total Health and Welfare	\$_	9,383,535	٠ -	9,394,035	-	9,300,544	۰ -	93,491
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:								
Contribution to community colleges	\$	95,000	\$	95,000	\$	60,000	\$	35,000
Contribution to Tazewell County School Board	_	10,560,057		10,560,057	_	10,560,057	_	<u> </u>
Total Education	\$	10,655,057	\$	10,655,057	\$	10,620,057	\$	35,000

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Cavitt's Creek Park	\$	126,430	\$	167,348	\$	221,182	\$	(53,834)
Museums		63,850		63,850		62,214		1,636
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	190,280	\$	231,198	\$	283,396	\$	(52,198)
Library:								
Library Administration	\$	1,023,176	\$	1,044,570	\$_	1,042,892	\$	1,678
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	1,213,456	\$	1,275,768	\$_	1,326,288	\$_	(50,520)
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
Community Development	\$	51,450	Ś	54,450	Ś	53,750	Ś	700
Tourism	•	208,527		226,741		199,628	•	27,113
Planning and engineering		240,306		199,766		178,297		21,469
Contribution to Community Organizations		115,000		138,016		124,189		13,827
Contribution to Airport		119,193		124,143		124,143		-
Contribution to IDA		36,500		43,236		88,781		(45,545)
Total Planning and Community Development	\$	770,976	\$	786,352	\$	768,788	\$	17,564
Cooperative Extension Program:								
VPI extension	\$	120,218	ς	120,218	ς	119,180	ς	1,038
TT CACCISION	Ť <u> </u>	120,210	Ť —	120,210	Ť —	117,100	Ť –	1,030
Total Community Development	\$_	891,194	\$	906,570	\$_	887,968	\$_	18,602
Non-departmental:								
Contingent expenditures	\$	1,780,000	\$	1,160,400	\$	96,178	\$_	1,064,222
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,848,932	\$	1,848,932	\$	1,312,257	\$	536,675
Interest		1,034,416		1,034,416		734,164		300,252
Total Debt Service	\$	2,883,348	\$	2,883,348	\$	2,046,421	\$ _	836,927
Total General Fund	\$	50,235,097	\$	50,188,097	\$	47,278,518	\$	2,909,579
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:								
Law Library Fund:								
Judicial Administration:								
Courts:								
Law library	\$ _	25,000	\$	25,000	\$_	11,808	\$_	13,192
Coal Road Improvement Fund:								
Public Works:								
Maintenance of Highways, streets, bridges, and sidewalks	\$ <u></u>	1,000,000	\$ <u></u>	1,000,000	\$ _	536,486	\$ _	463,514
Coal Road Economic Development Fund:								
Public Works:								
Economic development	\$ _	273,600	\$	273,600	\$_	320,391	\$_	(46,791)
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	1,298,600	\$	1,298,600	\$	868,685	\$	429,915
	Ť –	,,	· —	, , 0	· –	,	· -	,

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Major Capital Project Fund:							
County CIP Fund:							
Public Works:							
Contributions to the Public Service Authority	\$_	-	\$	-	\$ 1,106,392	\$_	(1,106,392)
Community Development:							
Contributions to the Industrial Development Authority	\$_	125,000	\$	125,000	\$ 87,500	\$	37,500
Capital Projects:							
County capital project	\$_	4,088,932	\$_	4,135,932	\$ 219,917	\$_	3,916,015
Total County CIP Fund	\$_	4,213,932	\$	4,260,932	\$ 1,413,809	\$_	2,847,123
Total Primary Government	\$_	55,747,629	\$	55,747,629	\$ 49,561,012	\$_	6,186,617
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Education:							
Administration of schools:							
Administration, health and attendance	\$	4,139,617	\$	4,139,617	\$ 3,462,621	\$	676,996
Cafeteria operation		2,344,349		2,344,349	2,960,168		(615,819)
Total Administration of school	\$	6,483,966	\$	6,483,966	\$ 6,422,789	\$	61,177
Instructional:							
Instruction	\$_	41,578,922	\$_	41,578,922	\$ 39,406,264	\$_	2,172,658
Other operating costs							
Pupil transportation	\$	3,803,777	\$	3,803,777	\$ 2,991,146	\$	812,631
Operation and maintenance of school plant		5,406,734		5,406,734	5,516,882		(110,148)
Technical resources		1,119,590		1,119,590	1,914,534		(794,944)
Total other operating costs	\$	10,330,101	\$	10,330,101	\$ 10,422,562	\$	(92,461)
Total Education	\$_	58,392,989	\$_	58,392,989	\$ 56,251,615	\$_	2,141,374
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement	\$	362,375	\$	362,375	\$ 1,485,605	\$	(1,123,230)
Interest and fiscal charges		119,964		119,964	117,305		2,659
Total Debt Service	\$	482,339	\$	482,339	\$ 1,602,910	\$	(1,120,571)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ _	58,875,328	\$	58,875,328	\$ 57,854,525	\$_	1,020,803
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$_	58,875,328	\$	58,875,328	\$ 57,854,525	\$	1,020,803



County of Tazewell, Virginia Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 46,806,238	55,358,165	51,521,247	50,874,962	56,228,152	57,618,159	53,509,873	53,416,711	51,977,364	50,904,730
Landfill	5 1,701,481	1,359,364	1,744,014	1,729,821	1,573,233	1,770,276	1,926,065	2,000,193	2,315,958	2,522,917
Interest on Long- Term Debt	3 462,972	397,317	584,285	420,155	399,721	314,193	320,679	654,959	627,138	565,080
Community Development	\$ 2,176,532	6,706,909	3,731,899	928,051	1,853,237	1,067,600	1,099,152	1,139,934	1,322,293	1,007,607
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 1,278,302	913,958	1,399,357	2,107,259	1,369,916	1,507,870	1,165,905	1,336,454	2,145,145	1,852,831
Education	\$ 10,333,375	12,498,174	10,528,952	12,789,766	15,816,718	13,914,784	13,353,326	13,273,962	12,056,621	10,620,057
Health and Welfare	\$ 6,568,843	7,935,398	7,096,754	7,792,968	8,134,269	7,914,541	8,152,624	8,470,019	8,731,480	9,367,370
Public Works	\$ 5,327,605	5,170,568	6,260,014	5,840,389	6,343,517	7,195,353	4,493,410	3,686,198	2,963,089	3,044,245
Public Safety	\$ 12,199,744	12,226,338	12,095,017	12,141,514	13,249,481	15,278,730	13,873,649	14,237,930	15,144,377	15,812,040
Judicial Administration	\$ 2,293,078	2,384,875	2,217,971	2,402,694	2,455,018	3,313,678	3,173,371	3,190,221	2,874,446	2,907,411
General Government Administration	\$ 4,464,306	5,765,264	5,862,984	4,722,345	5,033,042	5,341,134	5,951,692	5,426,841	3,796,817	3,205,172
Fiscal Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

County of Tazewell, Virginia Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	\$ 48,743,174	52,518,688	50,572,276	52,927,731	54,975,296	52,081,549	51,896,003	51,133,712	49,221,070	51,917,542
	Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	\$ 2,539,185	3,015,566	3,682,169	3,911,447	3,759,152	3,757,650	3,728,032	3,659,505	3,498,665	3,514,228
				Miscellaneous	5 742,233	572,960	106,179	302,813	485,712	1,100,181	447,548	591,915	98,340	97,593
General Revenues		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 496,920 \$	566,080	508,368	503,608	425,796	332,444	329,816	329,599	337,777	341,361
95		Other	Local	Taxes	9,201,493	10,109,122	9,840,383	9,384,120	9,285,513	7,991,869	6,901,746	7,605,273	7,701,876	7,754,175
		General	Property	Taxes	\$ 22,339,123 \$	22,434,132	22,432,569	25,063,467	27,509,639	24,806,128	26,226,424	24,906,174	23,661,693	24,922,845
sennes		Operating	Grants and	Contributions	\$ 12,203,375	14,470,285	12,554,188	12,342,470	12,062,171	12,655,943	13,190,909	13,149,277	12,506,228	13,526,882
Program Revenues		Charges	for	Services	\$ 1,220,845	1,350,543	1,448,420	1,419,806	1,447,313	1,437,334	1,071,528	891,969	1,416,491	1,760,458
			Fiscal	Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

County of Tazewell, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Debt Service Total	s	1,859,615 100,356,508				-	-		
Capital Projects	\$ 4,178,516	772,843	176,812						
Non- Departmental	\$ 417,479	728,594	491,276	365,434	364,528	497,324	619,775	338,815	12,409
Community Development	\$ 2,254,077	6,629,999	3,670,296	822,526	1,737,768	956,162	980,731	973,789	1,297,301
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 1,264,793	1,227,381	1,400,476	2,184,724	1,360,475	1,552,509	1,420,994	1,342,090	1,388,303
Education (2)	\$ 59,043,332	56,082,561	57,386,788	58,437,244	56,714,966	62,685,113	60,723,862	57,145,016	56,961,881
Health and Welfare	\$ 6,560,999	7,902,900	7,198,253	7,824,599	8, 183, 291	7,955,651	8,317,691	8,362,506	8,715,225
Public Works	\$ 5,214,198	5,179,935	6,182,381	5,848,948	6,471,548	7,153,041	5,127,796	3,314,163	2,628,755
Public Safety	\$ 11,968,126	12,529,527	12,568,436	13,044,332	13,245,158	15,341,044	14,228,870	14,778,822	15,504,643
Judicial Administration	\$ 2,226,553	2,334,056	2,203,860	2,377,683	2,455,503	3,402,648	3,218,821	3,132,105	2,340,575
General Government Administration	\$ 4,090,059	5,079,097	5,496,926	5,368,601	5,489,790	5,772,315	6,183,097	5,640,127	4,457,149
Fiscal Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18

(1) Includes general, special revenue funds, and capital project funds of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit - school board (2) Excludes contributions from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

County of Tazewell, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

"	Fines and Forfeitures \$ 102,915	ines and eitures 102,915 \$	the Use of Money and Property 503,900	ς γ γ	Charges for Services 1,313,279	Miscellaneous \$ 1,381,478	_	Recovered Costs 785,421	Inter- governmental (2) \$ 61,658,458	(2)	Total 97,316,492
387, 173 460.872	m m	36,612 31.625	586,281		1,339,581	1,042,051	- ~	626,623	60,743,793		97,451,972
,257	. 4	12,935	519,624		1,306,595	856,99	2	2,093,588	59,382,794		99,953,648
,004	4	12,505	433,645		1,302,116	1,791,61	7	1,261,012	58,038,884		99,864,667
,410	7	1,963	341,579		1,162,471	1,226,11	_	1,611,264	59,555,518		97,146,721
,782	5	12,080	354,381		1,004,989	522,48	_	1,204,894	60,599,417		95,446,574
,550	9	3,875	337,299		1,521,353	302,79	8	2,158,735	62,406,844		99,176,753
,706	5	2,808	342,874		2,070,380	127,05	6	1,736,386	60,305,021		97,067,600
,725	4	5,217	346,067		2,187,402	108,41	0	2,459,595	62.477.730		100,213,731

(1) Includes general, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit - school board.

(2) Excludes contributions from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

* Includes one time federal bounty funds received

County of Tazewell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	4.76%	4.63%	4.54%	4.52%	5.46%	4.83%	7.76%	8.66%	9.10%	9.81%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	\$ 1,133,717	1,106,580	1,111,033	1,164,736	1,455,372	1,233,192	2,065,848	2,258,280	2,345,758	2,609,632
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	100.00%	98.54%	%86`26	92.88%	%62'66	93.76%	%66`66	102.53%	103.13%	%96.86
Total Tax Collections	3,809,898	23,530,031	23,971,613	24,705,221	26,576,232	23,946,154	26,632,507	26,743,397	26,581,494	26,322,853
Delinquent Tax Collections (1,2)	\$ 700,797	757,589	834,004	1,020,716	929,615	941,423	1,049,309	951,614	1,161,594	818,948
Percent of Levy Collected	%90.76	95.37%	94.57%	91.92%	%08.30%	%20.06	850.96	88.88%	87.62%	95.88%
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 23,109,101	22,772,442	23,137,609	23,684,505	25,646,617	23,004,731	25,583,198	25,791,783	25,419,900	25,503,905
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 23,808,926	23,879,022	24,466,827	25,766,294	26,632,825	25,540,970	26,633,971	26,083,174	25,775,840	26,598,519
Fiscal Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

(1) Excludes penalty and interest.(2) Does not include land redemptions

Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) County of Tazewell, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	2,953,030,514	2,931,123,783	2,912,825,273	3,556,083,277	3,544,596,647	3,547,464,768	3,412,341,448	3,382,791,033	3,385,874,295	3,379,351,639
	s									
Public Service (2)	145,812,842	151,502,180	151,353,638	173,166,368	177,691,147	176,684,724	182,456,119	186,984,542	210,192,345	231,089,717
	\$									
Merchants' Capital	24,935,700	21,779,750	24,180,008	25,299,900	25,187,000	24,289,700	23,703,017	22,026,809	20,728,800	20,868,400
2	s									
Machinery and Tools	52,822,200	60,574,600	57,412,500	85,826,200	150,614,300	115,749,000	109,308,261	85,434,736	75,498,859	70,123,200
	٠									
Personal Property and Mobile Home	385,307,872	410,218,953	419,792,327	431,193,109	439,183,000	442,628,944	433,577,251	434,951,196	426,879,741	430,906,347
	\$									
Real Estate	2,344,151,900	2,287,048,300	2,260,086,800	2,840,597,700	2,751,921,200	2,788,112,400	2,663,296,800	2,653,393,750	2,652,574,550	2,626,363,975
	s									
Fiscal Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

(1) Assessments at 100% of fair market value.(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Public Service Personal Property	\$ 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.0	7,00
Public Service Real Estate	\$ 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.57 0.57 0.57 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55 0.55	5
Merchants Capital	\$ 4.30 6.44 6.45 6.4	2000
Machinery and Tools	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	700.4
Personal Property	\$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00 \$ 2.00	2.00
Real Estate	\$ 0.58 0.58 0.58 0.57 0.57 0.55 0.55 0.55	2
Fiscal	2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16	\!_0 07

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

Ration of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita County of Tazewell, Virginia

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	242	208	197	179	173	161	139	123	11
Bo Det	٠								
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.37%	0.32%	0.25%	0.23%	0.22%	0.21%	0.19%	0.16%	0.15%
Gross Bonded Debt (2)	10,793,095	10,028,765 9,395,256	8,860,394	8,077,987	7,782,189	7,237,855	6,276,668	5,537,635	5,025,378
	⋄								
Assessed Value	2,953,030,514	2,931,123,783 2,912,825,273	3,556,083,277	3,544,596,647	3,547,464,768	3,412,341,448	3,382,791,033	3,385,874,295	3,379,351,639
	ب								
Population (1)	44,600	45,078 45,078	45,078	45,078	45,078	45,078	45,078	45,078	45,078
Fiscal Year	2009-10	2011-11	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases and compensated absences.

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census. (2) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund loans.

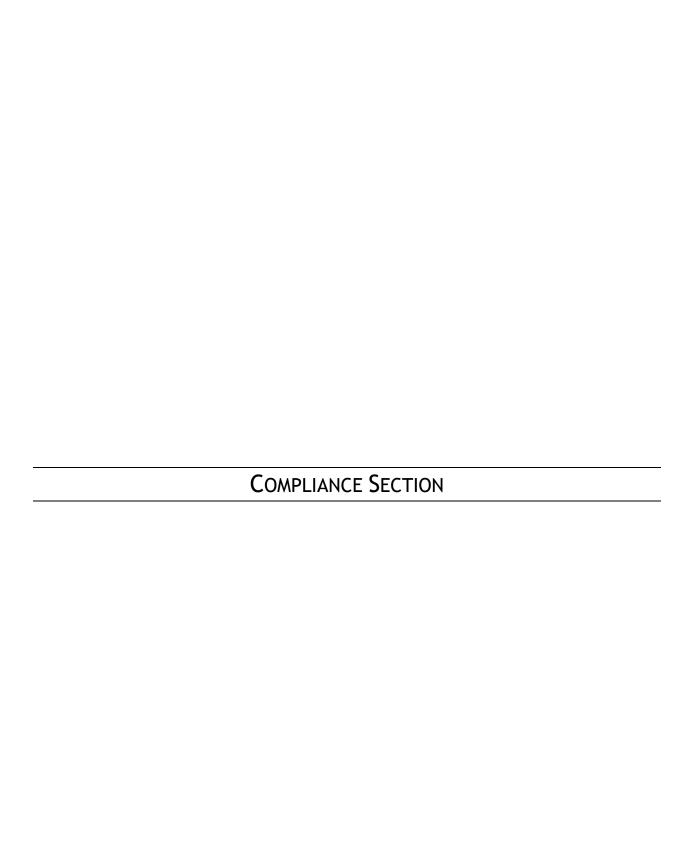
Table 9

County of Tazewell, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	1.14%	1.23%	1.15%	1.00%	1.28%	0.58%	0.88%	2.72%	2.42%	2.11%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	\$ 98,950,035	100,356,508	97,897,271	97,793,003	97,820,389	106,371,411	102,961,460	99,191,867	96,871,939	96,855,480
Total Debt Service (2)	\$ 1,127,401	1,233,439	1,121,767	973,929	1,250,148	617,695	908,436	2,696,065	2,343,312	2,046,421
Interest	\$ 487,207	469,109	488,258	439,067	467,741	321,897	364,102	1,004,878	844,279	734,164
Principal	\$ 640,194	764,330	633,506	534,862	782,407	295,798	544,334	1,691,187	1,499,033	1,312,257
Fiscal Year	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

(1) Includes General Fund of the Primary Government





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Supervisors County of Tazewell, Virginia Tazewell, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit school board, the aggregate remaining discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Tazewell, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Tazewell, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting (continued)

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Tazewell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Tazewell, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

County of Tazewell, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Tazewell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 19, 2019



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Supervisors County of Tazewell, Virginia Tazewell, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Tazewell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Tazewell, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. County of Tazewell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Tazewell, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the Public Service Authority (the Authority) which expended \$1,635,911 in federal awards which is not included in the County of Tazewell, Virginia's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2019. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Authority because the Authority engaged other auditors to perform an audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Tazewell, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Tazewell, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Tazewell, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Tazewell, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

County of Tazewell, Virginia's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Tazewell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Tazewell, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-003, which we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (continued)

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Association

County of Tazewell, Virginia's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Tazewell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 19, 2019

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Entity Identifying		Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number		Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	92129, 91129, 90359, 90360, 90361	\$	29,461
TANF Cluster:			•	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	90603, 91109, 91110, 91111		534,131
		91112, 91127, 90365, 90366		
		90367, 90377, 90603, 92127		
		92109, 92110, 92111, 92112,		
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	92129, 91129, 90359, 90360, 90361		317
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	92113, 91113, 92114, 91114		82,753
CCDF Cluster:				
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child				
Care and Development Fund	93.596	92116, 92117, 92118, 91116,		91,531
		91117, 91118		
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	90353		4,000
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	92131, 91131		593
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	90209, 90635, 90636, 90637		674,335
		90638, 90639, 90640, 90656 90657, 90658, 91105, 91106		
		91107, 91128, 91133, 91138		
		91147, 91405, 91406, 91407		
		91433, 91438, 91447, 92105		
		92106, 92107, 92128, 92133		
		92138, 92147		
Adoption Assistance	93.659	90606, 90627, 90607, 91108		698,058
		91408, 92108, 90214		2.2,222
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	90308, 90340 90351, 90379		451,982
		90648, 91120 ,91122, 91123		,,,,
		91124, 91125, 91126, 91142		
		92120, 92122, 92123, 92124		
		92125, 92126, 92142		
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	92102, 91102, 91402		9,886
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	92102, 91102, 91402		15,986
Medicaid Cluster:				
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	90213, 91101, 91146, 91150		769,637
		91401, 91446, 91450, 92101		
		92146, 92150	-	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$_	3,362,670
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass-through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Department of Education:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40253	\$ 532,304	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40254	\$ 1,417,160	
National School Earlett Fogram	10.333	10251	\$ 1,417,100	
Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution	10.555	Unknown	189,367 1,606,527	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not applicable	16,944 \$	2,155,775
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	10.558	Unknown		127,845
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	Unknown		331
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	Unknown		15,920
Department of Education:				
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841		11,201
Department of Social Services:				
SNAP Cluster:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	92103, 91103, 91403, 90212		703,104
		90304, 92104, 91104, 91404		
Total Department of Agriculture		90303	¢	2 014 176
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ <u>-</u>	3,014,176
Department of Justice:				
Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	17VAGX0018	\$	114,212
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	18WFAX0056		41,376
Total Department of Justice			•	455 500
Total Department of Justice			\$ <u>_</u>	155,588

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Executive Office of the President				
Pass-through Payments:				
Appalachia HIDTA:				
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Unknown	\$	32,536
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Unknown	\$	7,503
Department of Transportation:				
Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2019-59138-9138	\$	6,880
Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FOP-2018-58096-8096	\$ 7,356	
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	20.601	K8-2018-58092-8092	7,905	15,261
Total Department of Transportation			\$	22,141
Department of Education:				
Pass-through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	\$	1,445,061
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071	\$ 1,735,670	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	44,399	1,780,069
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095		59,650
Rural Education	84.358	43481		87,387
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	61480		234,209
Total Department of Education			\$	3,606,376
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	10,200,990

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal awards of the County of Tazewell, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Tazewell, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Tazewell, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 5 -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans

The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note 6 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

 $Federal\ expenditures,\ revenues\ and\ capital\ contributions\ are\ reported\ in\ the\ County's\ basic\ financial\ statements\ as\ follows:$

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$	4,313,159
Less: Payment in lieu of taxes	_	(29,617)
Total Primary Government	\$	4,283,542
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	5,917,448
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$	10,200,990
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	10,200,990

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR

Section 200.516(a) Yes

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	_
84.010	Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster	
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	
93.778	Medical Assistance Program	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish and Type B programs:	between Type A	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk audite	ee?	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2019-001 (Material Weakness)

Criteria: Per AU-C Section 265, an auditee should have sufficient controls in place to

produce financial statements in accordance with applicable standards. Furthermore, reliance on the auditor to propose adjustments necessary to

comply with reporting standards is not a component of such controls.

Condition: The financial statements as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary

adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial

statements.

Effect of Condition: There is more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the

financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the

County's internal controls over financial reporting.

Cause of Condition: The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct

adjustments in closing their year end financial statements.

Recommendation: The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the

fiscal year and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related

schedules are accurately presented for audit.

Management's Response: The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the fiscal

year and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are

made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2019-002 (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: Controls should be in place to ensure that grant funds are requested for

reimbursement in a timely manner in accordance with the matching principle.

Condition: The School Board is not submitting reimbursement requests for federal grant

programs in a timely manner.

Effect of Condition: There is a reasonable possibility that revenues and expenditures are not

appropriately matched and reported in accordance with Generally Accepted

Accounting Principles.

Cause of Condition: The School Board does not have adequate staffing to ensure that

reimbursement requests are filed in a timely manner.

Recommendation: The School Board should review its processes to see if there are any efficencies

that can be gained with the current staff to ensure that reimbursement

requests are filed timely.

Management's Response: The School Board agrees with the comment and recommendation, but with the

current staffing feels that is is unable to implement the above

recommendation.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2019-003

Agency: Department of Education

Federal Award Number/Year: H027A170107/2017; H173A160112/2016

Program Titles: Special Education Cluster

CFDA Numbers: 84.027/84.173

Pass-through Entities: Departments of Education

Compliance Requirement: Cash Management

Finding Type: Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Criteria: Amounts requested for reimbursement should be tied to the underlying

expenditure reports.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

2019-003 (Continued)

Agency: Department of Education

Condition: Payroll reports were not maintained to support the amounts requested on the

reimbursement requests.

Questioned Costs: Unknown

Context: Amounts submitted for reimbursement for payroll and related expenditures

should be supported by the underlying payroll reports.

Effect: Amounts could be under or over-requested from the federal government.

Cause: Reconciliations were not performed and reviewed prior to the reimbursement

request being submitted to the state.

Recommendation: Management should establish a process whereby amounts requested for

reimbursement are reconciled to the underlying payroll and expenditure reports. Same should be reviewed in detail prior to submitting the

reimbursement request(s).

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective

Action:

Management agrees with the condition and will begin reconciling reimbursement requests to actual expenditures in the accounting system.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

2018-001

This finding is repeated in the current year as 2019-002.

2018-002

This finding is repeated in the current year as 2019-003.