COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

County of Tazewell, Virginia Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Charles Stacy, Chairman

Seth White, Vice Chairman Mike Hymes John Absher John Garland Roberts, Jr.

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

David Woodard, Chairman James Jones, Vice Chairman Michael Dennis Michaelene Myer, Superintendent of Schools

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Darrell Addison, Chairman

Karen Rich ChrisThompson Tony Cordle Robert Steele

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS

James Spencer, County Administrator Rex Tester, Director of Social Services

OTHER OFFICIALS

Commonwealth's Attorney	Dennis H. Lee
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Buddy Blevins
Commissioner of the Revenue	David R. Anderson
Treasurer	David T. Larimer
Sheriff	Brian L. Hieatt
School Board Clerk	Vicki Bailey

FINANCIAL SECTION

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the discretely presented component unit - School Board, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Tazewell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the discretely presented component unit - School Board, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Tazewell, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress on pages 5-11, 65, and 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Tazewell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2014, on our consideration of County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolimson, Farmer, Ly associates

Blacksburg, Virginia December 18, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Tazewell County County of Tazewell, Virginia

As management of County of Tazewell, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic audited financial statements.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets of the County's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$21,041,302 (net position). Of this amount, \$10,841,241 was considered unrestricted.
- The assets of the County's business-type activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,308,856 (net position).
- The assets of the School Board component unit exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$20,920,606 (net position). Of this amount \$2,983,541 was considered unrestricted.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,848,949. Of this amount \$9,458,308 was considered unassigned, \$2,583,277 was considered committed, \$3,797,889 was considered restricted and \$9,475 was considered nonspendable.
- During the year, the County had governmental expenses that were \$397,182 more than revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> – The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The Statement of Activities distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Our governmental activities include general government, courts, public safety, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation. Our business-type activities are for waste collection and for public utilities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements include not only County of Tazewell, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a Landfill Fund (known as business-type activities) and a legally separate school board for which County of Tazewell, Virginia is financially accountable. The financial statements also include three discretely presented component units that we do not control, but do exercise a significant financial relationship with. These include the Public Service Authority, the Industrial Development Authority and the Tazewell County Airport Authority.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. County of Tazewell, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements, governmental fund financial statement focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term

financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, E-911 Fund, Coal Road Improvement Fund, Coal Road Economic Fund, Damage Stamp Fund and the Law Library Fund, of which the General and Capital Project Funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the five other non-major governmental funds are combined into a single presentation. Individual fund data for each of these funds are shown elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The County maintains one proprietary fund; Landfill Fund. This fund accounts for activities similar to those found in the private sector.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds and expendable trust funds. We are responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's Government-wide Financial Statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

<u>Other information</u> – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component units and the non-major funds.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the of the County's Primary Government, assets exceed liabilities by \$26,350,158 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the County's net position \$13,747,144 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position \$6,313,196, are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position \$6,289,818 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities for 2014 and 2013.

Statement of Net Assets

/pe s
879
329
708
585 908 749 242
742
897
827
466

Statement of Activities

	В	vernmental and usiness-type Activities 2014	vernmental and usiness-type Activities 2013
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$	1,447,313	\$ 1,419,806
Operating grants and contributions		12,062,171	12,342,470
General revenues			
Property taxes		27,509,639	25,063,467
Other taxes		9,285,513	9,384,120
Revenue from use of money and			
property		425,796	503,608
Miscellaneous		485,712	302,813
Intergovernmental revenues			
Grants and contributions not			
restricted to specific programs		3,759,152	 3,911,447
Total revenues		54,975,296	52,927,731
Expenses			
General government		5,033,042	4,722,345
Judicial administration		2,455,018	2,402,694
Public safety		13,249,481	12,141,514
Public works		6,343,517	5,840,389
Health and welfare		8,134,269	7,792,968
Education		15,816,718	12,789,766
Parks, recreation and cultural		1,369,916	2,107,259
Community development		1,853,237	928,051
Interest on debt		399,721	420,155
Landfill		1,573,233	 1,729,821
Total expenses		56,228,152	 50,874,962
Change in net assets	\$	(854,044)	\$ 2,052,769

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets, both for the County as a whole and for its business-type activities.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,848,949. Approximately 0% or \$9,475 is considered nonspendable as it is for prepaid expenses, 24% of this total amount, \$3,797,889 constitutes restricted fund balance, which is not available for current spending since it has been restricted by external parties such as grantors, laws or legislation. Approximately 16% or \$2,583,277 has been committed by action of the Board of Supervisors. The remaining balance, \$9,458,308 or 60% is unassigned, meaning there is no restrictions placed on the funds.

The general fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$9,467,783, of this amount \$9,458,308 was considered unassigned, and \$9,475 was nonspendable. The special revenue funds, at the end of the fiscal year, had a fund balance of \$2,584,842 of which \$2,583,277 was considered committed and \$1,565 was restricted and the County Capital Projects fund had a restricted fund balance of \$3,796,324.

Total governmental fund revenues increased \$1,459,034 and expenses increased \$4,526,840 over prior year amounts. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, expenditures exceeded revenues by \$397,182, as compared to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2,670,624.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the current year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> – The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental funds and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$23,608,131 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County of Tazewell's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> – At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding as follows:

\$	704,034
	1,583,000
	7,766,569
	450,000
\$	10,503,603
ሰ	52 015
\$	53,215
	5,868,708
	1,644,418
\$	7,566,341
	\$ \$ \$

Additional information on the County of Tazewell's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors

The June 2014 unemployment rate for the County of Tazewell, Virginia was 6.9%, which is a slight decrease from a rate of 7.0% in June 2013. This is above the state's average unemployment rate of 5.4% and also slightly above the national average rate of 6.3%.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 106 East Main Street, Tazewell, Virginia 24651.

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit 1

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

		F	rimary Governme	nt			Component	
		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		<u>Total</u>		School Board	Other Component <u>Units</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,239,367 \$	1,232,195	\$	15,471,562	\$	8,209,419 \$	963,497
Cash in Custody of Others		-	-		-		13,209	21,492
Investments		446	-		446		-	823,442
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):								
Taxes		26,420,828	-		26,420,828		-	
Accounts Receivable		300,280	134,554		434,834		18,874	665,507
Other Local Taxes and Fees		68,790	-		68,790		-	
Note Receivable		-	-		-		-	323,384
Due from Primary Government		-	-		-		-	2,868,496
Due from Component Unit School Board		2,498,083	-		2,498,083		-	
Due from Component Unit PSA		284,826	-		284,826		-	
Due from External Parties		793,198	-		793,198			
Due from Other Governmental Units		1,556,427	-		1,556,427		1,977,428	113,550
Internal Balances		(26,654)	26,654		-		-	
Inventory		-	-		-		-	163,742
Prepaid Items		9,475	-		9,475		747,898	42,117
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	2,515,307		2,515,307		-	17,664
Capital Assets:								
Land		1,735,460	287,598		2,023,058		1,908,716	4,370,691
Buildings and Improvements		1,577,220	45,258		1,622,478		11,096,538	1,694,656
Tenancy in Common		6,193,215	-		6,193,215		7,219,456	
Machinery and Equipment		4,889,462	1,238,157		6,127,619		943,357	681,804
Improvements Other Than Buildings		-	7,418,377		7,418,377		-	25,037,749
Infrastructure		-	-		-		-	69,127,357
Construction in Progress		223,384	-		223,384		-	14,930,182
Total Assets	\$	60,763,807 \$	12,898,100	\$	73,661,907	\$	32,134,895 \$	121,845,330
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Charge on Refunding	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	724,661
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	403,936 \$	22,903	\$	426,839	\$	250,904 \$	772,532
Accrued Wages		-	-		-		3,380,591	44,718
Accrued Interest Payable		157,385	-		157,385		-	335,886
Due to Primary Government		-	-		-		2,498,083	
Due to Component Units		2,868,496	-		2,868,496		-	
Amounts Held for Others		-	-		-		13,209	
Long-term Liabilities:								
Due Within One Year		379,460	324,479		703,939		289,716	3,260,700
Due in More Than One Year		10,124,143	7,241,862		17,366,005		4,781,786	45,270,298
Total Liabilities	\$	13,933,420 \$	7,589,244	\$	21,522,664	\$	11,214,289 \$	49,684,134
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	25,789,085 \$	-	\$	25,789,085	\$	- \$	· · · · ·
NET POSITION								
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets	Ş	6,402,172 \$	7,344,972	s	13,747,144	Ş	17,937,065 \$	67,551,876
Restricted	~	3,797,889	2,515,307	Ŧ	6,313,196	4		57,551,570
Unrestricted		10,841,241	(4,551,423))	6,289,818		2,983,541	5,333,981
Total Net Position	\$	21,041,302 \$	5,308,856		26,350,158	\$	20,920,606 \$	72,885,857

			Statem Statem For the Fiscal Ye	Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014	0, 2014						
		Ľ	Program Revenues				Net (Exp Chang	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	pu _		
	I					Prim	Primary Government			Component Units	ts
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	9	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School <u>Board</u>		Other Component <u>Units</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Artivities:											
General Government Administration	\$ 5,033,042	\$ 31,294 \$	334,068	, ,	s	(4,667,680) \$	s.	(4,667,680)	ŝ	s '	
Judicial Administration	2,455,018	113,660	1,337,291	•		(1,004,067)		(1,004,067)			
Public Safety	13,249,481	198,176	2,247,627			(10,803,678)		(10,803,678)			
Public Works	6,343,517	550,553	11,516			(5,781,448)		(5,781,448)			
Health and Welfare	8,134,269		6,809,320			(1,324,949)		(1,324,949)			
Education	15,816,718					(15,816,718)		(15,816,718)			
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	1,369,916	35,325	150,632	•		(1,183,959)		(1,183,959)			
Community Development	1,853,237		1,171,717			(681,520)		(681,520)			
Interest						(399,721)		(399,721)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 54,654,919	\$ 929,008 \$	12,062,171	s -	Ş	(41,663,740) \$	\$ -	(41,663,740)	Ş	\$.	·
Business-type Activities Landfill	\$ 1.573.233	\$ 518.305 \$, S	s	, S	(1.054.928) \$	(1.054.928)	S	, S	
Total Primary Government	56,228,152	1,	12,062,171	- \$	Ş	(41,663,740) \$	(1,054,928) \$	(42,718,668)	Ş	\$ -	
Component Units: School Board		\$ 727,617 \$	v	, ,	s	s.	s.		\$ (14,49	(14,497,251) \$	
Other component units	11,825,586	7,463,492	1,993,783	1,173,928							(1, 194, 383)
Total Component Units	\$ 69,268,015	\$ 8,191,109 \$	44,211,344	\$ 1,173,928	Ş	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (14,49	(14,497,251) \$	(1,194,383)
	General Revenues:								•	•	
	General Property Taxes Other Local Taxes	xes			ŝ	27,509,639 \$	· ·	27,509,639	ŝ		·
	Local Sales and Use Taxes	e Taxes				4,651,653		4,651,653			
	Consumers' Utility Taxes	Taxes				883,426		883,426			
	Utility License Taxes	(es				58,286		58,286			
	Motor Vehicle Licenses	enses				28,001		28,001			
	Bank Franchise Taxes	xes				50,370		50,370			
	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	cion and Wills				239,553		239,553			
	Coal Severance Laxes	ixes				2,/09,426		2,709,426			ŗ
	uas severance Lax IInrestricted Revenue	Gas Severance Tax Illinitisticad Revenues from Tlse of Money and Dronerty	v and Property			004,/90 475 777	. 0	004,/90 475 796		- 7 868	- 78 783
	Miscellaneous					465.360	20.352	485.712	1.32	1.326.257	96,535
	Payments from Primary Government	ary Government							14,97	14,974,311	
	Grants and Contribu	Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	to Specific Programs			3,759,152		3, 759, 152			
	Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	Capital Assets									16,000
					4	(635,745)	635,745				26,856
	Lotal General Keve	Kevenues and transfers			~ v	40,809,696 \$	606,116 \$	41,465,812	5 16,3(16,308,436 \$	218,1/4
	Net Position - Beginning, as restated	ig, as restated			r	21,895,346	5,707,668	27,603,014	, 19,10	1,100 J	73,862,066
	Net Position - Ending				Ş	21,041,302 \$	5,308,856 \$	26,350,158	\$ 20,92	20,920,606 \$	72,885,857

County of Tazewell, Virginia

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 2

Exhibit 3

County of Tazewell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		<u>General</u>	County CIP <u>Fund</u>	Other <u>Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,578,751	\$ 6,268,971	\$ 2,391,645	\$ 14,239,367
Investments		446	-	-	446
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):					
Property Taxes		26,333,495	-	87,333	26,420,828
Other Receivables		300,280	-	-	300,280
Prepaids items		9,475	-	-	9,475
Due from Other Funds		-	125,000	-	125,000
Due from Fiduciary Funds		793,198	-	-	793,198
Due from Other Governmental Units		1,447,159	-	109,268	1,556,427
Due from Component Units		2,498,083	284,826	-	2,782,909
Total Assets	\$	36,960,887	\$ 6,678,797	\$ 2,588,246	\$ 46,227,930
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	s	386,555	\$ 13,977	\$ 3,404	\$ 403,936
Due to Other Funds		151,654	-	, -	151,654
Due to Component Unit		-	2,868,496	-	2,868,496
Total Liabilities	\$	538,209	\$ 2,882,473	\$ 3,404	\$ 3,424,086
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	26,954,895	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,954,895
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	\$	9,475	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,475
Restricted		-	3,796,324	1,565	3,797,889
Committed		-	-	2,583,277	2,583,277
Unassigned		9,458,308	-	-	9,458,308
Total Fund Balances	\$	9,467,783	\$ 3,796,324	\$ 2,584,842	\$ 15,848,949
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	<u> </u>	, ,	, ,-	, ,-	
and Fund Balances	\$	36,960,887	\$ 6,678,797	\$ 2,588,246	\$ 46,227,930

County of Tazewell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ar different because:	e			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	15	,848,949
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	1,735,460		
Buildings and improvements		1,577,220		
Tenancy in common		6,193,215		
Machinery and equipment		4,889,462		
Construction in progress		223,384	14	,618,741
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.	ł			
Unavailable revenue	\$	1,165,810		
Sales tax collected on behalf of other Towns		68,790	1	,234,600
Long-term liabilites, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2			
Accrued Interest payable	\$	(157,385)		
Compensated absences		(704,034)		
Net OPEB obligation		(1,583,000)		
Bonds payable		(8,216,569)	(10	,660,988)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			5 21	,041,302

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		General		County		Other Govern-		
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>CIP Fund</u>		mental Funds		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	s	27,346,925	ć		\$		s	27,346,925
General Property Taxes Other Local Taxes	Ş		Ş	-	Ş	4 (07 442	Ş	
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		7,648,847 312,004		-		1,687,112		9,335,959 312,004
Fines and Forfeitures		42,505		-		-		42,505
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		42,505 389,422		36,355		-		42,505
Charges for Services		563,923		30,333		- 10,576		423,777 574,499
-				-				
Miscellaneous Recovered Costs		463,064		-		2,296		465,360
		870,986		-		-		870,986
Intergovernmental:		40 (05 042				(54.0/9		44 250 880
Commonwealth		10,695,912		-		654,968		11,350,880
Federal Government	<u> </u>	4,470,443	~	-	~	-	~	4,470,443
Total Revenues	\$	52,804,031	\$	36,355	\$	2,354,952	\$	55,195,338
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	5,084,465	\$	405,325	\$	-	\$	5,489,790
Judicial Administration		2,454,357		-		1,146		2,455,503
Public Safety		12,400,552		-		844,606		13,245,158
Public Works		3,745,431		820,890		1,905,227		6,471,548
Health and Welfare		8,183,291		-		-		8,183,291
Education		14,768,311		266,000		-		15,034,311
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,360,475		-		-		1,360,475
Community Development		870,908		866,860		-		1,737,768
Nondepartmental		364,528		-		-		364,528
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		782,407		-		-		782,407
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		467,741		-		-		467,741
Total Expenditures	\$	50,482,466	\$	2,359,075	\$	2,750,979	\$	55,592,520
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	2,321,565	\$	(2,322,720)	\$	(396,027)	\$	(397,182)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	-	\$	3,000,000	\$	-	\$	3,000,000
Transfers Out	*	(3,635,745)	Ŧ		Ŧ	-	Ŧ	(3,635,745)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(3,635,745)	\$	3,000,000	\$	-	\$	(635,745)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,314,180)	ç	677,280	\$	(396,027)	ç	(1,032,927)
Fund Balance - Beginning	Ļ	10,781,963	Ļ	3,119,044	Ļ	2,980,869	Ļ	16,881,876
Fund Balance - Ending	Ś	9,467,783	Ś	3,796,324	Ś	2,584,842	Ś	15,848,949
i uno batance - Linding	ڊ 	7, 1 07,705	Ļ	5,770,324	Ļ	2,304,042	ڔ	13,040,949

County of Tazewell, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds			\$	(1,032,927)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.				
Capital outlays	\$	383,114		
Depreciation expense	Ŷ	(923,923)	(540,800)
Depreciation expense		(923,923)	(540,809)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds				112,268
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Literary loans		632,407 150,000	_	782,407
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease (increase) in compensated absenses	\$	11,297		
(Decrease) increase in premium on issuance		8,662		
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable		59,358		
Decrease (increase) in net OPEB obligation		(254,300)	(174,983)
				· · · · · /
Change in net position of governmental activities			S	(854,044)
			·	(03 1,0 1 1)

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2014

		Tazewell County Landfill
		Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,232,195
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles)		134,554
Due from other funds	<u>,</u>	26,654
Total Current Assets	\$	1,393,403
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):		
Land	\$	287,598
Buildings and improvements	Ŧ	45,258
Land Improvements		7,418,377
Machinery and Equipment		1,238,157
Total Capital Assets	\$	8,989,390
Other Assets:		
Restricted Cash	\$	2,515,307
-	<u>,</u>	12 000 100
Total Assets	\$	12,898,100
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	22,903
Notes payable-current portion	Ŷ	68,735
Bonds payable-current portion		255,744
Total Current Liabilities	S	347,382
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated Absences	\$	53,215
Estimated Landfill Closure Liability		5,868,708
Notes payable		245,647
Bonds payable		1,074,292
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	7,241,862
	ć	7 500 244
Total Liabilities	\$	7,589,244
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	7,344,972
Restricted for Other Purposes		2,515,307
Unrestricted		(4,551,423)
Total Net Position	\$	5,308,856

Exhibit 8

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Tazewell County Landfill Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	\$	518,305
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal Service	\$	376,252
Employee Benefits		215,271
Contractual Services		151,843
Repairs and Maintenance		85,010
Other Charges		258,864
Depreciation and Amortization		422,450
Total Operating Expenses	\$	1,509,690
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(991,385)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	\$	19
Miscellaneous Income		20,352
Interest Expense		(63,543)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(43,172)
Transfers In	\$	635,745
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(398,812)
	Ŧ	()
Net Position - Beginning		5,707,668
Net Position - Ending	\$	5,308,856

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees for services Payments for operating expenses Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities		Tazewell County Landfill Fund 473,303 (595,771) (504,867) (627,335)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	¢	40
Interest Income	\$ _	19
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from Other Funds	\$	641,605
Miscellaneous Income (Expense)		20,352
Total cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	661,957
	_	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Puchase of Capital Assets	\$	(503,013)
Principal Payments on Debt		(289,618)
Proceeds from Indebtedness		359,000
Interest Payments on Debt	. –	(61,956)
Total cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$ <u> </u>	(495,587)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_	(460,946)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning, as restated (including restricted, \$2,393,288)	Ś	4,208,448
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending (including restricted, \$2,515,307)	\$ <u> </u>	3,747,502
	_	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(991,385)
Depreciation	\$	422,450
Landfill Closure Costs		(7,619)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(45,002)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(1,531)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	, -	(4,248)
Total Adjustments	ş –	(50,781)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	^ې =	(627,335)

Exhibit 10

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 62,274
Investments	1,783,549
Due from Other Governmental Units	975,581
Total Assets	\$ 2,821,404
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to Primary Government	\$ 793,198
Due to Other Governmental Units	182,383
Amounts Held for Others	1,845,823
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,821,404

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

County of Tazewell, Virginia is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education and social services.

The financial statements of County of Tazewell, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental unties promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The significant accounting policies are described below.

Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its components units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the governmental-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate, in one way or another, in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their government over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget, and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Tazewell, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Units: None

Discretely Presented Component Units:

<u>Tazewell County School Board</u> members are elected by the voters and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

<u>Tazewell County Industrial Development Authority</u> is authorized to acquire, own, lease and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Tazewell County. Tazewell County Board of Supervisors appoints all Board members of the Authority. There exists a financial benefit/burden relationship between the Industrial Development Authority and the County.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. <u>Individual Component Unit Disclosures</u> (Continued)

<u>Tazewell County Airport Authority</u> was created by County of Tazewell and Towns of Bluefield, Cedar Bluff, Pocahontas, Richlands and Tazewell to operate a regional airport. Tazewell County Board of Supervisors appoints a voting majority of the Airport Commission's Board of Directors. The County contributes a significant amount to the Commission's operation and there exists a financial benefit/burden relationship.

<u>Tazewell County Public Service Authority</u> was created by the Board of Supervisors of Tazewell County to acquire, finance, construct and operate water and sewer systems throughout the County. The Board of Directors of the Public Service Authority are appointed by the Tazewell County Board of Supervisors and there exists a financial benefit/burden relationship between the Public Service Authority and the County. In addition, a majority of the Directors of the Authority are also on the Board of Supervisors.

Complete financial statements of the Tazewell County Public Service Authority, Tazewell County Industrial Development Authority and the Tazewell County Airport Authority can be obtained from the business office of each component unit.

Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Annual Financial Report

None

Jointly Governed Organizations

County of Tazewell and Counties of Buchanan and Russell participate in supporting the Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the County contributed \$60,000.

County of Tazewell and Counties of Russell, Buchanan, Wise, Scott, Lee, Washington, Smyth and Dickenson and the Cities of Norton and Bristol participate in supporting the Appalachian Juvenile Commission. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the County contributed \$336,474.

County of Tazewell and Counties of Lee, Wise, Washington, Russell, Smyth, Buchanan and Dickenson along with the City of Norton participate in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Authority. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the County contributed \$3,802,420.

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The government reports the following major governmental funds.

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income.

b. Capital Projects Fund

The County Capital Improvements Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and is reported as a major fund.

Additionally, Tazewell County reports the following fund types:

c. Proprietary Funds

The Proprietary Funds are accounted and financed in a manner similar to private business. The funds utilize accrual basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

d. School Construction Fund

The School Construction Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of school facilities and is reported as a nonmajor fund.

e. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The E-911 Fund, Coal Road Improvement Fund, The Coal Road Economic Development Fund, The Damage Stamp Fund, and The Law Library Fund are reported as non-major special revenue funds.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

f. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Fiduciary, Trust and Agency funds account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and they utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County and School Deferred Comp Fund is reported as Trust Funds and the Special Welfare and Local Sales Tax Funds are reported as Agency Funds.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the departmental level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments. However the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amount within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, School Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year-end.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.

E. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County government and the School Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the Local Government Investment Pool. The local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments consist of assets held by a trustee.

G. <u>Receivable and payables</u>

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$1,207,718 at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and a cost of over \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40-60
Building improvements	40-60
Land Improvements	40-60
Vehicles	5
Office and computer equipment	7
Other equipment	7

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net position. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statement, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

K. <u>Fund Equity</u>

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that fund balances be classified into categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds.

<u>Nonspendable</u> -amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> -amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation

<u>Committed</u> -amounts that have been committed by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County of Tazewell, Virginia considers to be the Board of Directors. Amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> -amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County of Tazewell, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> -this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them. Positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. <u>Fund Equity</u> (Continued)

The County's highest decision-making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

L. <u>Retirement Plan</u>

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current services costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension costs as it accrues.

M. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding in the governmental-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after june 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as an inflow of resources.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

P. <u>Net Position Flow Assumption</u>

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments:

Deposits - Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized

Investments - Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Neither the County nor its discretely presented component units have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. The County's only investments consisted of the State's Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP).

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2014, were rated by Standard and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values								
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Q	uality Ratings						
		AAAm						
SNAP	\$	446						

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2014, the County did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk

At June 30, 2014, the County did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring interest rate risk disclosures.

External Investment Pool

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Note 3 - Due To/From Primary Government/Component Units:

Fund			iterfund ceivable		nterfund Payable
General Enterprise Fund Capital Project Fund Totals		\$ \$	- 26,654 125,000 151,654	\$ \$	151,654 - - 151,654
	Co		From nent Unit	Co	Due to omponent Unit
General	\$:	2,498,083	\$	-
Capital Project Fund			284,826		2,868,496
Component Unit School			-		2,498,083
Component Unit IDA			2,868,496		-
Component Unit PSA			-		284,826
Totals	\$		5,651,405	\$	5,651,405

Note 4 - Due From Other Governmental Units:

At June 30, 2014, the County, School Board and component units had receivables from other governments as follows:

		Discretely Presented	Discretely Presented	Discretely Presented
	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board	Component Unit PSA	Component Unit Airport
Local Government:				
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail	\$ 142,979	\$ -	Ş -	\$-
Town of Tazewell	-	-	45,106	-
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales taxes	-	1,077,910	-	-
VPA	188,001	-	-	-
CSA	236,766	-	-	-
Shared expenses	270,924	-	-	-
Categorical aid	13,133	-	1,124	2,412
Noncategorical aid	283,766	-	-	-
Federal Government:				
VPA	247,616	-	-	-
Categorical aid	173,242	899,518	55,378	9,530
Total	\$ 1,556,427	\$ 1,977,428	\$ 101,608	\$ 11,942

Note 5 - Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

Primary Government:

		Beginning						
		Balance						Ending
		(As restated)		Increases	_	Decreases	_	Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,735,460	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,735,460
Construction in progress		192,149		31,235		-		223,384
Tenancy in Common	_	6,975,622		-	_	(782,407)	_	6,193,215
Total capital assets not being								
depreciated	\$_	8,903,231	\$_	31,235	\$_	(782,407)	\$_	8,152,059
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	3,671,370	\$	202,440	\$	-	\$	3,873,810
Machinery and equipment	_	15,035,958		931,846	-	(20,590)	_	15,947,214
Total capital assets being								
depreciated	\$_	18,707,328	\$_	1,134,286	\$_	(20,590)	\$_	19,821,024
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	\$	(1,935,911)	Ş	(360,679)	Ş	-	\$	(2,296,590)
Machinery and equipment		(10,515,098)	–	(563,244)		20,590	. –	(11,057,752)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(12,451,009)	\$_	(923,923)	\$_	20,590	\$_	(13,354,342)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$_	6,256,319	Ş_	210,363	\$_	-	<u></u> ٩_	6,466,682
Governmental activities capital	~		÷	0.44 500	~		~	
assets, net	\$_	15,159,550	\$_	241,598	\$ =	(782,407)	\$ =	14,618,741

Note 5 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Tazewell County Landfill Fund:

		Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	287,598	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	287,598
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	185,603	\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,603
Land improvements		9,517,235		36,400		-		9,553,635
Machinery and equipment		3,208,147		466,613		(239,738)		3,435,022
Total capital assets being	-				-		-	
depreciated	\$_	12,910,985	\$_	503,013	\$	(239,738)	\$_	13,174,260
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(134,158)	\$	(6,187)	\$	-	\$	(140,345)
Land Improvements		(1,957,158)		(178,100)		-		(2,135,258)
Machinery and equipment		(2,198,440)		(238,163)		239,738		(2,196,865)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(4,289,756)	\$	(422,450)	\$	239,738	\$	(4,472,468)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$_	8,621,229	\$_	80,563	\$	-	\$_	8,701,792
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$_	8,908,827	\$_	80,563	\$	-	\$	8,989,390

Note 5 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 143,919
Judicial administration	5,993
Public safety	483,707
Public works	130,749
Health and welfare	23,973
Parks, recreation, and culture	23,590
Community development	 111,992
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 923,923
Business-type activities:	
Landfill fund	\$ 422,450

Note 5 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board:

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	-	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,908,716 \$		\$	-	\$	1,908,716
Tenancy in Common (1)	_	6,437,049	782,407	-	-		7,219,456
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	\$_	8,345,765 \$	782,407	\$	-	\$_	9,128,172
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	32,626,301 \$,	Ş	-	\$	32,681,364
Machinery and equipment	_	15,006,199	279,812		-		15,286,011
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	47,632,500 \$	334,875	\$	-	\$_	47,967,375
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(20,364,449) \$			-	Ş	(21,584,826)
Machinery and equipment		(13,876,922)	(465,732)	-	-		(14,342,654)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(34,241,371) \$	(1,686,109)	\$	-	\$_	(35,927,480)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$_	13,391,129 \$	(1,351,234)	\$	-	\$	12,039,895
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	21,736,894 \$	(568,827)	\$	-	\$	21,168,067

(1) Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2003, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, (1950), as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Tazewell, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2014, is that assets and debt in the amount of \$6,193,215 have been transferred to the primary Government from the Component Unit School Board for financial reporting purposes.

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the County for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Governmental Activities:

		Balance July 1, 2013	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
	-				i
General Obligation Bonds	\$	8,260,394 \$	- \$	(632,407)\$	7,627,987
Premium on bond		147,244	-	(8,662)	138,582
Literary loan		600,000	-	(150,000)	450,000
Net OPEB Obligation		1,328,700	583,900	(329,600)	1,583,000
Compensated absences		715,331	-	(11,297)	704,034
	-				
Total	\$_	11,051,669 \$	583,900 \$	(1,131,966) \$	10,503,603

Annual amounts required to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		General Government Obligations										
Year Ending		General Obli	igat	ion Bonds	_	Litera	ry l	Loan				
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest				
2015	\$	295,798	\$	263,157	\$	75,000	\$	9,000				
2016		469,334		364,103		75,000		7,500				
2017		479,570		341,402		75,000		6,000				
2018		491,617		317,113		75,000		4,500				
2019		504,033		292,199		75,000		3,000				
2020-2024		2,717,272		1,048,985		75,000		1,500				
2025-2029	_	2,670,363	_	348,670	_	-		-				
	\$	7,627,987	\$	2,975,629	\$	450,000	\$	31,500				

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Governmental Activities: (Continued)

			Final	Amount of		Balance		Amount
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original	Go	overnmental	Dı	ue Within
	Rates	Dates	Date	Issue		Activities	C	One Year
General Obligation Bonds:								
GO Bond	3.10-5.10%	5/15/2002	7/15/2023	1,900,000	\$	855,000	\$	-
GO Bond	4.10-5.10%	5/15/2008	7/15/2028	1,880,000		1,500,000		-
GO Bond	3.60-5.35%	12/11/2008	1/15/2029	6,698,941		5,272,987		295,798
Subtotal GO Bond					\$	7,627,987	\$	295,798
Add:								
Premium on Bond	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		138,582		8,662
Total General Obligation Bond	S				\$	7,766,569	\$	304,460
Literary Loan:								
State Literary Loan	2.00%	8/1/2000	8/1/2020	\$ 1,500,000	\$	450,000	\$	75,000
Total Literary Loan					\$	450,000	\$	75,000
Other Obligations:								
Net OPEB Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	1,583,000	\$	-
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		704,034		-
Total Other Obligations					\$	2,287,034	\$	-
Total Long-term obligations					\$	10,503,603	\$	379,460
							_	

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the County for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Business-type Activities:

Landfill Fund

		Balance	Increases/		Decreases/	Balance
	_	July 1, 2013	Issuances	_	Retirements	June 30, 2014
				-		
Revenue bonds	\$	1,570,000 \$; -	\$	(245,000)	\$ 1,325,000
Bond premiums		5,780	-		(744)	5,036
Loss on redemption		(2,331)	-		2,331	-
Notes payable		-	359,000		(44,618)	314,382
Landfill closure/						
postclosure liability		5,876,327	-		(7,619)	5,868,708
Compensated absences	_	57,463	-	_	(4,248)	53,215
						•
Total	\$	7,507,239	359,000	Ş	(299,898)	\$ 7,566,341

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue	Bon	ds	Notes P	otes Payable			
June 30,	Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest		
2015	\$ 255,000	\$	48,035	\$ 68,735	\$	9,058		
2016	265,000		38,465	70,967		6,826		
2017	190,000		29,865	75,651		4,521		
2018	195,000		22,439	75,651		2,142		
2019	205,000		13,743	23,378		172		
2020	215,000		4,408	-		-		
					•			
Totals	\$ 1,325,000	\$	156,955	\$ 314,382	\$	22,719		

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities: (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

Long Term Obligations.										
			Final	Amount of		Balance	4	Amount		
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Original		Business-type		e Within		
	Rates	Dates	Date	Issue		Activities		Activities One Y		ne Year
Revenue Bonds										
Revenue Bonds	3.4-4.81%	11/27/2007	10/1/2019	2,675,000		1,325,000		255,000		
Notes Payable										
Equipment Loan	3.20%	10/1/2013	10/1/2018	\$ 359,000	\$	314,382	\$	68,735		
Other Obligations:										
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	53,215	\$	-		
Bond Premiums	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		5,036		744		
Landfill closure/										
postclosure liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		5,868,708		-		
Total Other Obligations					\$	5,926,959	\$	744		
Total Long-term Obligations					\$	7,566,341	\$	324,479		

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	_	Balance July 1, 2013	 lssuances/ Increases	 Retirements/ Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital leases Net OPEB Obligation	\$	3,625,009 1,517,800	\$ ۔ 1,660,100	\$ (394,007) (1,337,400)	\$ 3,231,002 1,840,500
Total	\$	5,142,809	\$ 1,660,100	\$ (1,731,407)	\$ 5,071,502

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	Interest Rates	lssue Dates	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmenta Activities	Amount al Due Within One Year
Capital Leases	4.405%	10/5/0007	40.45.40.000	4 700 700	2 024 00	
Capital Lease	4.195%	10/5/2007	10/5/2022	4,792,700	3,231,00	2 289,716
Total Capital Leases					\$ 3,231,00	2 \$ 289,716
Other Obligations: Net OPEB Obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 1,840,50	0\$-
Total Long-term Obligations					\$ 5,071,50	2 \$ 289,716

The School Board has entered into capital leases for school buses and energy renovations on the elementary schools. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Total assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

School Buses	\$	486,633
Building Renovations		3,378,030
Total Assets	\$	3,864,663
Accumulated Depreciation		(714,233)
Net Book Value of Assets	Ş	3,150,430
		· · ·

Note 6 - Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board (Continued)

Present value of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending June 30,		Capital <u>Leases</u>
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2023	\$	436,959 436,959 436,959 436,959 436,959 1,747,836
Total minimum lease Payments	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,932,631</u>
Less: amount representing interest		(701,629)
Present value of future minimum Lease payments	\$	<u>3,231,002</u>

Note 7 - Compensated Absences:

Compensated Absences:

In accordance with GASB 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", the County has accrued liabilities arising from outstanding compensated absences. Each county employee earns annual leave at various rates. The County has outstanding accrued vacation and sick pay totaling \$704,034 and \$53,215 in the Landfill Enterprise Component Unit Fund, which is liquidated in the County General Fund.

Note 8-Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan:	Virginia Retirement System (VRS)
Identification of Plan:	Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan
Administering Entity:	Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out below:

VRS – PLAN 1

- 1. Plan Overview VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 1 (Continued)

- 5. Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
- 6. Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

7. Calculating the Benefit - The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

- 8. Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- **9.** Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
- **10. Normal Retirement Age -** Age 65.
- **11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility** Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 1 (Continued)

- **13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement** The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.
- 14. Eligibility For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement elgibility date.

- **15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates** The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:
 - The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
 - The member retires on disability.
 - The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
 - The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
 - The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 1 (Continued)

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

VRS – PLAN 2

- 1. Plan Overview VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

- 4. Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1–Refer to Section 4.
- 5. Creditable Service Same as VRS Plan 1- Refer to Section 5.
- 6. Vesting Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 6.
- 7. Calculating the Benefit Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.
- 8. Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- **9.** Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS – PLAN 2 (Continued)

- 10. Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.
- 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

- **12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
- **13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement** The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.
- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 15.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 17.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

- 1. Plan Overview The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")
 - The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
 - The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
 - In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:
 - State employees*
 - School division employees
 - Political subdivision employees*
 - Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014
 - Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

- 3. *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
 - Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)
 - Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)
 - Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

5. Creditable Service

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

6. Vesting

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age $70\frac{1}{2}$.

7. Calculating the Benefit

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

- 8. Average Final Compensation Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 8. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is 1.0%.

For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Note 8 Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

10. Normal Retirement Age

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 10.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 13.

Defined Contribution Component - Not Applicable.

- **14. Eligibility** Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 14.
- **15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates** Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 15.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Eligible political subdivision and school division members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

17. Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 17.

Defined Contribution Component - Not Applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School Board's contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2014 were 11.40% and 15.32% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$3,084,365, \$3,115,911, and \$1,762,392, to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively and these contributions represented 11.66%, 11.66%, and 6.33% for 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, of current covered payroll.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014, the County's annual pension cost of \$1,270,460 was equal to the required and actual contributions for the County. For fiscal year 2014, the School Board's annual pension cost of \$585,916 was equal to the required and actual contributions for the School Board non-professional employees.

	Trend Information						
Fiscal Year	Anı	nual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension			
Ending	C	lost (APC)*	Contributed	Obligation			
Primary Government:							
County:							
6/30/2014	\$	1,270,460	100%	-			
6/30/2013		1,233,669	100%	-			
6/30/2012		814,900	100%	-			
School Board:							
Non-professional Employe	ees:						
6/30/2014	\$	585,916	100%	-			
6/30/2013		585,126	100%	-			
6/30/2012		440,570	100%	-			

*Employer portion only

The FY 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 75.72% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$46,419,342, and the actuarial value of assets was \$35,150,286, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$11,269,056. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,906,131 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 103.33%.

Note 8-Pension Plan: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's plan was 67.09% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$24,854,869, and the actuarial value of assets was \$16,674,264, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$8,180,605. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,820,583 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 214.12%.

Note 9-VRS Health Insurance Credit - Other Postemployment Benefits:

County:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 0.05%, of annual covered payroll.

Note 9-VRS Health Insurance Credit - Other Postemployment Benefits: (Continued)

County: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The locality is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2013, the County's contribution of \$4,947, was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and preceding two years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
County:					
June 30, 2014	\$ 4,947	100%	-		
June 30, 2013	6,398	100%	-		
June 30, 2012	5,449	100%	-		

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	County		
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	243,795	
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	248,996	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	(5,201)	
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		102.13%	
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	4,826,502	
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		-0.11%	

Note 9-VRS Health Insurance Credit - Other Postemployment Benefits: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2013 was 30 years.

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Note 9-VRS Health Insurance Credit - Other Postemployment Benefits: (Continued)

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$293,637 and equaled the required contributions.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The Tazewell Post-Retirement Medical Plan (TPRMP) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administer by the County. TPRMP provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be (1) age 50 with 10 years of service; (2) age 55 with 5 years of service; or (3) age 65 with 5 years of service. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement. Coverage continues for the earlier of a period of ten years or reaching Medicare eligibility (age 65). The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the Board of Supervisors and can be amended through board action. The TPRMP does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The Tazewell County Government establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will be partially funded or fully funded in the upcoming fiscal year. For fiscal year 2013, the County will continue on a pay-as-you-go basis and leave the plan unfunded.

For retirees of the County and School Board, the following premiums and retiree responsibilities were effective at July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date:

	Monthly Contribution	Retiree Share of Premiums	Monthly Contribution	Retiree Share of Premiums	Monthly Contribution	Retiree Share of Premiums
Retiree	627.00	62.70	625.00	100.00	551.00	88.16
Retiree and Spouse	1,160.00	222.60	1,156.11	333.64	1,019.00	275.13
Retiree and Child	1,160.00	222.60	1,156.11	333.64	1,019.00	275.13
Family	1,693.00	382.50	1,688.00	567.72	1,488.00	446.40

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

	County		School Board		Total
Annual required contribution	\$	586,100	\$	1,662,600	\$ 2,248,700
Interest on net OPEB obligation		53,100		60,700	113,800
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(55,300)		(63,200)	(118,500)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		583,900		1,660,100	2,244,000
Contributions made		329,600		1,337,400	1,667,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation		254,300		322,700	577,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		1,328,700		1,517,800	2,846,500
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	1,583,000	\$	1,840,500	\$ 3,423,500

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years are as follows:

		Percentage of	
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2014	\$ 2,244,000	74%	\$ 3,423,500
6/30/2013	2,191,100	69 %	2,846,500
6/30/2012	2,061,700	78%	2,161,100

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$10,854,415, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,794,146, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 100.56%.

Component Unit - School Board:

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$12,398,033, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$33,539,749, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 36.97%.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return per annum. An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 1 percent until an ultimate rate of 5 percent is reached. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2012, was 30 years.

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local</u> <u>Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 12 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used at each balance sheet date. Of the \$5,878,708 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2014, \$5,878,708 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on use of 41 percent of the estimate capacity of the landfill.

Note 12 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost: (Continued)

The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$8,348,529 as the remaining capacity is filled. The County expects to close the landfill in 2055. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. These estimated amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2014.

The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs. The county has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and post closure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 13 - Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The County and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 - Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

		Government-Wide Statements		Balance Sheet	
	_	Governmental Activities		Governmental Funds	
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	\$	24,878,124	\$	26,043,934	
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2014, but paid in advance by taxpayers.	_	910,961		910,961	
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$	25,789,085	\$	26,954,895	

Note 15 - Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfer In		Transfer Out
Primary Government:		-	
General Fund	\$ -	\$	(3,635,745)
County CIP Fund	3,000,000		-
Landfill Enterprise Fund	635,745		-
Total	\$ 3,635,745	\$	(3,635,745)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 16 - Surety Bonds:

Commonwealth of America, Division of Risk Management	Amount
Buddy Blevins, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 710,000
David Larimer, Treasurer	500,000
David Anderson, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Brian Hieatt, Sheriff	30,000
The above constitutional officers' employees	
Blanket bond	50,000
Landfill employees	20,000
VACO Insurance Program:	250.000
All School Board employees - blanket	250,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland Surety:	
James Spencer, County Administrator	50,000
St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company	
Rex Tester, Director of Social Services	25,000
All Social Services employees - blanket	100,000

Note 17 - Restatement of Beginning Net Position:

	Governmental Activities	
Beginning net position, as previously reported	\$ 21,516,798	
To record fixed assets from prior period	378,548	
Beginning net position, as restated	\$ 21,895,346	

Note 18 - Nonspendable, Restricted, and Committed Fund Balances by Fund

General Fund	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaids	\$ 9,475
County CIP Fund	
Restricted:	
Capital Improvements	3,796,324
School Construction Fund	
Restricted:	
Capital Improvements	1,565
Law Library Fund	
Committed:	
Special Revenue	80,604
Coal Road Improvement Fund	
Committed:	
Special Revenue	1,753,030
Coal Road Economic Development Fund	
Committed:	
Special Revenue	149,831
E-911 Fund	
Committed:	
Special Revenue	599,770
Damage Stamp Fund	
Committed:	
Special Revenue	42
School Fund	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaids	747,898
Committed:	
Special Revenue	4,076,143

Note 19 - Litigation

At June 30, 2014, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 20 - Upcoming Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Statement No. 68 will require governments with defined benefit pension plans to disclose a "net pension liability" on their balance sheets. That liability equals the difference between the total pension liability and the value of assets set aside in a pension plan to pay benefits. The statement calls for immediate recognition of more pension expense than is currently required. This includes immediate recognition of annual service cost and interest on the pension liability, plus the effect of changes in benefit terms on the net pension liability. This standard will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The County believes the implementation of Statement No. 68 will significantly impact the County and Component Unit School Board's net position; however, no formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Required Supplementary Information

County of Tazewell, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget Amounts				Variance with	
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	
General Property Taxes	\$	26,603,774 \$	26,603,774 \$	27,346,925 \$	743,151	
Other Local Taxes	•	7,899,699	7,899,699	7,648,847	(250,852)	
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		350,300	350,300	312,004	(38,296)	
Fines and Forfeitures		30,000	30,000	42,505	12,505	
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		548,958	548,958	389,422	(159,536)	
Charges for Services		318,743	318,743	563,923	245,180	
Miscellaneous		626,000	548,308	463,064	(85,244)	
Recovered Costs		817,000	836,601	870,986	34,385	
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		8,238,610	8,296,700	10,695,912	2,399,212	
Federal Government		4,592,681	4,592,681	4,470,443	(122,238)	
Total Revenues	\$	50,025,765 \$	50,025,764 \$	52,804,031 \$	2,778,267	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General Government Administration	\$	6,043,847 \$	6,044,897 \$	5,084,465 \$	960,432	
Judicial Administration		2,363,837	2,365,720	2,454,357	(88,637)	
Public Safety		12,854,134	12,977,170	12,400,552	576,618	
Public Works		4,571,185	4,582,862	3,745,431	837,431	
Health and Welfare		8,361,296	8,361,296	8,183,291	178,005	
Education		14,810,000	14,810,000	14,768,311	41,689	
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,306,163	1,335,747	1,360,475	(24,728)	
Community Development		913,138	964,947	870,908	94,039	
Non-Departmental Debt Service:		1,077,441	879,985	364,528	515,457	
Principal Retirement		95,000	95,000	782,407	(687,407)	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		45,000	45,000	467,741	(422,741)	
Total Expenditures	\$	52,441,041 \$	52,462,624 \$	50,482,466 \$	1,980,158	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	(2,415,276) \$	(2,436,860) \$	2,321,565 \$	4,758,425	
Other Financias Sources (Uses)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	ć	ć	ć			
Transfers Out	\$	- \$	- \$	(3,635,745) \$	(3,635,745)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,415,276) \$	(2,436,860) \$	(1,314,180) \$	1,122,680	
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>.</u>	2,415,276	2,436,860	10,781,963	8,345,103	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- \$	- \$	9,467,783 \$	9,467,783	

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Primary Government:

County Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2013 \$	35,150,286 \$	46,419,342 \$	11,269,056	75.72% \$	10,906,131	103.33%
June 30, 2012	33,903,065	45,591,058	11,687,993	74.36%	10,211,510	114.46%
June 30, 2011	34,262,993	43,637,160	9,374,167	78.52%	9,802,238	95.63%

County Postretirement Medical Plan

Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	% of Covered
as of	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(3)-(2)	(2)/(3)	Payroll	Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
July 1, 2012 \$	- \$	10,854,415 \$	10,854,415	0.00% \$	10,794,146	100.56%
March 1, 2010	-	6,509,460	6,509,460	0.00%	12,516,483	52.01%
March 1, 2008	-	4,695,900	4,695,900	0.00%	9,171,680	51.20%

County Heath Insurance Credit Program

Actuarial Valuation as of	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
June 30, 2013 \$	248,996 \$	243,795 \$	(5,201)	102.13% \$	4,826,502	-0.11%
June 30, 2012	232,268	234,919	2,651	98.87%	4,331,469	0.06%
June 30, 2011	237,314	227,920	(9,394)	104.12%	3,951,802	-0.24%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Non-professional Retirement Plan

Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	% of Covered
as of	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(3)-(2)	(2)/(3)	Payroll	Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
June 30, 2013 \$	16,674,264 \$	24,854,869 \$	8,180,605	67.09% \$	3,820,583	214.12%
June 30, 2012	16,519,031	25,221,762	8,702,731	65.50%	3,900,115	223.14%
June 30, 2011	17,016,576	24,444,497	7,427,921	69.61%	3,758,650	197.62%

School Board Postretirement Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
July 1, 2012 \$	- \$	12,398,033 \$	12,398,033	0.00% \$	33,539,749	36.97%
March 1, 2010	-	15,188,740	15,188,740	0.00%	29,205,126	52.01%
March 1, 2008	-	16,084,500	16,084,500	0.00%	31,415,039	51.20%

Other Supplementary Information

County of Tazewell, Virginia Major Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budget Amou	unts		Variance with
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES	<u>,</u>				
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	36,355 \$	36,355 \$	36,355 \$	-
Miscellaneous		1,222,851	1,222,851	-	(1,222,851)
Intergovernmental:		(07 400	(07 400		((07.400)
Commonwealth		697,108	697,108	-	(697,108)
Federal Government	-	468,347	468,347	-	(468,347)
Total Revenues	Ş	2,424,661 \$	2,424,661 \$	36,355 \$	(2,388,306)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government Administration	\$	6,737,163 \$	6,737,163 \$	405,325 \$	6,331,838
Public Works		-	-	820,890	(820,890)
Education		266,000	266,000	266,000	-
Community Development		-	-	866,860	(866,860)
Total Expenditures	\$	7,003,163 \$	7,003,163 \$	2,359,075 \$	4,644,088
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	\$	(4,578,502) \$	(4,578,502) \$	(2,322,720) \$	2,255,782
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	\$	- \$	- \$	3,000,000 \$	(3,000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	- \$	- \$		(3,000,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(4,578,502) \$	(4,578,502) \$	677,280 \$	5,255,782
Fund Balance - Beginning	•	4,578,502	4,578,502	3,119,044	(1,459,458)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- \$	- \$		3,796,324
-					

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects - School Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget Amounts				Variance with	
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	
REVENUES						
Total Revenues	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
EXPENDITURES:						
Total Expenditures	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Fund Balance - Beginning		-	-	1,565	1,565	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	- \$	- \$	1,565 \$	1,565	

County of Tazewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Ex	Expendable Trust Funds		Agency			
				Special	Local	•	
		Deferred		Welfare	Sales Tax		
		Comp Fund	_	Funds	 Fund		Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	62,274	\$ -	\$	62,274
Investments		1,783,549		-	-		1,783,549
Due from Other Governmental Units		-		-	975,581		975,581
Total Assets	\$	1,783,549	\$	62,274	\$ 975,581	\$	2,821,404
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Due to External Parties	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 793,198	\$	793,198
Due to Other Governmental Units		-		-	182,383		182,383
Amounts Held for Others		1,783,549		62,274	-		1,845,823
Total Liabilities	\$	1,783,549	\$	62,274	\$ 975,581	\$	2,821,404

County of Tazewell, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Expendable					
	Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds			
			Special		Local	
	Deferred		Welfare		Sales Tax	
	Comp Fund		Fund		Fund	
ASSETS	-	-				
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,413,923	\$	46,601	\$	1,025,046	
Additions	430,898		123,151		6,845,215	
Deductions	(61,272)		(107,478)		(6,894,680)	
Ending Balance	\$ 1,783,549	\$	62,274	\$	975,581	
LIABILITIES						
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,413,923	\$	46,601	\$	1,025,046	
Additions	430,898		123,151		6,845,215	
Deductions	(61,272)		(107,478)		(6,894,680)	
Ending Balance	\$ 1,783,549	\$	62,274	\$	975,581	

County of Tazewell, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

				School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS			ć	0.000.440
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	8,209,419
Cash Held for Others Accounts Receivable				13,209
Due from Other Governmental Units				18,874 1,977,428
Prepaid items				747,898
Total Assets			\$	10,966,828
				10,700,020
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable			\$	250,904
Accrued Wages Payable			•	3,380,591
Due to Primary Government				2,498,083
Amounts held for others				13,209
Total Liabilities			\$	6,142,787
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable			\$	747,898
Committed				4,076,143
Total Fund Balances			\$	4,824,041
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances			\$	10,966,828
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1 are different because:)			
Total fund balances - per above			\$	4,824,041
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Land	\$	1,908,716		
Building and system		11,096,538		
Tenancy in common		7,219,456		
Machinery and equipment		943,357	-	21,168,067
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds				
Net OPEB obligation	\$	(1,840,500)		
Capital lease		(3,231,002)	-	(5,071,502)
Net Position of governmental activities - component unit school board			\$	20,920,606

County of Tazewell, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		S	chool Operating <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES			<u>r unu</u>
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		\$	7,868
Charges for Services		•	727,617
Miscellaneous			1,326,257
Recovered Costs			390,026
Intergovernmental:			
Local Government			14,974,311
Commonwealth			36,420,534
Federal Government			5,797,027
Total Revenues	-	\$	59,643,640
	-		
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Education		\$	56,787,721
Debt Service:		•	
Principal Retirement			394,007
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges			153,207
Total Expenditures	-	\$	57,334,935
	-	÷	0,00,00
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures		\$	2,308,705
	-		<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		\$	2,308,705
Fund Balance - Beginning			2,515,336
Fund Balance - Ending	-	\$	4,824,041
	=	·	7- 7-
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above		\$	2,308,705
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period.			
Capital outlay \$	1,117,282		
Depreciation expense	(1,686,109)		(568,827)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal repayments:			204.007
Capital lease			394,007
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.			
Decrease (increase) in net OPEB obligation			(322,700)
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board		\$	1,811,185

County of Tazewell, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budget Ar	mou	ints		Variance with
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES						
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$,	\$	7,768	\$ 7,868	\$ 100
Charges for Services		991,030		991,030	727,617	(263,413)
Miscellaneous		1,080,545		1,080,545	1,326,257	245,712
Recovered Costs		427,318		427,318	390,026	(37,292)
Intergovernmental:						
Local Government		14,750,000		14,750,000	14,974,311	224,311
Commonwealth		36,070,061		36,070,061	36,420,534	350,473
Federal Government		4,979,867		4,979,867	5,797,027	817,160
Total Revenues	\$	58,306,589	\$	58,306,589	\$ 59,643,640	\$ 1,337,051
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Education	\$	58,677,727	\$	58,677,727	\$ 56,787,721	\$ 1,890,006
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		1,221,341		1,221,341	394,007	827,334
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		521,110		521,110	153,207	367,903
Total Expenditures	\$	60,420,178	\$	60,420,178	\$ 57,334,935	\$ 3,085,243
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	(2,113,589)	\$	(2,113,589)	\$ 2,308,705	\$ 4,422,294
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,113,589)	\$	(2,113,589)	\$ 2,308,705	\$ 4,422,294
Fund Balance - Beginning	_	2,113,589		2,113,589	2,515,336	401,747
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,824,041	\$ 4,824,041

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

		Special		School		T I
ACCETC	<u>R</u>	evenue Funds		Construction Fund		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS	~		~		~	2 204 445
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,390,080	Ş	1,565	Ş	2,391,645
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Taxes		87,333		-		87,333
Due from Other Governmental Units		109,268		-		109,268
Total Assets	\$	2,586,681	\$	1,565	\$	2,588,246
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	3,404	\$	-	\$	3,404
Total Liabilities	\$	3,404	\$	-	\$	3,404
Fund Balances:						
Restricted	\$	-	\$	1,565	\$	1,565
		2,583,277		-		2,583,277
Committed		2,303,277				
Committed Total Fund Balances	\$	2,583,277	\$	1,565	\$	2,584,842

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

REVENUES		Special <u>Revenue Funds</u>	School Construction <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Other Local Taxes	Ş	1,687,112 \$	- \$	1,687,112
Charges for Services		10,576	-	10,576
Miscellaneous		2,296	-	2,296
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth		654,968	-	654,968
Total Revenues	\$	2,354,952 \$	- \$	2,354,952
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Judicial Administration	\$	1,146 \$	- \$	1,146
Public Safety		844,606	-	844,606
Public Works		1,905,227	-	1,905,227
Total Expenditures	\$	2,750,979 \$	- \$	2,750,979
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	\$	(396,027) \$	- \$	(396,027)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(396,027) \$	- \$	(396,027)
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	2,979,304	1,565	2,980,869
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,583,277 \$	1,565 \$	2,584,842

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Coal Road	Coal Road Economic			
		<u>Law Library</u> <u>Fund</u>	Improvement Fund	<u>Development</u> <u>Fund</u>	E-911 Fund	<u>Damage Stamp</u> Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ŷ	80,604 \$	1,702,684 \$	112,844 \$	493,906 \$	42 \$	2,390,080
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):							
Taxes		,	50,346	36,987			87,333
Due from Other Governmental Units		·	·	·	109,268		109,268
Total Assets	Ś	80,604 \$	1,753,030 \$	149,831 \$	603,174 \$	42 \$	2,586,681
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	Ŷ	, S	\$ -	\$ \$	3,404 \$, S	3,404
Total Liabilities	ŝ	\$ -	\$ -	; ;	3,404 \$	\$ -	3,404
Fund Balances:							
Committed	Ŷ	80,604 \$	1,753,030 \$	149,831 \$	599,770 \$	42 \$	2,583,277
Total Fund Balances	ŝ	80,604 \$	1,753,030 \$	149,831 \$	509,770 \$	42 \$	2,583,277
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	Ş	80,604 \$	1,753,030 \$	149,831 \$	603,174 \$	42 \$	2,586,681

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Exhibit 22

County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

REVENUES		Law Library Fund	<u>Coal Road</u> Improvement Fund	<u>Coal Road</u> Economic Development <u>Fund</u>	<u>E-911 Fund</u>	<u>Damage</u> Stamp Fund	<u>Total</u>
Other Local Taxes	\$	- \$	1,098,580 \$	588,532 \$	- \$	- \$	1,687,112
Charges for Services	Ţ	10,576	-		-	-	10,576
Miscellaneous		-	2,296	-	-		2,296
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		-	-	-	654,968	-	654,968
Total Revenues	\$	10,576 \$	1,100,876 \$	588,532 \$	654,968 \$	- \$	2,354,952
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Judicial Administration	\$	1,146 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1,146
Public Safety		-	-	-	844,606	-	844,606
Public Works		-	1,351,662	553,565	-	-	1,905,227
Total Expenditures	\$	1,146 \$	1,351,662 \$	553,565 \$	844,606 \$	- \$	2,750,979
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	9,430 \$ 71,174	(250,786) \$ 2,003,816	34,967 \$ 114,864	(189,638) \$ 789,408	- \$ 42	(396,027) 2,979,304
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	80,604 \$	1,753,030 \$	149,831 \$	599,770 \$	42 \$	2,583,277

Budget Amounts 0riginal Fir 5 - 5 5 13,656 -	Law Library Fund		rui lite riscai teal Eliaeu Julie 30, 2014					
Est average Amounts Est axes al Taxes find the find th		Fund				Coal Road Improvement Fund	wement Fund	
ES <u>Original</u> <u>Fi</u> cal Taxes 5 - 5 al Taxes 5 - 5 for Services 13,656 eous - eous - nonwealth - otal Revenues <u>5 13,656 5</u> TURES:	its		Variance with		Budget Amounts	unts		Variance with
cal Taxes 5 - 5 cal Taxes 5 - 5 cal Taxes 5 - 5 contracted cours eous - 13,656	Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>		Original	Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
eous enmental: nonwealth btal Revenues <u>\$ 13,656 \$</u> TURES:	- \$ 13 656	- \$ 10 576	- - -	Ş	1,137,450 \$ _	1,137,450 \$ -	1,098,580 \$ _	(38,870) -
nonwealth		-	-				2,296	2,296
otal Revenues <u>\$ 13,656 \$</u> TURES:								
TURES:	13,656 \$	10,576 \$	(3,080)	Ş	1,137,450 \$	1,137,450 \$	1,100,876 \$	(36,574)
Inistration \$ 17,500 \$	17,500 \$	1,146 \$	16,354	ŝ	, \$	\$ -	\$ -	
Public Safety Public Works -					- 1.416.753	- 1.416.753	- 1.351.662	- 65.091
enditures <u>\$ 17,500 \$</u>	17,500 \$	1,146 \$	16,354	Ş	1,416,753 \$	1,416,753 \$	1,351,662 \$	65,091
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures <u>\$</u> (3,844) \$(3,84	(3,844) \$	9,430 \$	13,274	ŝ	(279,303) \$	(279,303) \$	(250,786) \$	28,517
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (3,844) \$ (3,84 Fund Balance - Reginning 3 84	(3,844) \$ 3 844	9,430 \$ 71 174	13,274 67 330	ŝ	(279,303) \$ 279 303	(279,303) \$ 279 303	(250,786) \$ 2 003 816	28,517 1 774 513
5 - 5	- \$	80,604 \$	80,604	Ş	\$ -	\$ -	1,753,030 \$	1,753,030

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County of Tazewell, Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			LOI ING I	rui lite Fiscal Year Erideu Jurie 30, 2014	1 JUNE 30, 2014					
		Coal I	Road Economic I	Coal Road Economic Development Fund	pq			E-911 Fund	-und	
		Budget Amounts	unts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	ints		Variance with
				Actual	Final Budget				Actual	Final Budget
		Original	Final	Amounts	Pos (Neg)		Original	Final	Amounts	Pos (Neg)
REVENUES Other I oral Taves	v	575 754 ¢	575 754 ¢	588 537 ¢	67 778	v				
Current Local Lands	7	÷	r	+ 1rr,00r	-	7	`	י י	ר י	
Miscellaneous										
Intergovernmental:										
Commonwealth							664,526	664,526	654,968	(9,558)
Total Revenues	ş	525,754 \$	525,754 \$	588,532 \$	62,778	Ş	664,526 \$	664,526 \$	654,968 \$	(9,558)
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Judicial Administration	Ş	\$ '	\$ '	\$ '		Ş	\$ '	\$ ⁻	\$ -	
Public Safety							873,742	873,742	844,606	29,136
Public Works		489,486	489,486	553,565	(64,079)					
Total Expenditures	ŝ	489,486 \$	489,486 \$	553,565 \$	(64,079)	ŝ	873,742 \$	873,742 \$	844,606 \$	29,136
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	Ş	36,268 \$	36,268 \$	34,967 \$	(1,301)	Ş	(209,216) \$	(209,216) \$	(189,638) \$	19,578
Net Change in Fund Balance	ŝ	36,268 \$	36,268 \$	34,967 \$	(1,301)	ŝ	(209,216) \$	(209,216) \$	(189,638) \$	19,578
Fund Balance - Beginning		(36,268)	(36,268)	114,864	151,132		209,216	209,216	789,408	580,192
Fund Balance - Ending	Ş	\$ -	\$-	149,831 \$	149,831	Ş	\$ -	\$-	599,770 \$	599,770

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Exhibit 24

County of Tazewell , Virginia Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Damaged Stamp Fund	tamp Fund				Total	al	
		Budget Amounts	unts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	unts		Variance with
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES										
Other Local Taxes	ŝ	\$ '	\$ - '	\$ - 2		Ş	1,663,204 \$	1,663,204 \$	1,687,112 \$	23,908
Charges for Services							13,656	13,656	10,576	(3,080)
Miscellaneous									2,296	2,296
Intergovernmental:										
Commonwealth							664,526	664,526	654,968	(9,558)
Total Revenues	ŝ	\$ -	\$ - \$	\$ '		ŝ	2,341,386 \$	2,341,386 \$	2,354,952 \$	13,566
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
Judicial Administration	ŝ	\$ '	\$ '	\$ - 2		Ş	17,500 \$	17,500 \$	1,146 \$	16,354
Public Safety			,				873,742	873,742	844,606	29,136
Public Works							1,906,239	1,906,239	1,905,227	1,012
Total Expenditures	S	\$ - 2	\$ -	\$-	•	Ş	2,797,481 \$	2,797,481 \$	2,750,979 \$	46,502
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)										
Expenditures	ŝ	\$ -	\$-	\$ -		ŝ	(456,095) \$	(456,095) \$	(396,027) \$	60,068
Net Change in Fund Balance	Ş	\$ '	\$ -	\$ '		ŝ	(456,095) \$	(456,095) \$	(396,027) \$	60,068
Fund Balance - Beginning				42	42		456,095	456,095	2,979,304	2,523,209
Fund Balance - Ending	ŝ	\$ -	\$ -	42 \$	42	ŝ	\$ -	\$ -	2,583,277 \$	2,583,277
	l									

County of Tazewell, Virginia Combining Statement of Net Position Other Component Units June 30, 2014

	ıblic Service <u>Authority</u>	Ir	ndustrial Develop- ment Authority	<u>Airp</u>	ort Authority	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 759,713	\$	149,086	\$	54,698	\$ 963,497
Cash in custody of others	-		21,492		-	21,492
Investments in custody of others	-		823,442		-	823,442
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						-
Accounts receivable	655,753		-		9,754	665,507
Notes receivable	-		323,384		-	323,384
Due from primary government	-		2,868,496		-	2,868,496
Due from other governmental units	101,608		-		11,942	113,550
Inventories	143,950		-		19,792	163,742
Prepaid items	38,973		-		3,144	42,117
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	17,664		-		-	17,664
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land	83,462		3,657,358		629,871	4,370,691
Buildings and improvements	71,988		69,745		1,552,923	1,694,656
Improvements other than buildings	-		21,234,566		3,803,183	25,037,749
Machinery and equipment	255,382		11,762		414,660	681,804
Infrastructure	69,127,357		-		-	69,127,357
Construction in progress	2,407,036		12,439,914		83,232	14,930,182
Total assets	\$ 73,662,886	\$	41,599,245	\$	6,583,199	\$ 121,845,330
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	\$ -	\$	724,661	\$	-	\$ 724,661
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 699,426	\$	62,680	\$	10,426	\$ 772,532
Accrued wages	41,742		-		2,976	44,718
Accrued interest payable	38,752		296,403		731	335,886
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	1,780,097		1,459,223		21,380	3,260,700
Due in more than one year	30,718,043		14,258,487		293,768	45,270,298
Total liabilities	\$ 33,278,060	\$	16,076,793	\$	329,281	\$ 49,684,134
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 40,413,739	\$	20,970,974	\$	6,167,163	\$ 67,551,876
Unrestricted	(28,913)		5,276,139		86,755	5,333,981
Total Net Position	\$ 40,384,826	\$	26,247,113	\$	6,253,918	\$ 72,885,857

	enue and osition	Jnit		Airport Authority Total		- \$ (641,244)	53) - (258,653)	- (294,486) (294,486)	53) \$ (294,486) \$ (1,194,383)		58,454 \$ 78,783	- 20,570 96,535	26,856	- 16,000	54 \$ 218,174	99) \$ (253,996) \$ (976,209)	12 6,507,914 73,862,066	13 \$ 6,253,918 \$ 72,885,857
	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Component Unit	Industrial Development	Authority			(258,653)		(258,653)		58,4!				58,454	(200,199) \$	26,447,312	26,247,113 \$
s: 4			Public	Service Authority		\$ (641,244) \$			\$ (641,244) \$		\$ 409 \$	75,965	26,856	16,000	\$ 119,230 \$	\$ (522,014) \$	40,906,840	\$ 40,384,826 \$
Combining Statement of Activities Other Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2014		Capital	Grants and	<u>Contributions</u>		د	913,106	260,822	\$ 1,173,928				ams	ļ	ļ		ļ	
Combining Othe For the Ye	Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and	Contributions		\$ 1,388,834 \$	426,694	178,255	\$ 1,993,783		money and property		Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					
			S	Services		61 \$ 5,859,383 \$	42 1,576,589	83 27,520	86 \$ 7,463,492	nes:	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	SL	contributions not restr	Gain on disposal of capital assets	al revenues	: position	beginning	ending
			I	Expenses		\$ 7,889,461 \$	rity 3,175,042	761,083	\$ 11,825,586 \$	General revenues:	Unrestricted	Miscellaneous	Grants and o	Gain on disp	Total general revenues	Change in net position	Net position - beginning	Net position - ending
			:	Functions/Programs	OTHER COMPONENT UNITS:	Public Service Authority	Industrial Development Authority	Airport Authority	Total other component units									

County of Tazewell, Virginia

Supporting Schedules

Primary Government: General Property Taxes: Revenue from Local Sources: General Property taxes: Real and property taxes: Noble home	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Revenue from Local Sources: General Property Taxes: Real and property taxes \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 15,724,631 \$ 1,185,499 Real and property taxes \$ 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,001,001 \$ (2,138,28) Mobile home taxes 190,639 161,324 (2,23,36) Machinery and tools taxes 1,38,198 3,001,150 1,382,922 Merchan'ts capital taxes 953,800 953,800 922,929 107,229 Interest 155,000 277,764 122,764 122,764 Total General Property Taxes \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (397,901) Consumers' utility taxes 90,000 900,000 883,426 (16,574) Utility license taxes 3,2000 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ 2,669 Motor vehicle licenses 24,699 26,699 28,001 1,302 Bank franchise taxes 1,550,000 1,550,000 1,022,114 (527,686) Gas severance taxes 1,550,000 1,022,114 (527,686) 64,798 (250,000 Gas severa	•								
General Property Taxes: \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 14,599,132 \$ 1,000,000 1,001,000	General Fund:								
Real property taxes \$ 14,999,112 \$ 14,599,112 \$ 15,784,631 \$ 1,18,499 Real and personal property taxes 7,772,005 7,774,01 122,764 122,764 122,764 122,764 122,764 122,764 120,700 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ 7,246,925 \$ 7,246,925 7,246,925 \$ 7,246,925 <	Revenue from Local Sources:								
Real and personal public service corporation taxes 1,000,000 1,041,918 41,918 Personal property taxes 7,772,005 7,772,005 5,633,717 (2,138,288) Machinery and tools taxes 1,638,198 1,638,198 3,001,150 1,362,952 Marchinery and tools taxes 1,638,198 1,638,198 3,001,150 1,362,952 Marchinery and tools taxes 295,000 295,000 492,929 107,929 Interest 195,000 155,000 527,744 122,764 Total General Property Taxes \$ 26,603,774 \$ 227,466,925 743,151 Other Local Taxes: 2 26,603,774 \$ 227,466,925 \$ 743,151 Consumers' utility taxes 0,900,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ 7,939,699 \$ 7,939,699 \$ 7,939,699 \$ 7,648,947 \$ 226,023,774 \$ 227,466,925 \$ 741,917 \$ 6,679 \$ 7,637,09 \$ 7,438,0170 9,370 \$ 3,300 \$ <td>General Property Taxes:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	General Property Taxes:								
Personal property taxes 7,772,005 7,772,005 5,633,717 (2,138,288) Mobile home taxes 190,639 190,639 130,239 (20,345) Machinery and tools taxes 193,800 933,800 935,522 (27,39) Penalties 925,000 255,000 277,764 122,764 Total General Property Taxes \$ 26,603,774 \$ 22,469,225 \$ 7,41,512 Other Local Taxes: 26,603,774 \$ 22,469,225 \$ 7,41,512 Consumers utility taxes \$ 25,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (397,901) Consumers utility taxes \$ 20,000 \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (397,901) Consumers utility taxes \$ 20,000 \$ 5,266 26,679 28,001 1,302 Bank franchise taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,448,477 \$ (220,852) Total Other Local Taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,448,477 \$ (220,852		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş	
Mobile home taxes 190,639 190,639 161,224 (29,36) Machinery and tools taxes 1,638,198 1,638,198 3,001,150 1,362,922 Merchants capital taxes 295,000 295,000 295,000 297,74 122,764 Total General Property Taxes \$ 26,603,774 \$ 277,346,925 \$ 743,151 Other Local Taxes: Local sales and use taxes \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (197,97) Cocal sales and use taxes \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (197,97) Cocal sales and use taxes \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (197,97) Cocal sales and use taxes \$ 2,600 25,000 \$ 28,010 1,302 Utility license taxes \$ 1,550,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (19,474) \$ (252,866) 26,628 Motor vehicle licenses \$ 7,809,699 \$ 7,648,847 \$ (250,802) 1,002,314 (252,786)									
Machinery and tools taxes 1,638,198 1,638,198 3,001,150 1,322,922 Merchant's capital taxes 953,800 953,800 953,522 (278) Penaties 295,000 429,292 197,929 197,929 Interest 155,000 277,764 122,764 122,764 Total General Property Taxes \$ 26,603,774 \$ 227,346,925 \$ 743,151 Other Local Taxes: \$ 20,000 \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (397,901) Consumers' utility taxes 900,000 883,426 (16,574) Utility license taxes 32,000 32,000 58,286 26,286 Motor wehicle licenses 26,699 28,001 1,032 93,370 9,370 Taxes on recordation and wills 20,000 250,000 239,553 (10,47) Cal severance taxes - - 664,798 664,798 Total Other Local Taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,648,847 \$ (250,322) Permits							, ,		
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Total General Property Taxes \$ 26,603,774 \$ 26,603,774 \$ 27,346,925 \$ 743,151 Other Local Taxes: Local sales and use taxes \$ 5,100,000 \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (397,901) Consumers' utility taxes 900,000 \$ 28,266 26,669 28,000 1,302 Bank franchise taxes 22,000 32,000 58,266 26,669 28,001 1,302 Bank franchise taxes 26,699 26,609 28,001 1,302 39,370 7,3370 7,3370 7,3370 7,777 7,223 7,777 7,223 7,777 7,223 7,777 2,2			-		-				-
Other Local Taxes: Local sales and use taxes \$ 5,100,000 \$ 4,702,099 \$ (1397,901) Consumers' utility taxes 900,000 900,000 883,426 (16,574) Utility license taxes 32,000 52,286 26,286 Motor vehicle licenses 26,699 25,699 28,001 1,302 Bank franchise taxes 41,000 41,000 50,370 93,370 Taxes on recordation and wills 250,000 1,550,000 1,550,000 1,520,000 1,022,314 (527,686) Gas severance taxes 1 550,000 1,550,000 1,550,000 1,771 \$ 6,771 Land use application fees 5 5,000 \$ 1,777 \$ 6,777 Land use application fees 20,000 220,000 220,000 220,000 220,000 220,000 222,000 222,000 222,000 222,000 1,570 Land use application fees 70,000 70,000 10,771,3 (42,877) Gavits Greek camping fee 12,500 10,930 <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td> <td><u>~</u></td> <td>-</td> <td>~</td> <td></td> <td>~</td> <td></td>		<u> </u>		<u>~</u>	-	~		~	
Local sales and use taxes \$ <td>Total General Property Taxes</td> <td>\$</td> <td>26,603,774</td> <td>۶<u> </u></td> <td>26,603,774</td> <td>۶<u> </u></td> <td>27,346,925</td> <td>۶<u> </u></td> <td>/43,151</td>	Total General Property Taxes	\$	26,603,774	۶ <u> </u>	26,603,774	۶ <u> </u>	27,346,925	۶ <u> </u>	/43,151
Consumers' utility taxes 900,000 900,000 883,426 (16,574) Utility license taxes 32,000 32,000 58,286 26,639 Motor vehicle licenses 26,699 28,001 1,302 Bank franchise taxes 41,000 41,000 50,370 9,370 Taxes on recordation and wills 250,000 239,553 (10,47) Coal severance taxes 1,550,000 1,022,314 (527,686) Gas severance taxes - - - 664,798 Total Other Local Taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,648,847 \$ (250,852) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses: - - - - 664,798 Legal service fees 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,777 (223) Transfer fees 2,000 220,000 177,123 (47,874) Legal service fees 12,500 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) I	Other Local Taxes:								
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Motor vehicle licenses 26,699 26,699 28,001 1,302 Bank franchise taxes 41,000 41,000 50,370 9,370 Taxes on recordation and wills 250,000 239,553 (10,447) Coal severance taxes 1,550,000 1,550,000 1,022,314 (527,686) Gas severance taxes - - 664,798 664,798 Total Other Local Taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,648,847 \$ (220,852) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses: - - 664,798 664,798 Animal Licenses \$ 5,000 \$ 11,771 \$ 6,771 Land use application fees \$ 5,000 \$ 11,771 \$ 6,771 Legal service fees 2,000 2,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 15,429 Transfer fees 2,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 8,091 (1,909) (1,199)	-		-		900,000				
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Taxes on recordation and wills 250,000 239,553 (10,447) Coal severance taxes 1,550,000 1,022,314 (527,686) Gas severance taxes - - 664,798 664,798 Total Other Local Taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,648,847 \$ (250,852) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses: Animal licenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 7,77 (223) Transfer fees 2,000 2,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 25,000 20,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 2,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 - (3,300) Legal service fees 3,300 3,300 - (3,300) Erasion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					-				
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Total Other Local Taxes \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,899,699 \$ 7,648,847 \$ (250,852) Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses: Animal licenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 11,771 \$ 6,771 Land use application fees 500 500 277 (223) Transfer fees 2,000 2,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 25,000 25,000 40,429 15,429 Transfer fee 220,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Building permits 70,000 70,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 3,000 - (3,300) Junk dealers license 3,300 - (3,300) - (3,300) Derosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Other permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forefi			1,550,000		1,550,000				
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses: Animal licenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 11,771 \$ 6,771 Land use application fees 500 500 277 (223) Transfer fees 2,000 2,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 25,000 25,000 40,429 15,429 Transient fee 220,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) Installment service fees 10,000 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 879 (121) Junk dealers license 3,300 3,300 - (1,000) Erosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) 6,711 (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: - - 7,438 7,438 Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 350,300 \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116) \$ 100,100 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 100,010 \$ 100,0		. –	-	. —	-			. —	
Animal licenses \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 11,771 \$ 6,771 Land use application fees 500 500 277 (223) Transfer fees 2,000 2,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 25,000 25,000 40,429 15,429 Transient fee 220,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) Installment service fees 10,000 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 879 (121) Junk dealers license 3,300 3,300 - (3,300) Erosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - 7,438 Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) - 7,438 Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 - Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) -	Total Other Local Taxes	\$	7,899,699	\$	7,899,699	\$ <u> </u>	7,648,847	Ş	(250,852)
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Transfer fees 2,000 2,000 2,838 838 Legal service fees 25,000 25,000 40,429 15,429 Transient fee 220,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) Installment service fees 10,000 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 879 (121) Junk dealers license 3,300 3,300 - (3,300) Erosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Other permits and licenses - - 7,438 7,438 Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ <td>Animal licenses</td> <td>\$</td> <td>5,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>5,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>6,771</td>	Animal licenses	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$		\$	6,771
Legal service fees 25,000 25,000 40,429 15,429 Transient fee 220,000 220,000 177,123 (42,877) Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) Installment service fees 10,000 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 879 (121) Junk dealers license 3,300 3,300 - (3,300) Erosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Other permits and licenses - - 7,438 7,438 Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: - - - 7,438 7,438 Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: - - - 7,438 339,842 (109,116)	Land use application fees								(223)
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Cavitts Creek camping fee 12,500 12,500 10,930 (1,570) Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) Installment service fees 10,000 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 879 (121) Junk dealers license 3,300 3,300 - (3,300) Erosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Other permits and licenses - - 7,438 7,438 Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: - - - 7,438 7,438 7,438 Court fines and forfeitures: - - - 7,438 7,438 7,438 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: - - - 7,438 7,438 Revenue from use of money \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 12,505 Revenue from use of property \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580	Legal service fees		25,000		25,000		40,429		15,429
Building permits 70,000 70,000 52,228 (17,772) Installment service fees 10,000 10,000 8,091 (1,909) Return check fees 1,000 1,000 879 (121) Junk dealers license 3,300 3,300 - (3,300) Erosion and sediment control permit 1,000 1,000 - (1,000) Other permits and licenses - - 7,438 7,438 Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: - - - 7,438 7,438 7,438 Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Kevenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)			-		-				
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Other permits and licenses7,4387,438Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses\$ 350,300 \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296)Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures\$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money Revenue from use of property\$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) 448,958 339,842 (109,116)			-				-		
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses \$ 350,300 \$ 350,300 \$ 312,004 \$ (38,296) Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)	•		1,000		1,000		-		
Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)	•		-	.—	-	· . —		. –	
Court fines and forfeitures \$ 30,000 \$ 30,000 \$ 42,505 \$ 12,505 Revenue from Use of Money and Property: Revenue from use of money Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)	Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$	350,300	\$	350,300	\$ <u> </u>	312,004	\$ <u> </u>	(38,296)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property: \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of money \$ 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)	Fines and Forfeitures:								
Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)	Court fines and forfeitures	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	42,505	\$	12,505
Revenue from use of money \$ 100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 49,580 \$ (50,420) Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)	Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of property 448,958 448,958 339,842 (109,116)		\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	49,580	\$	(50,420)
	2	•	-		-	-			
	Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	548,958	\$	548,958	\$		\$	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
General Fund: (continued)					
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)					
Charges for Services:					
Commonwealth attorney fees	\$ 7,500	\$	7,500	\$ 8,925 \$	1,425
Courthouse maintenance fees	12,500		12,500	13,677	1,177
Courthouse security fees	65,000		65,000	76,250	11,250
Courthouse admission fee	5,000		5,000	7,793	2,793
Library fees	25,000		25,000	24,395	(605)
Court appointed attorney	-		-	3,432	3,432
Sheriff special project fees	3,743		3,743	7,486	3,743
Gun permit fees	-		-	40,376	40,376
County garage service fees	200,000		200,000	359,753	159,753
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees	-		-	13,569	13,569
Charges for animal pound	 -	_	-	 8,267	8,267
Total Charges for Services	\$ 318,743	\$	318,743	\$ 563,923 \$	245,180
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 618,000	\$	531,912	\$ 249,099 \$	(282,813)
Expenditure refunds	8,000		16,396	213,965	197,569
Total Miscellaneous	\$ 626,000	\$	548,308	\$ 463,064 \$	(85,244)
Recovered Costs:					
Library	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,008 \$	8
Health department	-		-	62,760	62,760
Welfare recoveries	35,000		35,000	22,444	(12,556)
Sheriff	-		11,315	33,271	21,956
Insurance recoveries	95,000		103,286	85,572	(17,714)
VRS refund	672,000		672,000	603,579	(68,421)
Other recoveries	-		-	48,352	48,352
Total Recovered Costs	\$ 817,000	\$	836,601	\$ 870,986 \$	34,385
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$ 37,194,474	\$	37,136,383	\$ 37,637,676 \$	501,293
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical Aid:					
Mobile home titling tax	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 87,025 \$	(12,975)
Motor vehicle rental tax	40,000		40,000	42,909	2,909
Rolling stock tax	105,000		105,000	113,106	8,106
State recordation tax	-		-	89,681	89,681
Personal property tax relief funds	 -		-	 2,758,262	2,758,262
Total Noncategorical Aid	\$ 245,000	\$	245,000	\$ 3,090,983 \$	2,845,983
Categorical Aid:					
Shared Expenses:					
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$ 667,082	\$	667,082	\$ 662,974 \$	(4,108)
Sheriff	1,786,372		1,786,372	1,784,770	(1,602)
Commissioner of the Revenue	135,654		135,654	136,447	793
Treasurer	155,975		155,975	156,369	394
Registrar/Electoral Board	43,000		43,000	41,252	(1,748)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	 438,033		438,033	 460,931	22,898
Total Shared Expenses	\$ 3,226,116	\$	3,226,116	\$ 3,242,743 \$	16,627

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>	
General Fund: (continued)					
Intergovernmental: (continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)					
Other Categorical Aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 2,566,617	\$ 2,566,617	\$ 2,339,281	(227,33	6)
Comprehensive Services Act	1,487,500	1,487,500	1,318,671	(168,82	,
Fire programs	75,273	75,273	83,065	7,79	2
At risk youth and family	12,500	12,500	114,305	101,80	5
Litter control	9,000	9,000	11,516	2,51	6
Library of VA - record preservation grant	150,632	150,632	150,632		-
Emergency preparedness	7,192	7,192	3,195	(3,99	7)
Corrective service grant	125,196	125,196	96,065	(29,13	1)
Victim witness grant	95,827	95,827	47,914	(47,91	3)
Emergency services grant	39,298	39,298	39,069	(22	9)
Domestic violence DCJS grant	40,000	40,000	40,000		-
DMV grants	87,593	87,593	-	(87,59	3)
Other grants	 70,866	 128,956	 118,473	(10,48	3)
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$ 4,767,494	\$ 4,825,584	\$ 4,362,186	(463,39	8)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 8,238,610	\$ 8,296,700	\$ 10,695,912	2,399,21	2
Revenue from the Federal Government:					
Noncategorical Aid:					
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 16,455 \$	6,45	5
Categorical Aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 3,080,604	\$ 3,080,604	\$ 3,151,368	70,76	4
Victim witness	-	-	47,913	47,91	3
Violence against women	27,584	27,584	27,584		-
Commission on the arts	5,000	5,000	5,000		-
Alcohol traffic safety and drunk driver prevention	-	-	18,945	18,94	5
DCR stormwater grant	35,497	35,497	19,437	(16,06	0)
Equitable sharing program	-	-	113,089	113,08	9
Work force investment	1,433,996	1,433,996	1,070,652	(363,34	4)
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 4,582,681	\$ 4,582,681	\$ 4,453,988	(128,69	3)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 4,592,681	\$ 4,592,681	\$ 4,470,443	(122,23	8)
Total General Fund	\$ 50,025,765	\$ 50,025,764	\$ 52,804,031	2,778,26	7

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:					
Law Library Revenue from Local Sources:					
Charges for Services:					
Law library fees	\$	13,656 \$	13,656 \$	10,576 \$	(3,080)
Coal Road Improvement Fund					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Other Local Taxes:					
Coal road tax	\$	1,137,450 \$	1,137,450 \$	1,098,580 \$	(38,870)
Miscellaneous:	<u>,</u>			0.00 <i>/</i> . ¢	0.00/
Miscellaneous	\$	- \$	- \$	2,296 \$	2,296
Total Coal Road Improvement Fund	\$	1,137,450 \$	1,137,450 \$	1,100,876 \$	(36,574)
Coal Road Economic Development Fund					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Other Local Taxes:					
Coal road tax	\$	525,754 \$	525,754 \$	588,532 \$	62,778
E-911 Fund					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical Aid:	<u>,</u>				
E-911 communications tax	\$	657,168 \$	657,168 \$	651,714 \$	(5,454)
Categorical Aid:					
Other grant revenues	\$	7,358 \$	7,358 \$	3,254 \$	(4,104)
Total E-911 Fund	\$	664,526 \$	664,526 \$	654,968 \$	(9,558)
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	2,341,386 \$	2,341,386 \$	2,354,952 \$	13,566
Major Capital Projects Fund: County CIP Fund:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:					
Revenue from use of property	\$	36,355 \$	36,355 \$	36,355 \$	-
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	1,222,851	1,222,851 \$	- \$	(1,222,851)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical Aid:					
Other grant revenues	\$	697,108 \$	697,108 \$	- \$	(697,108)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Major Capital Projects Fund: (continued)							
County CIP Fund: (continued)							
Revenue from the Federal Government:							
Categorical Aid:							
Other grant revenues	\$_	468,347	\$	468,347	\$	<u> </u> \$	(468,347)
Total County CIP Fund	\$_	2,424,661	\$	2,424,661	\$	36,355 \$	(2,388,306)
Total Primary Government	\$	54,791,812	\$	54,791,811	\$	55,195,338 \$	403,527
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	5,768	\$	5,768	\$	678 \$	(5,090)
Revenue from use of property	_	2,000	_	2,000		7,190	5,190
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$_	7,768	\$	7,768	\$	7,868 \$	100
Charges for Services:							
Tuition	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	26,175 \$	9,175
Cafeteria sales		953,030		953,030		680,874	(272,156)
Charges for damaged books		1,000		1,000		1,089	89
Charges for transportation		20,000		20,000		19,479	(521)
Total Charges for Services	\$	991,030	\$	991,030	\$	727,617 \$	(263,413)
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$	1,080,545	\$	1,080,545	\$	1,326,257 \$	245,712
Recovered Costs:							
Rebates and refunds	\$	402,318		402,318		336,749 \$	(65,569)
JROTC		25,000		25,000		53,277	28,277
Total Recovered Costs	\$	427,318	\$	427,318	\$	390,026 \$	
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	2,506,661	\$	2,506,661	\$	2,451,768 \$	(54,893)
late zero estale							
Intergovernmental: Revenue from Local Governments:							
Contribution from the County of Tazewell	s	14,484,000	ċ	14,484,000	ċ	14,708,311 \$	224,311
Contribution from County Construction in Process Fund	ç	266,000	ç	266.000	ç	266.000	224,311
Total Revenues from Local Governments	\$	14,750,000	ş	14,750,000	\$	14,974,311 \$	224,311
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	_						
Categorical Aid:							
Additional assistance for retirement, inflation, and preschool	\$	-	\$	-	\$	228,500 \$	228,500
At risk four-year olds		539,109		539,109		539,109	-
At risk payments		635,364		635,364		630,815	(4,549)
Basic school aid		18,179,592		18,179,592		18,139,137	(40,455)
Dual enrollment		150,000		150,000		370,755	220,755
ESL		54,881		54,881		37,023	(17,858)
E-rate funding		-		-		252,901	252,901
Foster care		-		-		10,549	10,549
GED funding		23,576		23,576		23,576	-

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)							
School Operating Fund: (continued)							
Intergovernmental: (continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)							
Categorical Aid: (continued)							
Gifted and talented children	\$	208,431	\$	208,431	\$	206,894 \$	(1,537)
GLI instructional		77,029		77,029		76,461	(568)
Mentor teaching program		4,170		4,170		5,452	1,282
Reading intervention		114,035		114,035		107,193	(6,842)
Reduced K-3 classroom		953,464		953,464		950,476	(2,988)
Remedial education		670,604		670,604		665,659	(4,945)
Remedial summer education		10,366		10,366		31,443	21,077
Retirement		2,322,745		2,322,745		2,078,875	(243,870)
School food		42,561		42,561		41,931	(630)
Share of state sales tax		6,325,732		6,325,732		6,115,746	(209,986)
Social security		1,246,055		1,246,055		1,236,866	(9,189)
SOL algebra readiness		95,787		95,787		88,727	(7,060)
Special education - SOQ		2,670,706		2,670,706		2,626,654	(44,052)
Special education - foster care		-		-		4,975	4,975
Special education - homebound		89,072		89,072		86,159	(2,913)
State textbook payments		406,576		406,576		403,578	(2,998)
State lottery payments		-		-		102,573	102,573
Technology assistance		492,000		492,000		544,000	52,000
Vocational education - SOQ		706,853		706,853		701,641	(5,212)
Vocational education - equipment		5,253		5,253		10,963	5,710
Vocational education - adult		-		-		15,507	15,507
Vocational occupational preparedness		5,137		5,137		19,703	14,566
Other state payments	s	40,963	·	40,963	<u>د</u>	66,693	25,730 350,473
Total Categorical Aid	- ^د	36,070,061	- ⁻ -	36,070,061	ې	36,420,534 \$	350,473
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	36,070,061	\$	36,070,061	\$	36,420,534 \$	350,473
Revenue from the Federal Government:							
Categorical Aid:							
Forest reserve funds	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	11,574 \$	1,574
Title I		1,548,095		1,548,095		1,865,467	317,372
Title II, A Staff training		411,941		411,941		415,622	3,681
Title VI-B		1,512,018		1,512,018		1,581,288	69,270
Title VI-B Preschool		-		-		37,043	37,043
Vocational education		119,340		119,340		115,800	(3,540)
Title VI-B-2		121,037		121,037		1,885	(119,152)
School lunch		1,257,436		1,257,436		1,768,213	510,777
Other federal categorical aid		-		-		135	135
Total Categorical Aid	\$	4,979,867	\$	4,979,867	\$	5,797,027 \$	817,160
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$_	4,979,867	\$	4,979,867	\$	5,797,027 \$	817,160
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	58,306,589	\$	58,306,589	\$	59,643,640 \$	1,337,051

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	156,609	\$	156,609	\$_	135,119	\$	21,490
General and Financial Administration:								
County administrator	\$	260,503	\$	260,503	\$	269,537	\$	(9,034)
Legal services		687,158		687,158		313,399		373,759
Economic development		288,542		288,542		249,536		39,006
Commissioner of revenue		587,234		588,284		575,929		12,355
Treasurer		624,977		624,977		622,415		2,562
Finance office		230,092		230,092		215,226		14,866
Administration services		222,674		222,674		254,291		(31,617)
County garage		361,209		361,209		484,643		(123,434)
Information technology		665,513		665,513		633,296		32,217
Workforce consortium		1,638,949		1,638,949		1,041,975		596,974
Transit system		77,238		77,238		80,167		(2,929)
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	5,644,089	\$	5,645,139	\$	4,740,414	\$	904,725
Board of Elections:								
Registrar	s	243,149	s	243,149	\$	208,932	\$	34,217
(Colorial	Ý	213,117	·	213,117	Ý -	200,752	Ý -	51,217
Total General Government Administration	\$	6,043,847	\$	6,044,897	\$_	5,084,465	\$	960,432
Judicial Administration: Courts:								
Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	873,130	\$	873,130	\$	832,093	\$	41,037
Circuit court		121,876		121,876		115,775		6,101
District court		13,950		13,950		12,486		1,464
Magistrate		6,575		6,575		7,513		(938)
Victim's witness assistance		139,884		141,767		140,829		938
V - stop		43,584		43,584		43,481		103
Juvenile and domestic relations court		6,350		6,350		5,709		641
Total Courts	\$	1,205,349	\$	1,207,232	\$	1,157,886	\$	49,346
Commonwealth's Attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	1,158,488	\$	1,158,488	\$	1,296,471	\$	(137,983)
Total Judicial Administration	\$	2,363,837	\$	2,365,720	\$	2,454,357	\$	(88,637)
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	4,324,136	\$	4,437,172	\$	4,530,192	\$	(93,020)
DARE program	_	10,046		10,546	-	10,307	_	239
Total Law Enforcement and Traffic Control	\$	4,334,182	\$	4,447,718	\$	4,540,499	\$	(92,781)
Fire and Rescue Services:								
Volunteer fire departments	\$	648,051	\$	655,951	\$	579,951	\$	76,000
Volunteer rescue squads		184,180		184,180		136,677		47,503
Total Fire and Rescue Services	ş	832,231	ş_	840,131	ş -	716,628	ş_	123,503

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
General Fund: (continued)								
Public Safety (continued)								
Correction and Detention:			<u>,</u>			2 000 /00	<u>,</u>	274 242
Jail	\$	4,176,438	Ş	4,176,438	Ş	3,802,420	Ş	374,018
Probation office Youth and family services		363,336 2,020,250		363,336 2,020,250		361,167 1,941,487		2,169 78,763
Special police		2,020,230 76,071		2,020,230 77,671		67,580		10,091
Total Correction and Detention	\$	6,636,095	\$	6,637,695	\$	6,172,654	\$	465,041
Inspections:								
Building Inspections	\$	245,901	\$	245,901	\$	232,102	\$	13,799
Other Protection:								
Human services	\$	333,360	\$	333,360	\$	327,089	\$	6,271
Emergency services		114,757		114,757		112,000		2,757
Animal control		218,037		218,037		179,738		38,299
Property maintenance		119,571		119,571		100,146		19,425
Forestry service		20,000		20,000		19,696	. –	304
Total Other Protection	\$	805,725	\$	805,725	\$	738,669	\$_	67,056
Total Public Safety	\$	12,854,134	\$	12,977,170	\$	12,400,552	\$	576,618
Public Works:								
Maintenance of Streets, Highways, and Bridges:								
Orphan Road upgrading	\$_	241,681	\$	253,358	\$	40,285	\$_	213,073
Sanitation and Waste Removal:								
Transfer station	\$	1,487,225	\$	1,487,225	\$	965,814	\$	521,411
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:								
General properties	\$	2,731,579	\$	2,731,579	\$	2,614,042	\$	117,537
Fairgrounds operations		110,700		110,700	_	125,290		(14,590)
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$_	2,842,279	\$	2,842,279	\$_	2,739,332	\$	102,947
Total Public Works	\$	4,571,185	\$	4,582,862	\$	3,745,431	\$	837,431
Health and Welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of Local Health Department	\$	438,112	\$	438,112	\$_	438,112	\$	-
Mental health and mental Retardation:								
Chapter X board	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$_	60,000	\$	-
Welfare:								
Public Assistance	\$	6,845,184	\$	6,845,184	\$	3,222,009	\$	3,623,175
Welfare Administration		1,018,000		1,018,000		4,463,170		(3,445,170)
Total Welfare	\$	7,863,184	\$	7,863,184	\$	7,685,179	\$	178,005
Total Health and Welfare	\$	8,361,296	\$	8,361,296	\$	8,183,291	\$	178,005

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
General Fund: (continued)								
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:	¢	(0.000	÷	(0.000	~	(0.000	~	
Contribution to community colleges	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	Ş	-
Contribution to Tazewell County School Board	~ -	14,750,000	·	14,750,000	÷ -	14,708,311	·	41,689
Total Education	\$	14,810,000	\$ <u></u>	14,810,000	\$_	14,768,311	- ⁻	41,689
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Tazewell recreation department	\$	203,152	\$	203,152	\$	205,665	\$	(2,513)
Museums	_	87,000	_	94,107	_	87,622	_	6,485
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	290,152	\$	297,259	\$	293,287	\$	3,972
Library:								
Library Administration	\$	1,016,011	\$	1,038,488	\$	1,067,188	\$	(28,700)
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	1,306,163	\$	1,335,747	\$	1,360,475	\$	(24,728)
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
Community Development	Ş	53,200	\$	53,200	\$	53,200	\$	-
Tourism		106,993		106,993		62,183		44,810
Planning and engineering		310,216		310,216		248,918		61,298
Contribution to Airport		120,755		170,755		178,518		(7,763)
Contribution to IDA		-		-		46,246		(46,246)
Contribution to Tazewell County PSA		174,922		174,922		174,922		-
Other planning and community development		35,497		35,497		-		35,497
Total Planning and Community Development	\$	801,583	\$	851,583	\$	763,987	\$	87,596
Cooperative Extension Program:								
VPI extension	\$	111,555	\$	113,364	\$	106,921	\$	6,443
Tatal Community Davalanment	- -	012 129	<u>۔</u>	064.047	ç	970 009	<u>۔</u>	04.030
Total Community Development	\$_	913,138	\$	964,947	\$_	870,908	\$	94,039
Non-departmental:								
District funds	\$	272,441	\$	284,187	\$	224,886	\$	59,301
Contingent expenditures		805,000		595,798		139,642		456,156
Total Non-departmental	\$	1,077,441	\$	879,985	\$	364,528	\$	515,457
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement	\$	95,000	Ş	95,000	\$	782,407	\$	(687,407)
Interest		45,000		45,000		467,741		(422,741)
Total Debt Service	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	1,250,148	\$	(1,110,148)
Total General Fund	\$	52,441,041	\$	52,462,624	\$	50,482,466	\$	1,980,158
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:								
Law Library Fund:								
Judicial Administration:								
Courts:								
Law library	\$	17,500	\$	17,500	\$_	1,146	\$	16,354

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)				
Coal Road Improvement Fund:				
Public Works:		4 444 752 6	4 254 (12) 6	(5.004
Maintenance of Highways, streets, bridges, and sidewalks	\$ 1,416,753 \$	1,416,753 \$	1,351,662 \$	65,091
Coal Road Economic Development Fund:				
Public Works:	¢ (00 (0) ¢	100 101 6		((1 070)
Economic development	\$ 489,486 \$	489,486 \$	553,565 \$	(64,079)
E-911 Fund:				
Other Protection:				
Public safety	\$ 873,742 \$	873,742 \$	844,606 \$	29,136
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$\$\$	2,797,481 \$	2,750,979 \$	46,502
Major Capital Project Fund: County CIP Fund:				
Public Works:				
Contributions to the Public Service Authority	\$-\$	- \$	820,890 \$	(820,890)
Education:	\$ 266,000 \$	266,000 \$	266,000 \$	
Contribution to Tazewell County School Board	ې <u>200,000</u> پ	200,000 \$	200,000_3	
Community Development:				
Contributions to the Industrial Development Authority	\$\$	- \$	866,860 \$	(866,860)
Capital Projects:				
County capital project	\$ 6,737,163 \$	6,737,163 \$	405,325 \$	6,331,838
		7 000 440 Å		
Total County CIP Fund	\$ 7,003,163 \$	7,003,163 \$	2,359,075 \$	4,644,088
Total Primary Government	\$ 62,241,685 \$	62,263,268 \$	55,592,520 \$	6,670,748
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Education:				
Administration of schools:				
Administration, health and attendance	\$ 1,690,308 \$, , ,	1,922,337 \$	(232,029)
Cafeteria operation	3,002,291	3,002,291	2,945,524	56,767
Total Administration of school	\$ 4,692,599 \$	4,692,599 \$	4,867,861 \$	(175,262)
Instructional:				
Instruction	\$ 42,802,033 \$	42,802,033 \$	41,066,768 \$	1,735,265
Other operating costs				
Pupil transportation	\$ 3,764,916 \$	3,764,916 \$	3,705,638 \$	59,278
Operation and maintenance of school plant	5,265,910	5,265,910	4,943,170	322,740
Technical resources	2,152,269	2,152,269	2,204,284	(52,015)
Total other operating costs	\$ 11,183,095 \$		10,853,092 \$	330,003
Total Education	\$ 58,677,727 \$	58,677,727 \$	56,787,721 \$	1,890,006

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
\$	1,221,341	\$	1,221,341	\$	394,007	\$	827,334
	521,110		521,110		153,207		367,903
\$	1,742,451	\$	1,742,451	\$	547,214	\$	1,195,237
_					<u> </u>		
\$	60,420,178	\$	60,420,178	\$	57,334,935	\$	3,085,243
_					<u> </u>		
\$	60,420,178	\$	60,420,178	\$	57,334,935	\$	3,085,243
	\$ \$ \$ \$	<u>Budget</u> \$ 1,221,341 <u>521,110</u> \$ 1,742,451 \$ 60,420,178	Budget \$ 1,221,341 \$ 521,110 \$ 1,742,451 \$ \$ 60,420,178 \$	Budget Budget \$ 1,221,341 \$ 1,221,341 \$ 221,110 \$ 521,110 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 60,420,178 \$ 60,420,178	Budget Budget \$ 1,221,341 \$ 1,221,341 \$ 521,110 \$ 521,110 521,110 521,110 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 521,110 \$ 60,420,178 \$ 60,420,178 \$ 521,178	Budget Budget Actual \$ 1,221,341 \$ 1,221,341 \$ 394,007 521,110 521,110 153,207 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 547,214 \$ 60,420,178 \$ 60,420,178 \$ 57,334,935	Budget Budget Actual \$ 1,221,341 \$ 1,221,341 \$ 394,007 \$ \$ 521,110 521,110 153,207 \$ \$ 1,742,451 \$ 1,742,451 \$ 547,214 \$ \$ 60,420,178 \$ 60,420,178 \$ 57,334,935 \$

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

	General									Parks,					Intere	est		
	Government	Judicial	Public		Public	Health and	put		Ľ	Recreation,	Community	Non-		Capital	on Long-	-bu		
1	Administration	Administration	Safety		Works	Welfare	re	Education	а	and Cultural	Development	Departmental		Projects	Term D	Debt	Landfill	Total
ŝ	2,321,089 \$	3 1,259,257 \$	9,063,408	ŝ	4,444,743 \$	6,125,	845 \$	11,503,242	Ś	980,189 \$	4,132,358 \$	256,159	Ś	1,345,605 \$	236,	,603 \$	s '	41,668,498
	2,830,715		8,144,480		5,891,609	6,377,945	945	10,497,335		1,184,570	1,827,915	239,126		404,090	212,	212,269		39,125,287
	2,994,361		10,409,443		5,113,766	6,710,	708	11,161,639		1,197,136	1,793,435	250,501		235,624	189,	,366		41,920,202
	4,493,767		11,261,101		3,691,063	7,133,	235	12,009,617		1,168,824	3,799,582				163,	,250	1,515,866	47,551,753
	4,170,651		11,793,711		5,111,308	6,399,	621	15,922,682		1,289,353	1,961,006				455,	,413	1,559,347	51,079,005
	4,464,306		12,199,744		5,327,605	6,568,	843	10,333,375		1,278,302	2,176,532			•	462,	,972	1,701,481	46,806,238
	5,765,264		12,226,338		5,170,568	7,935,	398	12,498,174		913,958	6,706,909				397,	,317	1,359,364	55,358,165
	5,862,984		12,095,017		6,260,014	7,096,	754	10,528,952		1,399,357	3,731,899				584,	,285	1,744,014	51,521,247
	4,722,345	2,402,694	12,141,514		5,840,389	7,792,	968	12,789,766		2,107,259	928,051				420,	,155	1,729,821	50,874,962
	5,033,042		13,249,481		6,343,517	8,134,269	269	15,816,718		1,369,916	1,853,237				399,	,721	1,573,233	56,228,152

County of Tazewell, Virginia Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 2

County of Tazewell, Virginia Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	40,186,450	39,607,654	44,837,405	55,550,528	48,652,675	48,743,174	52,518,688	50,572,276	52,927,731	54,975,296
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific	Programs	2,963,008 \$	3,172,950	3,111,473	3,041,728	3,128,364	2,539,185	3,015,566	3,682,169	3,911,447	3,759,152
		Miscellaneous	104,242 \$	85,310	282,294	574,869	1,945,329	742,233	572,960	106,179	302,813	485,712
General Revenues	Unrestricted Investment	Earnings	1,124,252 \$	729,836	1,027,776	1,126,950	687,983	496,920	566,080	508,368	503,608	425,796
ĕ	Other Local	Taxes	6,987,323 \$	7,972,452	8,568,301	9,318,707	8,855,016	9,201,493	10,109,122	9,840,383	9,384,120	9,285,513
	General Property	Тахеѕ	16,123,747 \$	16,436,254	19,310,939	21,106,417	21,468,696	22,339,123	22,434,132	22,432,569	25,063,467	27,509,639
			ŝ									
	Capital Grants and	Contributions			512,000	1,736,610						
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions	12,193,134 \$	10,493,205	11,266,369	11,818,329	11,268,684	12,203,375	14,470,285	12,554,188	12,342,470	12,062,171
Progra	Charges for	Services C	690,744 \$	717,647	758,253	6,826,918	1,298,603	1,220,845	1,350,543	1,448,420	1,419,806	1,447,313
	Fiscal	Year	2004-05 \$	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

	Total	00 \$ 82,485,868		87 88,608,936	78 92,851,433	-		15 100,356,508	67 97,897,271		62 97,820,389
	Debt Service	1,052,300	1,003,328	966,987	1,020,678	1,709,701	1,731,903	1,859,615	1,121,767	1,518,912	1,797,362
	Capital Projects	1,642,426 \$	463,603	439,729	1,035,830	8,077,792	4,178,516	772,843	176,812		•
	Non- Departmental	256,159 \$	239,126	304,440	504,462	585,953	417,479	728,594	491,276	365,434	364,528
on (1)	Community Development	552,772 \$	663,032	735,022	877,894	1,916,024	2,254,077	6,659,999	3,670,296	822,526	1,737,768
virginia ures by Functi ears	Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	1,269,987 \$	1,165,065	1,210,973	1,279,918	1,293,482	1,264,793	1,227,381	1,400,476	2,184,724	1,360,475
General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years	Education (2)	55,140,986 \$	55,121,364	59,925,486	59,847,265	65,487,685	59,043,332	56,082,561	57,386,788	58,437,244	56,714,966
eneral Governm L	Health and Welfare	6,176,514 \$	6,411,920	6,709,986	7,034,792	6,548,043	6,560,999	7,902,900	7,198,253	7,824,599	8,183,291
0	Public Works	2,951,328 \$	2,574,998	3,098,064	3,574,391	5,129,037	5,214,198	5,179,935	6,182,381	5,848,948	6,471,548
	Public Safety	9,875,781 \$	8,158,257	10,290,184	11,218,109	11,722,369	11,968,126	12,529,527	12,568,436	13,044,332	13,245,158
	Judicial Administration	1,249,376 \$	1,456,975	1,830,751	2,522,491	2,416,746	2,226,553	2,334,056	2,203,860	2,377,683	2,455,503
	General Government Administration	2,318,239 \$	2,757,015	3,097,314	3,935,603	3,791,274	4,090,059	5,079,097	5,496,926	5,368,601	5,489,790
	Fiscal Year	2004-05 \$	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

Includes general, special revenue funds, and capital project funds of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit - school board
Excludes contributions from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

Table 3

Last Ten Fiscal Years		Total	84,064,669	84,960,602	94,247,044	102,491,045	100,287,369	97,316,492	97,451,972	99,533,293	99,953,648	99,864,667
	Inter-	governmental (2)	57,228,483 \$	57,493,120	61,972,005	67,001,280	64,353,320	61,658,458	60,743,793	61,848,057	59,382,794	58,038,884
	ğ	Costs	507,971 \$	429,856	354,759	394,124	605,399	785,421	626,623	1,441,199	2,093,588	1,261,012
		Miscellaneous	240,297 \$	244,930	674,595	709,530	2,453,702	1,381,478	1,042,051	326,166	856,992	1,791,617
	Charges for	Services	1,318,676 \$	1,423,870	1,350,564	1,426,764	1,440,408	1,313,279	1,339,581	1,432,285	1,306,595	1,302,116
	Revenue from the Use of Money and	Property	1,001,326 \$	746,364	1,033,506	1,094,394	676, 358	503,900	586,281	1,101,745	519,624	433,645
	Fines and	Forfeitures	56,447 \$	26,485	89,050	1,494,872 *	77,003	102,915	36,612	31,625	42,935	42,505
	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory	Licenses	229,347 \$	285,221	324,028	327,368	359,727	312,169	387,173	460,872	354,257	312,004
	Other Local	Taxes	6,860,510 \$	7,826,590	8,376,273	9,123,793	8,855,016	9,201,493	10,109,122	10,508,771	10,094,133	9,335,959
	General Property	Taxes	16,621,612 \$	16,484,166	20,072,264	20,918,920	21,466,436	22,057,379	22,580,736	22, 382, 573	25,302,730	27, 346, 925
	Fiscal	Year	2004-05 \$	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

Includes general, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit - school board.
Excludes contributions from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

* Includes one time federal bounty funds received

Table 4

County of Tazewell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	10.27%	9.30%	5.30%	4.71%	4.33%	4.76%	4.63%	4.54%	4.52%	5.46%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	1,621,379	1,538,414	1,039,501	969,714	1,057,084	1,133,717	1,106,580	1,111,033	1,164,736	1,455,372
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	101.40% \$	98.39%	98.68%	98.92%	98.19%	100.00%	98.54%	97.98%	95.88%	99.79%
Total Tax Collections	16,003,467	16,268,848	19,350,744	20,366,382	23,943,746	23,809,898	23,530,031	23,971,613	24,705,221	26,576,232
Delinquent Tax Collections (1,2)	1,242,919 \$	756,251	779,634	747,150	783,128	700,797	757,589	834,004	1,020,716	929,615
Percent of Levy Collected	93.52% \$	93.82%	94.70%	95.29%	94.98%	97.06%	95.37%	94.57%	91.92%	96.30%
Current Tax Collections (1)	14,760,548	15,512,597	18,571,110	19,619,232	23,160,618	23,109,101	22,772,442	23,137,609	23,684,505	25,646,617
Total Tax Levy (1)	15,782,974 \$	16,534,589	19,610,189	20,588,946	24,385,205	23,808,926	23,879,022	24,466,827	25,766,294	26,632,825
Fiscal Year	2004-05 \$	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

Excludes penalty and interest.
Does not include land redemptions

			Personal				
			Property	Machinery			
Fiscal	Real		and Mobile	and	Merchants'	Public	
Year	Estate		Home	Tools	Capital	Service (2)	Total
2004-05	\$ 1,636,589,486 \$	ŝ	320,080,928 \$	34,503,100 \$	\$ 21,888,000 \$	104,902,133 \$	2,117,963,647
2005-06	1,681,113,196		354,822,089	30,602,696	22,409,400	99,196,670	2,188,144,051
2006-07	2,211,465,970		363,540,973	43,516,700	23,738,800	116,846,412	2,759,108,855
2007-08	2,228,173,720		378,565,936	50,524,500	25,181,600	153,633,681	2,836,079,437
2008-09	2,242,848,000		433,721,052	63,194,200	26,242,900	134,364,627	2,900,370,779
2009-10	2,344,151,900		385,307,872	52,822,200	24,935,700	145,812,842	2,953,030,514
2010-11	2,287,048,300		410,218,953	60,574,600	21,779,750	151,502,180	2,931,123,783
2011-12	2,260,086,800		419,792,327	57,412,500	24,180,008	151,353,638	2,912,825,273
2012-13	2,840,597,700		431,193,109	85,826,200	25,299,900	173,166,368	3,556,083,277
2013-14	2,751,921,200		439,183,000	150,614,300	25,187,000	177,691,147	3,544,596,647

Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) County of Tazewell, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessments at 100% of fair market value.
Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 6

County of Tazewell, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Public Service Personal Property	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Public Service Real Estate	0.60 \$	09.0	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.57
Merchants Capital	4.30 \$	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.30	3.80
Machinery and Tools	2.00 \$	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Personal Property	2.00 \$	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Real Estate	0.60 \$	0.60	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.57	0.57
Fiscal Year	2004-05 \$	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Ration of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded	Debt per	Capita	114	102	89	119	256	242	222	208	197	179
	_	I	ŝ									
Ratio of Net General Obligation	Bonded Debt to	Assessed Value	0.24%	0.21%	0.14%	0.19%	0.39%	0.37%	0.34%	0.32%	0.25%	0.23%
Croce	Bonded	Debt (2)	5,090,249	4,534,067	3,963,233	5,311,945	11,433,289	10,793,095	10,028,765	9,395,256	8,860,394	8,077,987
		I	ŝ									
	Assessed	Value	2,117,963,647	2,188,144,051	2,759,108,855	2,836,079,437	2,900,370,779	2,953,030,514	2,931,123,783	2,912,825,273	3,556,083,277	3,544,596,647
]	Ŷ									
	Population	(1)	44,600	44,600	44,600	44,600	44,600	44,600	45,078	45,078	45,078	45,078
	Fiscal	Year	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

(1) Bureau of the Census.

(2) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund loans.

Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases and compensated absences.

County of Tazewell, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	1.04%	0.96%	0.83%	1.10%	0.76%	1.14%	1.23%	1.15%	1.00%	1.28%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	82,485,868	80,014,683	88,608,936	92,851,433	108,678,106	98,950,035	100,356,508	97,897,271	97,793,003	97,820,389
Total Debt Service (2)	859,936	768,451	733,552	1,020,678	827,603	1,127,401	1,233,439	1,121,767	973,929	1,250,148
Interest	236,603	212,269	189,366	198,170	250,006	487,207	469,109	488,258	439,067	467,741
Principal	623,333	556,182	544,186	822,508	577,597	640,194	764,330	633,509	534,862	782,407
Fiscal Year	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

(1) Includes General Fund of the Primary Government

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, and *Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the discretely presented component unit - School Board, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Tazewell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Tazewell, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Tazewell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kohimson, Farmer, Ly associates

Blacksburg, Virginia December 18, 2014 A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF TAZEWELL, VIRGINIA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Tazewell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Tazewell, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. County of Tazewell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Tazewell, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Tazewell, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Tazewell, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Tazewell, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Tazewell, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Tazewell, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kohimson, Farmer, la associates

Blacksburg, Virginia December 18, 2014

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
			•
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass-through Payments: Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	90359, 90360, 90361	\$ 11,747
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	90109, 90110, 90111, 90112	583,173
· ····································		90127, 90229, 90230, 90231	,
		90232, 90247, 90365, 90366	
		90367, 90377, 90390, 90391	
		90409, 90410, 90411, 90412	
		90601, 90603	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	90113, 90233, 90413, 90713	3,466
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	90114, 90115, 90234, 90235	61,416
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	90116, 90117, 90118, 90119	82,996
		90236, 90237, 90238, 90239	
		90378, 90517, 90540, 90529	
Chafee Eduation and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	90353	2,072
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	90251	4,151
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	90105, 90106, 90107, 90147	322,893
		90209, 90225, 90226, 90227	
		90253, 90258, 90267, 90268	
		90405, 90406, 90407, 90447	
		90636, 90637, 90639, 90657 90658, 90705, 90706, 90707	
		90638, 90705, 90706, 90707 90733, 90738, 90747, 90748	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	90108, 90214, 90228, 90408	527,960
Adoption Assistance	/5.05/	90606, 90607, 90627, 90708	527,700
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	90122, 90123, 90124, 90125	403,673
		90126, 90240, 90242, 90243	,
		90244, 90245, 90246, 90262	
		90340, 90351, 90358, 90379 90648	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	90648 90254, 90356	10,961
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	90102, 90222, 90402, 90702	17,175
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	90101, 90146, 90213, 90221	508,256
-		90266, 90401, 90446, 90701	
		90746	·
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 2,539,939
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Department of Agriculture:	40 553	40504	ć 207.274
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	40591 40623 \$ 1,	\$ 397,274 ,238,184
Food Distribution	10.555		132,755 1,370,939
1000 Distribution	10.333		1,570,757
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841	11,574
Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	90103, 90104, 90212, 90223	611,429
		90224, 90303, 90304, 90403	
		90404, 90703, 90704	
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 2,391,216
Department of Labor:			
Pass-through Payments: Russell County:			
Workforce Investment Act Adult Program	17.258	53,427	\$ 1,070,652
Department of Justice:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	11VAGX0001	\$ 47,913
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	10WFAX0041	27,584
	10.000		
Total Department of Justice			\$ 75,497

County of Tazewell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Transportation:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	20.601	K8-2011-51206-4148	\$ 18,945
Invironmental Protection Agency:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Department of Conservation and Recreation			
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	Not applicable	\$ 19,437
epartment of Treasury:			
Direct Payments:			
Equitable Sharing Program	21.000	Not applicable	\$ 113,089
ational Endowment for the Arts:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Virginia Commission on the Arrts			
Promotion of the Arts Partnership Agreements	45.025	Not applicable	\$ 5,000
Pepartment of Education:			
Pass-through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	\$ 1,865,467
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071	1,581,288
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	37,043
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095	115,800
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	Not applicable	135
Rural Education	84.358	43481	1,885
Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants	84.367	61480	415,622
otal Department of Education:			\$ 4,017,240
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 10,251,015

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Tazewell, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Tazewell, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net aposition, or cash flows of the County of Tazewell, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in

OMB A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary Government:	
General Fund	\$ 4,470,443
Less: Payment in lieu of taxes	 (16,455)
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,453,988
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund total	\$ 5,797,027
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$ 10,251,015
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 10,251,015

County of Tazewell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	

No

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
84.010	Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies						
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster						
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster						
93.658	Foster Care/Title IV-E						
93.659	Adoption Assistance						
17.258	Workforce Investment Act Adult Program						
Dollar threshold used to distinguis and Type B programs:	sh between Type A	\$307,530					
Auditee qualified as low-risk audi	tee?	No					
Section II - Financial Statement	Findings						
There are no financial statement findings and questioned costs to report.							

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in prior period.